

# Chapter 102: Linters - Ensuring code quality

## Section 102.1: JSHint

[JSHint](#) is an open source tool which detects errors and potential problems in JavaScript code.

To lint your JavaScript you have two options.

1. Go to [JSHint.com](#) and paste your code in there on line text editor.
2. Install [JSHint in your IDE](#).
  - Atom: [linter-jshint](#) (must have [Linter](#) plugin installed)
  - Sublime Text: [JSHint Gutter](#) and/or [Sublime Linter](#)
  - Vim: [jshint.vim](#) or [jshint2.vim](#)
  - Visual Studio: [VSCode JSHint](#)

A benefit of adding it to your IDE is that you can create a JSON configuration file named `.jshintrc` that will be used when linting your program. This is convent if you want to share configurations between projects.

Example `.jshintrc` file

```
{
  "-W097": false, // Allow "use strict" at document level
  "browser": true, // defines globals exposed by modern browsers
  http://jshint.com/docs/options/#browser
  "curly": true, // requires you to always put curly braces around blocks in loops and
  conditionals http://jshint.com/docs/options/#curly
  "devel": true, // defines globals that are usually used for logging poor-man's debugging:
  console, alert, etc. http://jshint.com/docs/options/#devel
  // List global variables (false means read only)
  "globals": {
    "globalVar": true
  },
  "jquery": true, // This option defines globals exposed by the jQuery JavaScript library.
  "newcap": false,
  // List any global functions or const vars
  "predef": [
    "GlobalFunction",
    "GlobalFunction2"
  ],
  "undef": true, // warn about undefined vars
  "unused": true // warn about unused vars
}
```

JSHint also allows configurations for specific lines/blocks of code

```
switch(operation)
{
  case '+'
  {
    result = a + b;
    break;
  }

  // JSHint W086 Expected a 'break' statement
  // JSHint flag to allow cases to not need a break
  /* falls through */
}
```

```

case '*':
case 'x':
{
    result = a * b;
    break;
}
}

// JSHint disable error for variable not defined, because it is defined in another file
/* jshint -W117 */
globalVariable = 'in-another-file.js';
/* jshint +W117 */

```

More configuration options are documented at <http://jshint.com/docs/options/>

## Section 102.2: ESLint / JSCS

[ESLint](#) is a code style linter and formatter for your style guide [much like JSHint](#). ESLint merged with [JSCS](#) in April of 2016. ESLint does take more effort to set up than JSHint, but there are clear instructions on their [website](#) for getting started.

A sample configuration for ESLint is as follows:

```

{
  "rules": {
    "semi": ["error", "always"], // throw an error when semicolons are detected
    "quotes": ["error", "double"] // throw an error when double quotes are detected
  }
}

```

A sample configuration file where ALL rules are set to off, with descriptions for what they do can be found [here](#).

## Section 102.3: JSLint

[JSLint](#) is the trunk from which JSHint branched. JSLint takes a much more opinionated stance on how to write JavaScript code, pushing you towards only using the parts [Douglas Crockford](#) deems to be its "good parts", and away from any code that Crockford believes to have a better solution. The following StackOverflow thread may help you decide [which linter is right for you](#). While there are differences (here are some brief comparisons between it and [JSHint](#) / [ESLint](#)), each option is extremely customizable.

For a more information about configuring JSLint check out [NPM](#) or [github](#).