

# Supervised Learning and Ensemble Techniques

Week 1 Practice Project (Part-2)

## **Topics Covered:**

• Logistic Regression

### Domain:

Marketing

## **Objective:**

Predicting customer's response to a particular product with the help of a logistic regression model on marketing campaign data.

### **Problem Statement:**

An E-com company has recently run a marketing campaign around its customers. The company has collected various attributes regarding its customers like Education, Marital\_Status, Country,& various data regarding the amount of money they spend on buying products for the company's website. Now, For the launch of a new product, the companies want to know whether the customers will respond to that product or not. As data scientists, we have to predict if a customer will respond to a product or not.

### **Data Description:**

The dataset can be found here

Domain: Marketing

#### **Feature Details:**

ID: Customer's unique identifier

Year\_Birth: Customer's birth year

Education: Customer's education level

Marital Status: Customer's marital status

Income: Customer's yearly household income



Kidhome: Number of children in customer's household

Teenhome: Number of teenagers in customer's household

Dt\_Customer: Date of customer's enrollment with the company

Recency: Number of days since customer's last purchase

MntWines: Amount spent on wine in the last 2 years

MntFruits: Amount spent on fruits in the last 2 years

MntMeatProducts: Amount spent on meat in the last 2 years

MntFishProducts: Amount spent on fish in the last 2 years

Response: Response to the product (Target)

and so on..

The complete feature details can be found in the above mentioned link.

## Data Loading and Exploration.

- 1. Import necessary libraries.
- 2. Display the first five rows and last five rows of the dataframe.
- 3. Check the shape of the data (number of rows and column). Check the general information about the dataframe using .info() method.
- 4. Check the percentage of missing values of the dataframe. Drop the missing values if there are any.
- 5. Check if there are any duplicate rows.
- 6. Remove the extra spaces in the 'Income' column name.
- 7. Check the dtype of values in column 'Income'. Convert the values in the 'Income' column to numeric format.
- 8. Check the basic statistics of the data-frame using describe() method.
- 9. Write a function which will take the data frame as input and will plot a bar plot which represents the percentage of distribution of each label of 'Education' column.



- 10. Write a function which will take the data frame as input and will plot a bar plot which represents the percentage of distribution of each label of 'Country' column.
- 11. Do a bivariate analysis between 'Country' column and 'Education' Columns. Plot a bar plot which represents all the Education labels of customers country wise. Which country has the highest graduate customers?
- 12. Do a bivariate analysis between 'Marital\_Status' column and 'Education' Columns. Plot a bar plot which represents all the Education labels of customers marital\_status wise. Which martial\_status has the highest percentage of graduates?
- 13. Plot a percentage segment graph between the 'Marital\_Status', and 'Education' of customers.
- 14. Plot a percentage segment graph between the "Education" and Country of customers.

## Model Building and Evaluation.

- Plot a count-plot of the target variable.
- 2. Drop 'ID', 'Year\_Birth', 'Dt\_Customer', 'Country', 'Education', 'Marital\_Status' columns.
- 3. Store the target column (i.e.Response) in the y variable and the rest of the columns in the X variable.
- 4. Split the dataset into two parts (i.e. 70% train and 30% test) using random\_state=42. Train a logistic regression model and print the accuracy score, classification report, roc\_auc curve for both the train and test set.