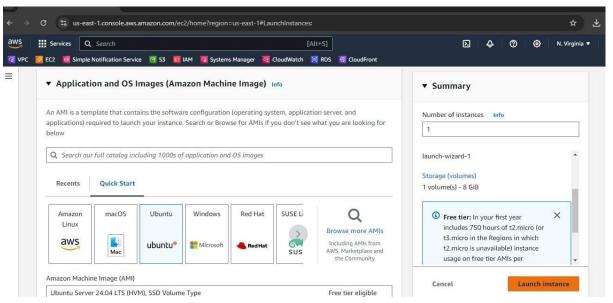
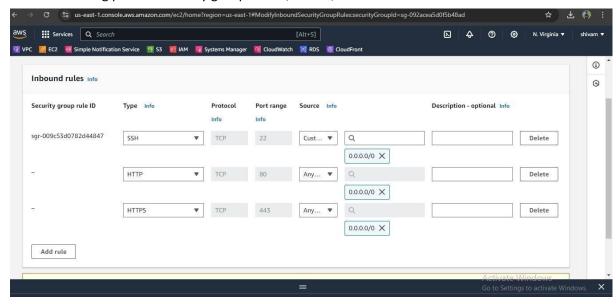
ROUTE 53

Amazon Route 53 is a scalable and highly available Domain Name System (DNS) web service offered by AWS. It provides reliable domain name resolution by translating friendly domain names into IP addresses. Route 53 also integrates with AWS services for routing traffic, offers DNS failover, and supports domain registration. Its features are designed to ensure high availability and low latency for your web applications.

Creating an instance



Whitlisting ports in security group – SSH; HTTP; HTTPS



Connecting to instance

```
Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

0 updates can be applied immediately.

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.

See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

The list of available updates is more than a week old.

To check for new updates run: sudo apt update

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software; the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law.

To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>". See "man sudo_root" for details.

ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:~$

i-08591e4a827427c3c (shivam)
```

Installing apache2 in hosted server.

\$ sudo apt install apache2

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:~$ sudo apt install apache2
 Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
 apache2-bin apache2-data apache2-utils libapr1t64 libaprutil1-dbd-sqlite3 libaprutil1-ldap libaprutil1
Suggested packages:
apache2-doc apache2-suexec-pristine | apache2-suexec-custom www-browser
The following NEW packages will be installed:
apache2 apache2-bin apache2-data apache2-utils libapr1t64 libaprutil1-dbd-sqlite3 libaprutil1-ldap lib
0 upgraded, 10 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
Need to get 2083 kB of archives.
After this operation, 8094 kB of additional disk space will be used.
 Oo you want to continue? [Y/n] y
Get:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/main amd64 libapr1t64 amd64 1.7.2-3.1build2
 et:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/main amd64 libaprutillt64 amd64 1.6.3-1.1ubu
Get:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/main amd64 libaprutill-dbd-sqlite3 amd64 1.6
Get:4 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/main amd64 libaprutil1-ldap amd64 1.6.3-1.1ub
Get:5 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/main amd64 liblua5.4-0 amd64 5.4.6-3build2 [1
Get:6 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 apache2-bin amd64 2.4.58-1
Get:7 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 apache2-data all 2.4.58-1u
Get:8 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 apache2-utils amd64 2.4.58
 et:9 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 apache2 amd64 2.4.58-1ubu
```

```
Change path to : cd
/var/www/html/
delete the
presented file in it
( index.html )
```

\$ sudo rm index.html

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:~$ cd var/www/html
-bash: cd: var/www/html: No such file or directory
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:~$ cd /var/www/html/
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:/var/www/html$ ls
index.html
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:/var/www/html$ sudo rm index.html
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:/var/www/html$ ls
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:/var/www/html$ cd
```

Download css template

Using wget https://www.free-css.com/assets/files/free-css-templates/download/page290/fregg.zip

Unzip the downloaded file \$ sudo apt install unzip

- Unzipping the file
- Moving the unzip file in /var/www/html/ \$ Sudo mv fregg-html/* /var/www/html/

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:~$ unzip fregg.zip
Archive: fregg.zip
  creating: fregg-html/
 inflating: fregg-html/about.html
 inflating: fregg-html/contact.html
  creating: fregg-html/css/
 inflating: fregg-html/css/bootstrap.css
 inflating: fregg-html/css/responsive.css
 inflating: fregg-html/css/style.css
 inflating: fregg-html/css/style.css.map
 inflating: fregg-html/css/style.scss
  creating: fregg-html/images/
 inflating: fregg-html/images/about-img.png
 inflating: fregg-html/images/body bg.jpg
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:~$ ls
fregg-html
            freq
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:~$ sudo mv fregg-html/* /var/www/html/
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:~$ cd /var/www/html/
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:/var/www/html$ ls
```

about.html contact.html css images index.html js service.html

i-08591e4a827427c3c (shivam)

ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:~\$

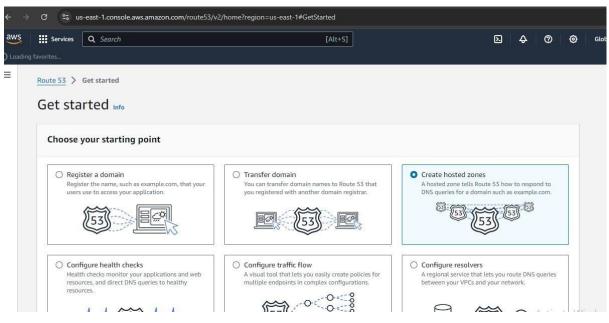
PublicIPs: 44.201.38.127 PrivateIPs: 172.31.7.237

ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-237:/var/www/html\$ cd

Checking the file with the help of the ip of ec2 44.201.38.127

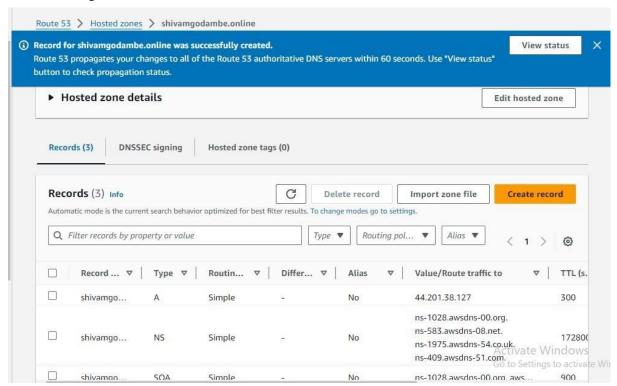


Creating a hosted zone in route 53

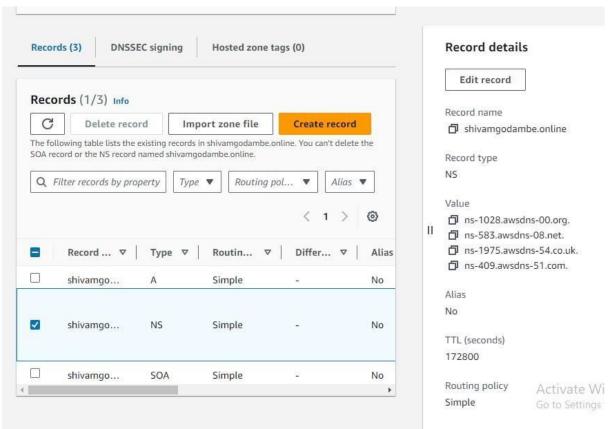




Creating a record



Selecting ns records



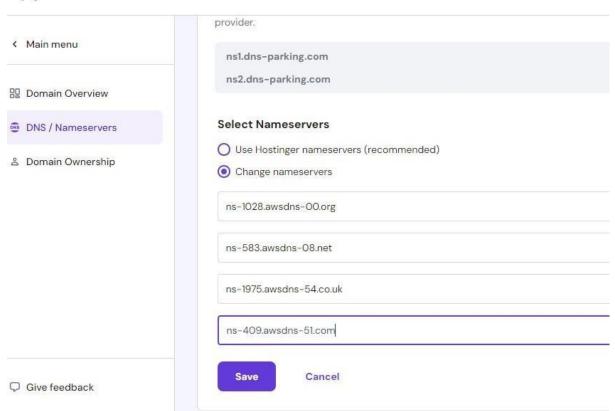
HOSTINGER

Hostinger is a web hosting company known for offering a range of hosting services at competitive prices. Here's a quick overview:

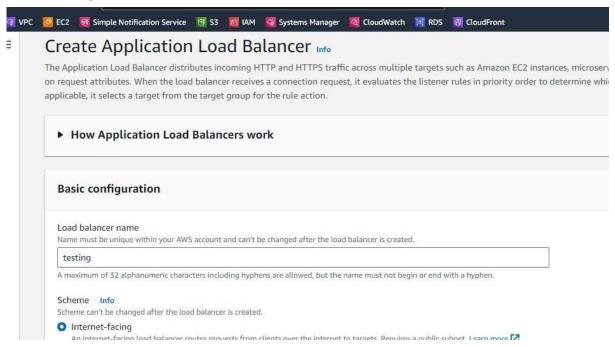
1. Services Offered:

- Web Hosting: Shared hosting plans with various features, including SSD storage and free SSL certificates.
- VPS Hosting: Virtual Private Servers with customizable resources for more control and flexibility.
- Cloud Hosting: Scalable cloud hosting solutions with enhanced performance and redundancy. Domain Registration: Domain name registration services with a variety of TLDs (top-level domains). Website Builder: User-friendly website builder tools to create and manage websites without coding.
- ❖ Adding ns records to hostinger > select Nameservers

HOSTINGER

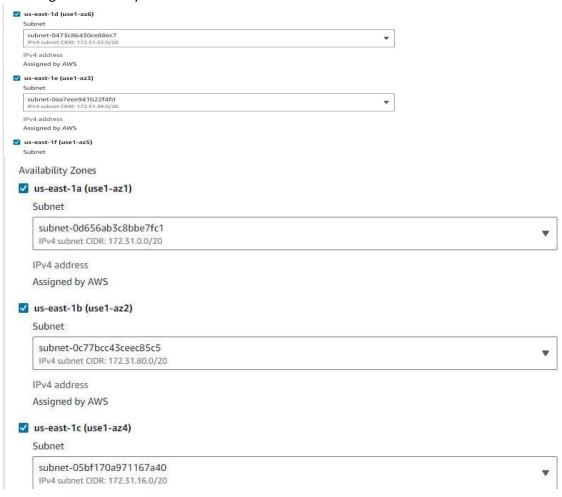


Creating a load balancer

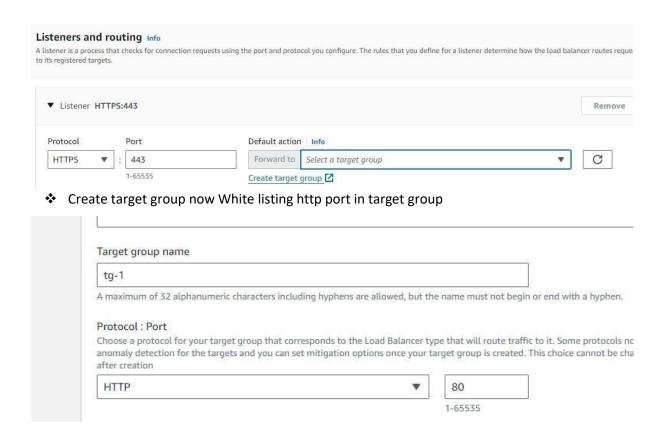


Selecting all availability zones.

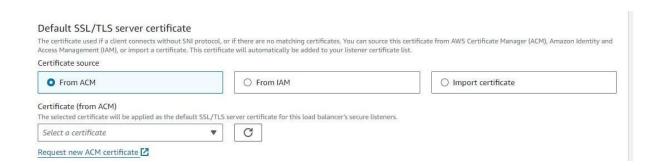
*



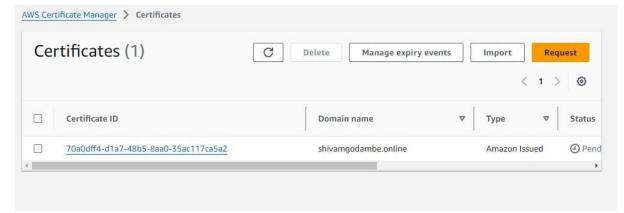
Same security group as instance and whitelist https port



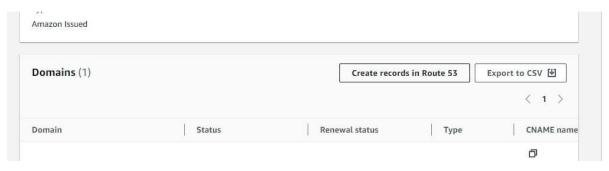
Make a request for SSL to ACM (AWS Certificate Manager)-



Mentioning only domain and creating a certificate



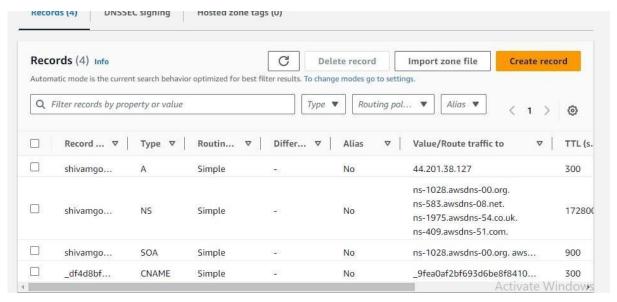
❖ Select records in route 53



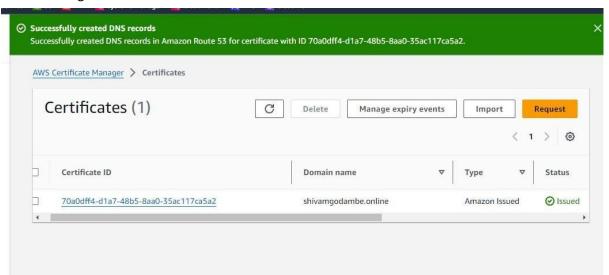
Create records



New Cname records are added



Waiting for the certificate to be issued



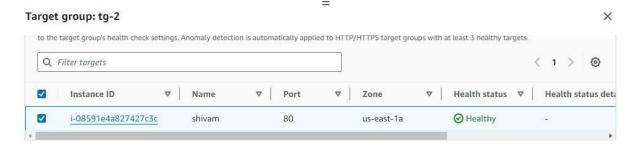
Select the issued ACM certificate in load balancer

ne certificate used if a client connects without SNI prof cess Management (IAM), or import a certificate. This c		n source this certificate from AWS Certificate Manager (ACM), Amazon Identity or certificate list.
ertificate source		
• From ACM	○ From IAM	Import certificate
ertificate (from ACM) ne selected certificate will be applied as the default SS	L/TLS server certificate for this load balancer's secur	re listeners.

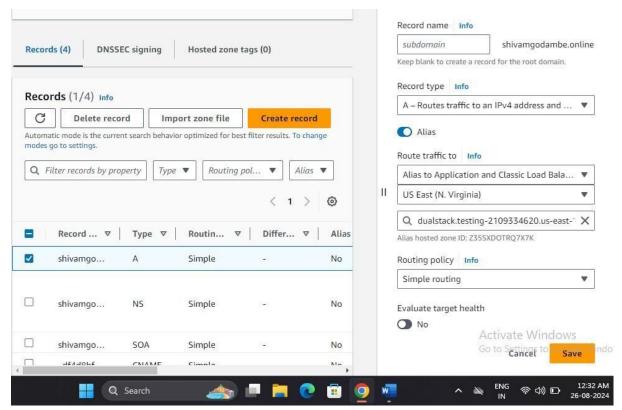
- *
- Waiting till the status is been active state



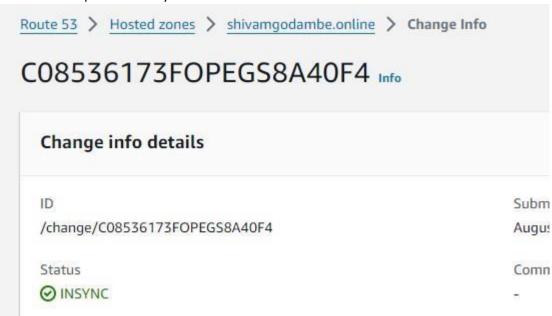
Same for target group



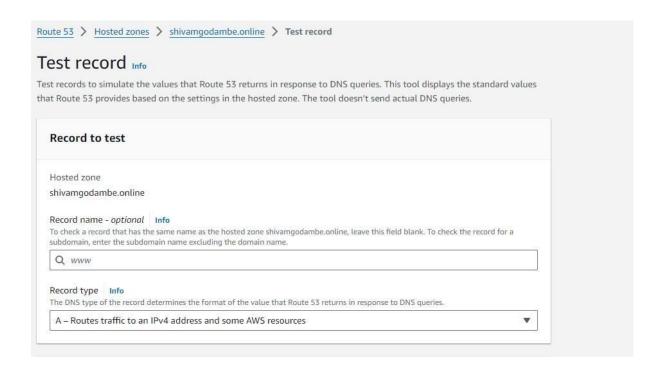
In route 53 edit A record



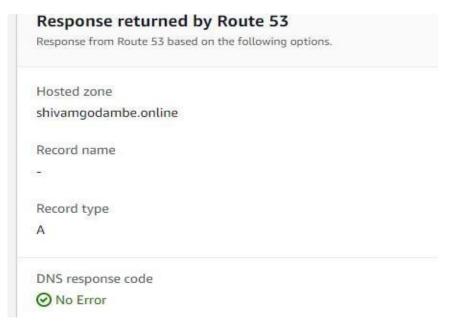
Status updated to insync



Test Record using Domain & Public IP



Response

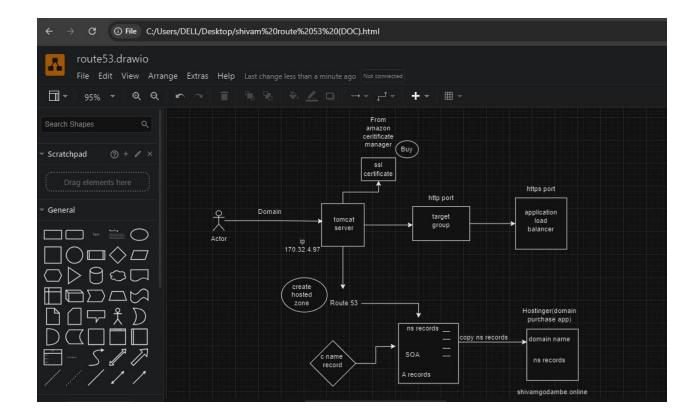


**

Successfully done using domain



Architechture of the route53



❖ For Deletion

- 1. Route 53 Delete A & CNAME records only → Delete Hosted Zone
- 2. Delete Load Balancer
- 3. Delete Target Group
- 4. 4. ACM Delete SSL Certificate
- 5. 5. Terminate Instance