

TF_Hub_generative_image_module

April 24, 2019

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```
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# =====
```

1 TF-Hub generative image model

Run in Google Colab

[View source on GitHub](#)

This Colab demonstrates use of a TF-Hub module based on a generative adversarial network (GAN). The module maps from N-dimensional vectors, called latent space, to RGB images.

Two examples are provided: * **Mapping** from latent space to images, and * Given a target image, **using gradient descent to find** a latent vector that generates an image similar to the target image.

1.1 Optional prerequisites

- Familiarity with [low level Tensorflow concepts](#).
- [Generative Adversarial Network](#) on Wikipedia.
- Paper on Progressive GANs: [Progressive Growing of GANs for Improved Quality, Stability, and Variation](#).

```
In [0]: # Install the latest Tensorflow version.
!pip -q install --quiet "tensorflow>=1.7"
```

```

# Install TF-Hub.
!pip -q install tensorflow-hub
# Install imageio for creating animations.
!pip -q install imageio
!pip -q install scikit-image

```

In [3]: *#@title Imports and function definitions*

```

import imageio
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
import tensorflow_hub as hub
import time

try:
    from google.colab import files
except ImportError:
    pass

from IPython import display
from skimage import transform

# We could retrieve this value from module.get_input_shapes() if we didn't know
# beforehand which module we will be using.
latent_dim = 512

# Interpolates between two vectors that are non-zero and don't both lie on a
# line going through origin. First normalizes v2 to have the same norm as v1.
# Then interpolates between the two vectors on the hypersphere.
def interpolate_hypersphere(v1, v2, num_steps):
    v1_norm = tf.norm(v1)
    v2_norm = tf.norm(v2)
    v2_normalized = v2 * (v1_norm / v2_norm)

    vectors = []
    for step in range(num_steps):
        interpolated = v1 + (v2_normalized - v1) * step / (num_steps - 1)
        interpolated_norm = tf.norm(interpolated)
        interpolated_normalized = interpolated * (v1_norm / interpolated_norm)
        vectors.append(interpolated_normalized)
    return tf.stack(vectors)

# Given a set of images, show an animation.
def animate(images):
    converted_images = np.clip(images * 255, 0, 255).astype(np.uint8)

```

```

imageio.mimsave('./animation.gif', converted_images)
with open('./animation.gif', 'rb') as f:
    display.display(display.Image(data=f.read(), height=300))

# Simple way to display an image.
def display_image(image):
    plt.figure()
    plt.axis("off")
    plt.imshow(image)

# Display multiple images in the same figure.
def display_images(images, captions=None):
    num_horizontally = 5
    f, axes = plt.subplots(
        len(images) // num_horizontally, num_horizontally, figsize=(20, 20))
    for i in range(len(images)):
        axes[i // num_horizontally, i % num_horizontally].axis("off")
        if captions is not None:
            axes[i // num_horizontally, i % num_horizontally].text(0, -3, captions[i])
        axes[i // num_horizontally, i % num_horizontally].imshow(images[i])
    f.tight_layout()

tf.logging.set_verbosity(tf.logging.ERROR)

```

WARNING: Logging before flag parsing goes to stderr.

W0424 17:05:25.867466 140172453291904 __init__.py:56] Some hub symbols are not available because

1.2 Latent space interpolation

1.2.1 Random vectors

Latent space interpolation between two randomly initialized vectors. We will use a TF-Hub module [progan-128](#) that contains a pre-trained Progressive GAN.

```

In [4]: def interpolate_between_vectors():
    with tf.Graph().as_default():
        module = hub.Module("https://tfhub.dev/google/progan-128/1")

        # Change the seed to get different random vectors.
        v1 = tf.random_normal([latent_dim], seed=3)
        v2 = tf.random_normal([latent_dim], seed=1)

        # Creates a tensor with 50 steps of interpolation between v1 and v2.
        vectors = interpolate_hypersphere(v1, v2, 25)

        # Uses module to generate images from the latent space.

```