BISAG Seminar

14th July, 2014

Pattern Recognition Algorithms

Automating stitching needs identification of common features in the given images and constructing a correspondence function from the matched points.

To find matches, different feature detection algorithms are used.

Popular Feature Detection Algorithms

SIFT: Scale - Invariant Feature Transform

SURF: Speeded-Up Robust Features

Feature Matching

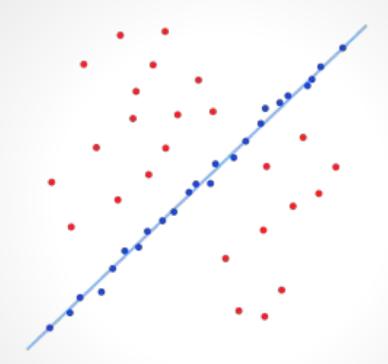
After identifying the features, feature descriptor vectors are built describing the neighbourhood of keypoints.

BF Matcher: Brute Force

FLANN: Fast Library for Approximate Nearest Neighbour

Building the Homography

Using RANSAC: RAndom SAmple Consensus for fitting a Homography to transform the images such that they align with each other.



Problems

- Loss of Data
- Very Slow
- Inaccurate
- Probability based (no guaranteed to work).

Alternatives

User involvement to reduce the error. Error modelled by using a linear translation. Script using GDAL.

GUI built using Qt.

