



**COMP 6481**

**Programming  
and  
Problem Solving**

**ATDC**

# ATDC

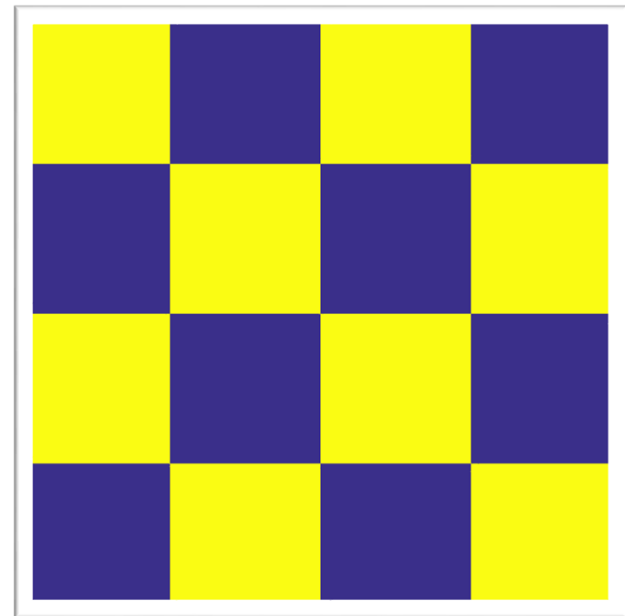
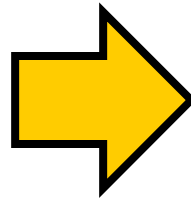
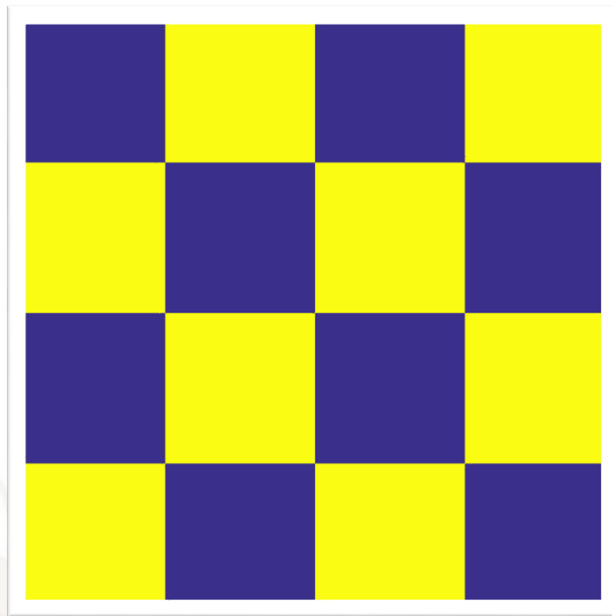
## Problem Solving Approach

- ❑ **Analyze:** The most important aspect of problem solving approach is to spend time understanding the problem before writing any code
- ❑ **Test Cases:** Pen down all the test cases you can think of. Difficult to note down all scenarios that can create trouble (will always miss something)
- ❑ **Data Structure & Algorithms:** Choose which data structure and algorithm to use
- ❑ **Code:** Write code for all of the test cases. Might have to loop between T and C.

# ATDC

## Problem Solving Approach

- ❑ **Problem Statement:** Rotating a 2D image matrix by 90 degrees in clockwise direction.



# ATDC

## Problem Solving Approach

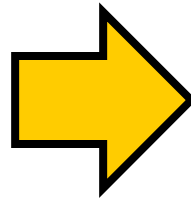
- ❑ **Analyze:** The most important aspect of problem solving approach is to spend time understanding the problem before writing any code
- ❑ The first thing to do is defining what is an input and what is an output
  - Input: 2D matrix or Array of arrays
  - Output: Rotated 2D matrix or array of arrays
- ❑ But what it actually means?
- ❑ How can we formulate it?

# ATDC

## Problem Solving Approach

- **Analyze:** Let's consider the matrix form of the image and rotate it by 90 degrees clockwise

240	-120	240	-140
-120	1200	-2700	1680
240	-2700	6480	-4200
-140	1680	-4200	2800



-140	240	-120	240
1680	-2700	1200	-120
-4200	6480	-2700	240
2800	-4200	1680	-140

# ATDC

## Problem Solving Approach

- ❑ **Analyze:** First formulate the rules/requirements
  - ❑ **Matrix** is an array of nested arrays (rows)
  - ❑ **First row in input** → **Last column in output**
  - ❑ **Nested arrays have same lengths**
  - ❑ **Number of rows in Input = Number of columns in Output; Number of rows in Output equal to length of matrix array**
  - ❑ **Elements from last nested arrays becomes first elements of each nested output array**

# ATDC

## Problem Solving Approach

- ❑ **Data Structure & Algorithm:** Data structure in this problem is an array of arrays
  - ❑ Create a result array with length equal to length of nested array length and fill it with empty arrays
  - ❑ Loop on input array to take nested arrays
    - ❑ take column elements of the current array and push it to row elements of the result
    - ❑ Process column-wise and output row-wise
    - ❑ ...

# ATDC

## Problem Solving Approach

□ **C**ode: Write code for the algorithm

```
function rotateImage(matrix)
{
    Declare result;
    for (int row = 0; row < matrix[0].length; row++) {
        result.push([]);
    }
    for (int i = matrix.length-1; i >= 0; i--)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < matrix[i].length; j++)
        {
            result[j].push(matrix[i][j]);
        }
    }
    return result;
}
```



# ATDC

## Problem Solving Approach

- ❑ **Problem Statement:** A bank of switches which are numbered 1 to  $n$ . Each switch controls exactly one light and all the lights are initially off. The lights are toggled iteratively as mentioned below.
- ❑ In the first pass, toggle every light
- ❑ In the second pass, toggle lights 2, 4, 6, ...
- ❑ In the third pass, toggle lights 3, 6, 9, ...
- ❑ Repeat the process until  $n$  passes
- ❑ Output the lights which are ON at the end