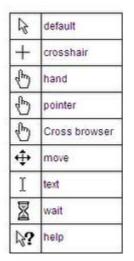
# **Chapter 31: Cursor Styling**

## Section 31.1: Changing cursor type

cursor: value;







### **Examples:**

ValueDescriptionnoneNo cursor is rendered for the elementautoDefault. The browser sets a cursorhelpThe cursor indicates that help is availablewaitThe cursor indicates that the program is busymoveThe cursor indicates something is to be movedpointerThe cursor is a pointer and indicates a link

### Section 31.2: pointer-events

The pointer-events property allows for control over how HTML elements respond to mouse/touch events.

```
.disabled {
  pointer-events: none;
}
```

In this example,

'none' prevents all click, state and cursor options on the specified HTML element [[1]]

Other valid values for HTMI elements are:

- auto;
- inherit.
- 1. <a href="https://css-tricks.com/almanac/properties/p/pointer-events/">https://css-tricks.com/almanac/properties/p/pointer-events/</a>

Other resources:

- https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/pointer-events
- <a href="https://davidwalsh.name/pointer-events">https://davidwalsh.name/pointer-events</a>

### Section 31.3: caret-color

The caret-color CSS property specifies the color of the caret, the visible indicator of the insertion point in an element where text and other content is inserted by the user's typing or editing.

### **HTML**

```
<input id="example" />
```

### **CSS**

```
#example {
  caret-color: red;
}
```

#### Resources:

• <a href="https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/caret-color">https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/caret-color</a>