Matplotlib (Python) Rajat panchal- Data Analyst

```
In [250]: import pandas as pd
    from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
    df = pd.read_excel('C:\\Users\\rajat\\Downloads\\Covid Data.xlsx')
    df1=df.head(1)
    df1
```

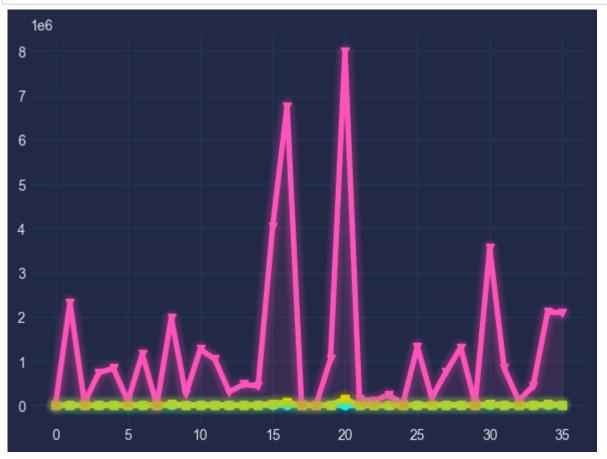
Out[250]:

Name of State / UT Active Cases Discharged Deaths O Andaman and Nicobar Islands 0 10612 129

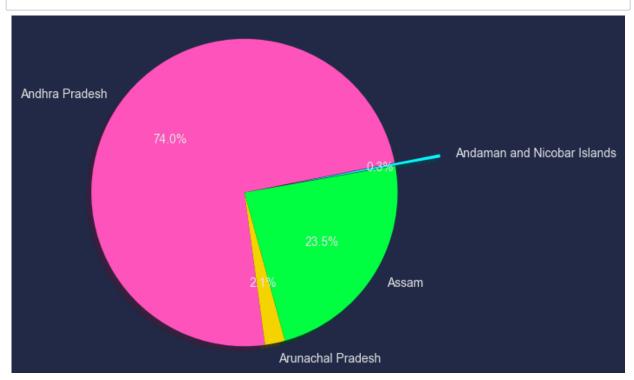
```
In [239]: import mplcyberpunk
plt.style.use("cyberpunk")

plt.plot(df['Active Cases'], marker='o')
plt.plot(df['Discharged'], marker='v')
plt.plot(df['Deaths'], marker='s')

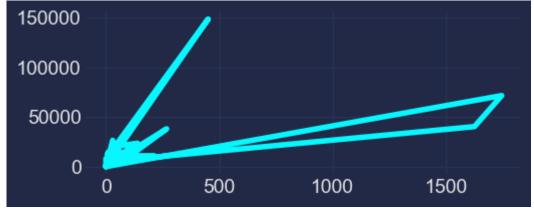
# Add glow effects-Optional
mplcyberpunk.add_glow_effects()
```



```
In [231]: # Pie chart, where the slices will be ordered and plotted counter-clockwise:
    Players = df1['Name of State / UT']
    Runs = df1['Discharged']
    explode = (0.3, 0, 0, 0) # it "explode" the 1st slice
    fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots()
    ax1.pie(Runs, explode=explode, labels=Players, autopct='%1.1f%%',
    shadow=True, startangle=10)
    ax1.axis('equal') # Equal aspect ratio ensures that pie is drawn as a circle.
    plt.show()
```





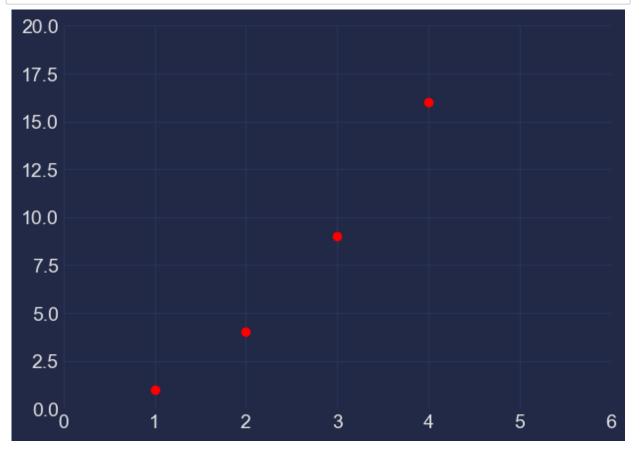


```
In [215]: x = df1['Name of State / UT']
y = df1['Discharged']

plt.figure(figsize=(12,2))
plt.plot(x, y)
plt.title('Covid Data')
plt.ylabel('Y axis')
plt.xlabel('X axis')
plt.show()
```



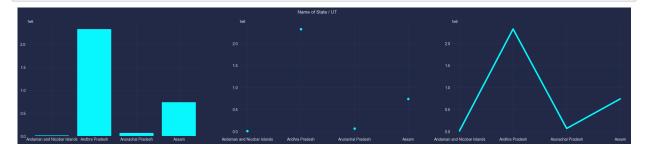
```
In [208]: from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
    plt.plot([1, 2, 3, 4,5], [1, 4, 9, 16,25], 'ro')
    plt.axis([0, 6, 0, 20])
    plt.show()
```



```
In [232]: from matplotlib import pyplot
    names = df1['Name of State / UT']
    marks= df1['Discharged']

plt.figure(figsize=(25,5))

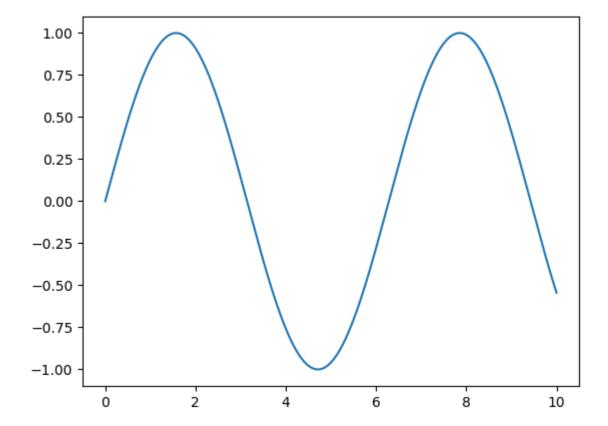
plt.subplot(131)
    plt.bar(names, marks)
    plt.subplot(132)
    plt.scatter(names, marks)
    plt.subplot(133)
    plt.plot(names, marks)
    plt.suptitle('Name of State / UT')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [80]: import numpy as np
fig = plt.figure()
ax = plt.axes()

x = np.linspace(0, 10, 1000)
ax.plot(x, np.sin(x))
```

Out[80]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x2257d1ae2b0>]



In [233]: players = df1['Name of State / UT'] runs = df1['Discharged'] plt.figure(figsize=(9,3)) plt.bar(players,runs,color = 'blue') plt.title('Score Card') plt.xlabel('covid') plt.ylabel('Discharged') plt.show()

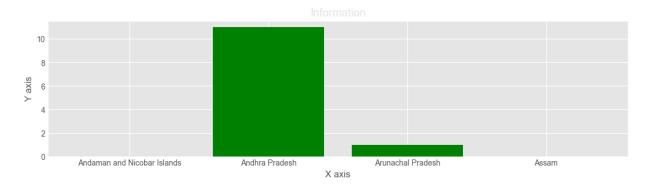


```
In [220]: players = df1['Name of State / UT']
    runs = df1['Discharged']
    plt.figure(figsize=(9,3))
    plt.barh(players,runs,color = 'r')
    plt.title('Data Analysis')
    plt.xlabel('covid')
    plt.ylabel('Discharged')
    plt.show()
```



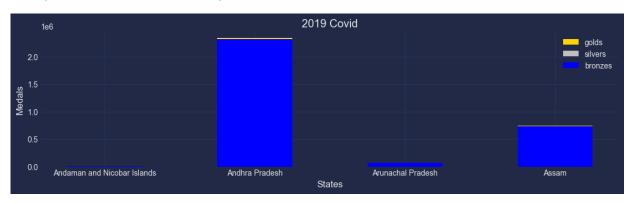
```
In [240]: from matplotlib import style
    style.use('ggplot')
    x = df1['Name of State / UT']
    y = df1['Discharged']
    x2 = df1['Name of State / UT']
    y2 = df1['Active Cases']
    # plt.bar(x, y, color = 'k', align='center')
    plt.figure(figsize=(12,3))
    plt.bar(x2, y2, color='g', align='center')
    plt.title('Information')
    plt.ylabel('Y axis')
    plt.xlabel('X axis')
```

Out[240]: Text(0.5, 0, 'X axis')



```
In [234]: from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
          import numpy as np
          countries = df1['Name of State / UT']
          bronzes = np.array(df1['Discharged'])
          silvers = np.array(df1['Active Cases'])
          golds = np.array(df1['Deaths'])
          ind = [x for x, _ in enumerate(countries)]
          plt.figure(figsize=(12,3))
          plt.bar(ind, golds, width=0.5, label='golds', color='gold', bottom=silvers+bronze
          plt.bar(ind, silvers, width=0.5, label='silvers', color='silver', bottom=bronzes)
          plt.bar(ind, bronzes, width=0.5, label='bronzes', color='b')
          plt.xticks(ind, countries)
          plt.ylabel("Medals")
          plt.xlabel("States")
          plt.legend(loc="upper right")
          plt.title("2019 Covid")
```

Out[234]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '2019 Covid')

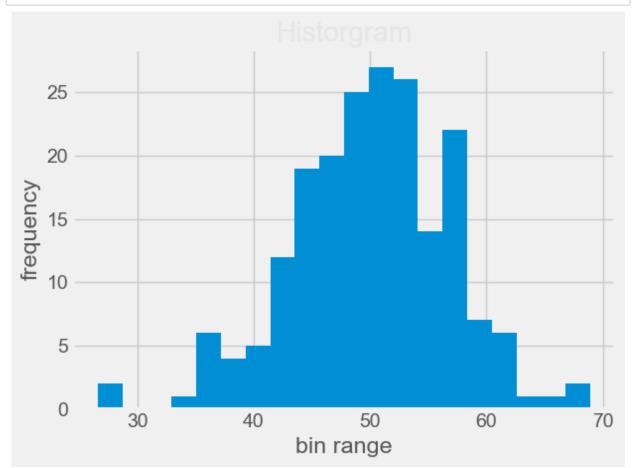


```
In [241]: from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('fivethirtyeight')

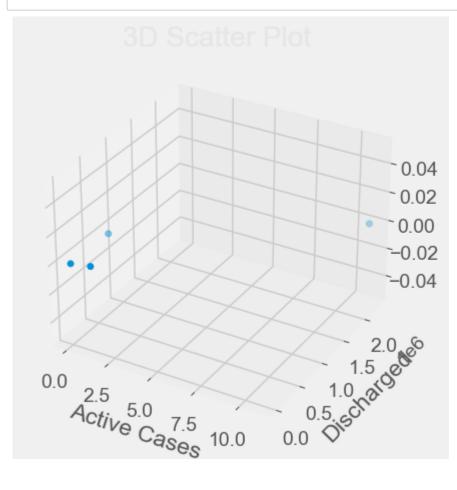
mu = 50
sigma = 7
x = np.random.normal(mu, sigma, size=200)
fig, ax = plt.subplots()

ax.hist(x, 20)
ax.set_title('Historgram')
ax.set_xlabel('bin range')
ax.set_ylabel('frequency')

fig.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [242]: from mpl_toolkits import mplot3d
          import numpy as np
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          height = df1['Active Cases']
          weight = df1['Discharged']
          # scatter(height, weight)
          fig = plt.figure()
          ax = plt.axes(projection='3d')
          # This is used to plot 3D scatter
          ax.scatter3D(height, weight)
          plt.title("3D Scatter Plot")
          plt.xlabel("Active Casest")
          plt.ylabel("Discharged")
          plt.title("3D Scatter Plot")
          plt.xlabel("Active Cases")
          plt.ylabel("Discharged")
          plt.show()
```



```
In [194]:
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import mplcyberpunk

plt.style.use("cyberpunk")

plt.plot([1, 3, 9, 5, 2, 1, 1], marker='o')
plt.plot([4, 5, 5, 7, 9, 8, 6], marker='o')

mplcyberpunk.add_glow_effects()

plt.show()
```

