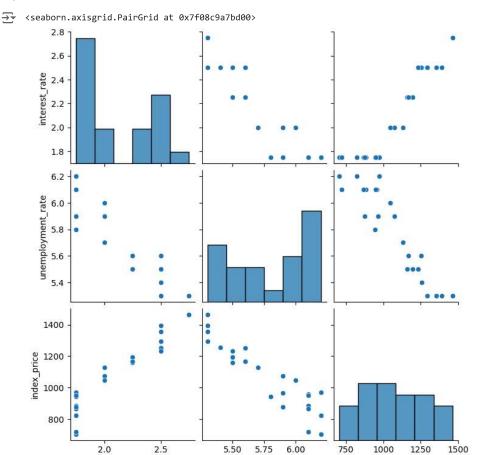
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```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
%matplotlib inline
df_index = pd.read_csv('/content/economic_index.csv')
df_index.head()
₹
         {\tt Unnamed:\ 0\ year\ month\ interest\_rate\ unemployment\_rate\ index\_price}
                                                                                    \blacksquare
      0
                  0 2017
                              12
                                            2.75
                                                                 5.3
                                                                             1464
                                                                                    th
      1
                  1 2017
                               11
                                            2.50
                                                                 5.3
                                                                             1394
      2
                  2 2017
                                                                             1357
                              10
                                            2.50
                                                                 5.3
      3
                  3 2017
                               9
                                            2.50
                                                                 5.3
                                                                             1293
                  4 2017
                               8
                                            2.50
                                                                 5.4
                                                                             1256
                                             View recommended plots
 Next steps:
              Generate code with df_index
#drop unnecessary columns
df_index.drop(columns = ["Unnamed: 0", "year", "month"], axis=1, inplace=True)
df_index.head()
→
         interest_rate unemployment_rate index_price
                                                           0
                   2.75
                                       5.3
                                                   1464
                                                           ıl.
                   2.50
                                       5.3
                                                   1394
      1
      2
                   2.50
                                       5.3
                                                   1357
      3
                   2.50
                                       5.3
                                                   1293
                   2.50
                                       5.4
                                                   1256
              Generate code with df_index
                                             View recommended plots
 Next steps:
#let do some visulaization
```

#let do some visulaization
import seaborn as sns
sns.pairplot(df\_index)

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unemployment\_rate

index\_price

## df\_index.corr()

<b>→</b>		interest_rate	unemployment_rate	index_price	
	interest_rate	1.000000	-0.925814	0.935793	ılı
	unemployment_rate	-0.925814	1.000000	-0.922338	
	index_price	0.935793	-0.922338	1.000000	

interest\_rate

plt.scatter(df\_index['interest\_rate'], df\_index['unemployment\_rate'], color='r')
plt.xlabel("interest rate")
plt.ylabel("unemployement rate")

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```
→ Text(0, 0.5, 'unemployement rate')
           6.2
           6.0
       unemployement rate
           5.8
           5.4
                      1.8
                                     2.0
                                                   2.2
                                                                  2.4
                                                                                 2.6
                                                                                               2.8
                                                  interest rate
#independent and depend features
X = df_index.iloc[:,:-1]
y = df_index.iloc[:,-1]
# train test split
from \ sklearn.model\_selection \ import \ train\_test\_split
\label{lem:control_control_control} $$X_{\text{train},X_{\text{test},y_{\text{train},y_{\text{test}=\text{train}_{\text{test}_{\text{split}}}}(X,y,\text{test}_{\text{size}=0.25},\text{random}_{\text{state}=42})$
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = scaler.fit_transform(X_test)
X_train
array([[-0.90115511, 0.37908503],
               [ 1.31077107, -1.48187786],
               [-0.90115511, 1.30956648],
               [ 1.31077107, -0.55139641],
               [ 1.31077107, -1.48187786],
               [-0.16384638, 0.68924552],
[-0.90115511, 0.999406],
               [ 1.31077107, -1.48187786],
               [ 1.31077107, -1.17171738], [-0.90115511, 1.30956648],
               [-0.90115511, 0.999406 ],
               [-0.90115511, 0.37908503],
[-0.90115511, 0.999406],
               [ 0.57346234, -0.8615569 ],
               [-0.16384638, -0.24123593],
               [-0.90115511, 0.06892455],
               [-0.90115511, 0.999406 ],
[ 1.31077107, -0.8615569 ]])
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
regression=LinearRegression()
regression.fit(X_train,y_train)
       ▼ LinearRegression
       LinearRegression()
```

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1\_Sv\_BfBfywJ2njqzhY-ZFq9FVvn1sXuM?authuser=0#scrollTo=ZjeyCD9Lyy17&printMode=true

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```
## cross validation
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
validation_score=cross_val_score(regression,X_train,y_train,scoring='neg_mean_squared_error',
                                cv=3)
np.mean(validation_score)
→ -5914.828180162386
#prediction
y_pred = regression.predict(X_test)
y_pred
→ array([1180.7466813 , 802.74279699, 1379.83457045, 838.52599602,
             973.85313963, 1144.96348227])
## Performance Metrics
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error,mean_squared_error
mse=mean_squared_error(y_test,y_pred)
mae=mean_absolute_error(y_test,y_pred)
rmse=np.sqrt(mse)
print(mse)
print(mae)
print(rmse)
→ 8108.567426306604
     73.80444932337097
     90.04758423359621
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
score=r2_score(y_test,y_pred)
print(score)
#display adjusted R-squared
print(1 - (1-score)*(len(y_test)-1)/(len(y_test)-X_test.shape[1]-1))
    0.7591371539010257
     0.5985619231683761
Assumptions
plt.scatter(y_test,y_pred)
<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7f08c80f5720>
      1400
      1300
      1200
      1100
      1000
       900
       800
                                                      1300
                        1000
                                  1100
                                            1200
                                                                1400
               900
residuals=y_test-y_pred
```

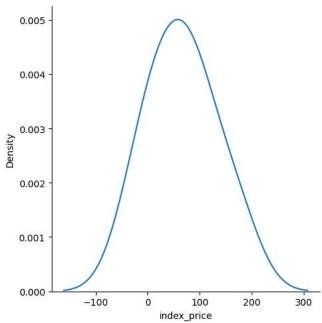
print(residuals)

8 -21.746681 ₹ 16 168.257203 84.165430 18 45.474004 11 101.146860 9 22.036518

Name: index\_price, dtype: float64

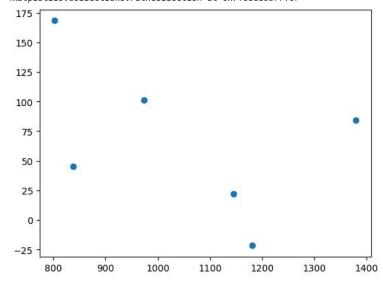
## Plot this residuals
sns.displot(residuals,kind='kde')

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7f08cf671db0>



## scatter plot with respect to prediction and residuals
plt.scatter(y\_pred,residuals)





## OLS Linear Regression
import statsmodels.api as sm
model=sm.OLS(y\_train,X\_train).fit()

model.summary()

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/scipy/stats/\_stats\_py.py:1806: UserWarning: kurtosistest only valid for n>=20 ... continuing any warnings.warn("kurtosistest only valid for n>=20 ... continuing "

OLS Regression Results

 Dep. Variable:
 index\_price
 R-squared (uncentered):
 0.035

 Model:
 OLS
 Adj. R-squared (uncentered):
 -0.086

 Method:
 Least Squares
 F-statistic:
 0.2880