



# SPAM FARMING

# Google vs. Spammers: Round 2!

- Once Google became the dominant search engine, spammers began to work out ways to fool Google
- **Spam farms** were developed to concentrate PageRank on a single page
- **Link spam:**
  - Creating link structures that boost PageRank of a particular page



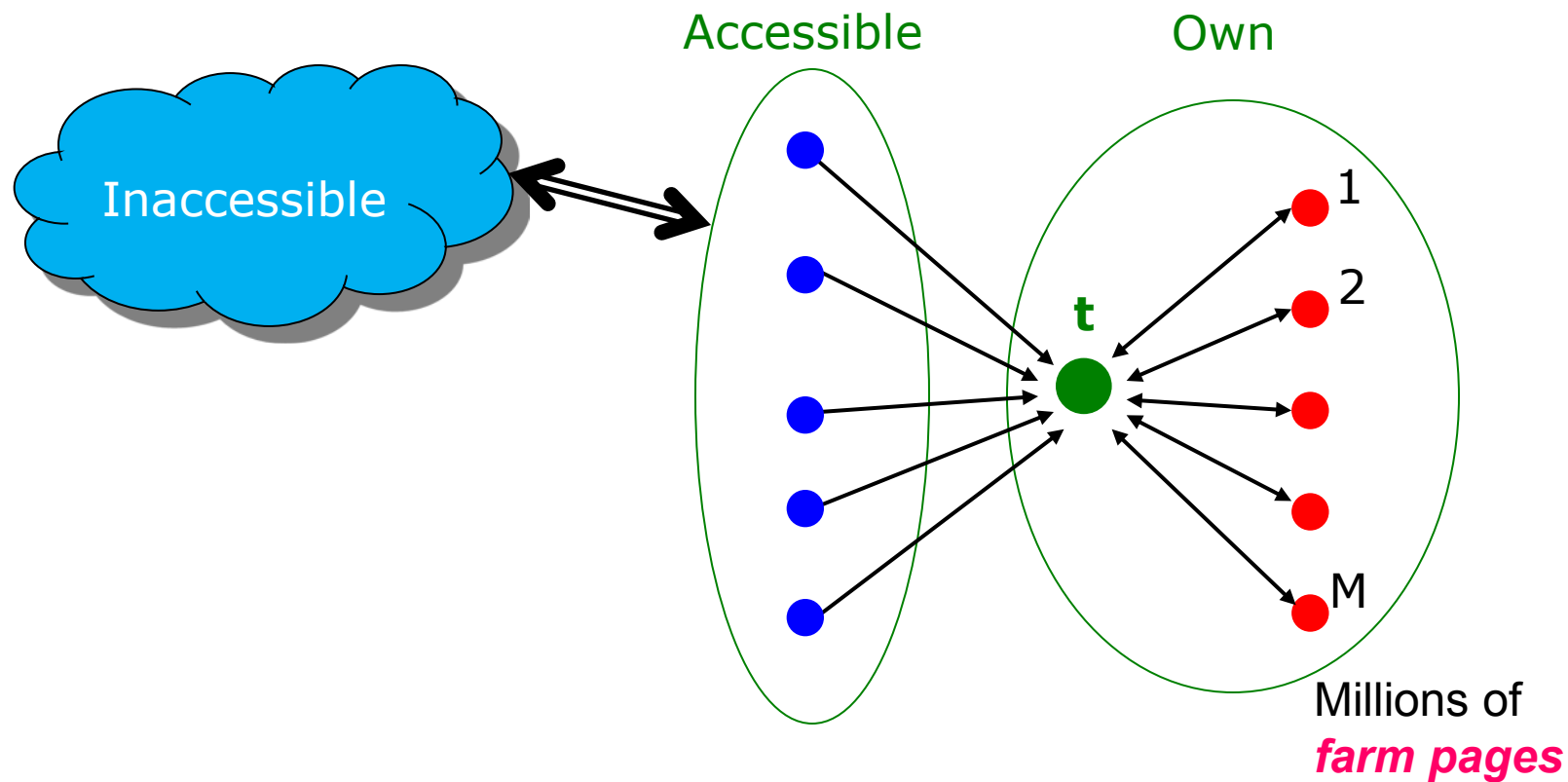
# Link Spamming

- **Three kinds of web pages from a spammer's point of view**
  - **Inaccessible pages**
  - **Accessible pages**
    - e.g., blog comments pages
    - spammer can post links to his pages
  - **Own pages**
    - Completely controlled by spammer
    - May span multiple domain names

# Link Farms

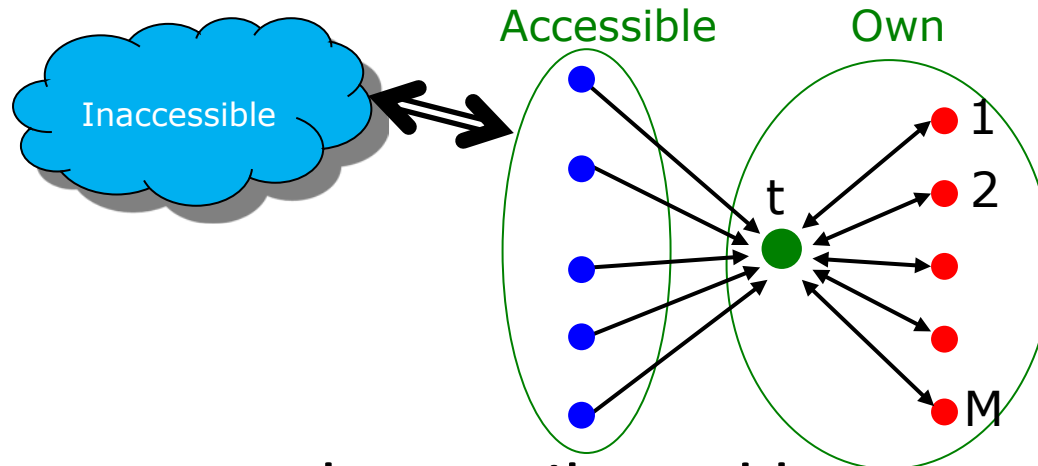
- **Spammer's goal:**
  - Maximize the PageRank of target page  $t$
- **Technique:**
  - Get as many links from accessible pages as possible to target page  $t$
  - Construct “link farm” to get PageRank multiplier effect

# Link Farms



One of the most common and effective organizations for a link farm

# Analysis



$N$  # pages on the web  
 $M$  # of pages spammer owns

- $x$ : PageRank contributed by accessible pages
- $y$ : PageRank of target page  $t$

- Rank of each “farm” page =  $\frac{\beta y}{M} + \frac{1-\beta}{N}$

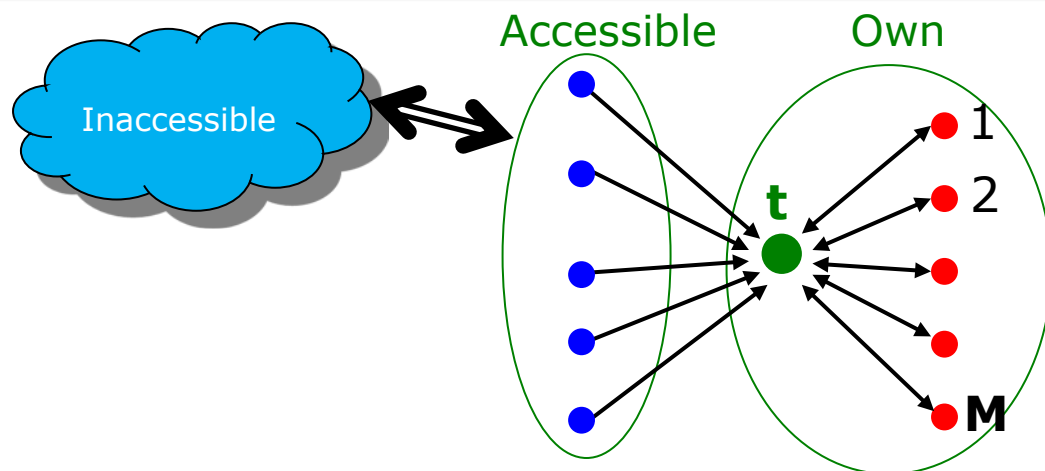
- $$y = x + \beta M \left[ \frac{\beta y}{M} + \frac{1-\beta}{N} \right] + \frac{1-\beta}{N}$$

$$= x + \beta^2 y + \frac{\beta(1-\beta)M}{N} + \frac{1-\beta}{N}$$

Very small; ignore  
 Now we solve for  $y$

- $$y = \frac{x}{1-\beta^2} + c \frac{M}{N} \quad \text{where } c = \frac{\beta}{1+\beta}$$

# Analysis



$N$  # pages on the web  
 $M$  # of pages spammer owns

- $y = \frac{x}{1-\beta^2} + c \frac{M}{N}$  where  $c = \frac{\beta}{1+\beta}$
- For  $\beta = 0.85$ ,  $1/(1-\beta^2) = 3.6$
- Multiplier effect for acquired PageRank
- By making  $M$  large, we can make  $y$  as large as we want