USN

Question Paper Version: B

First/Second Semester B.E Degree Examination, June 2012 CONSTITUTION OF INDIA AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS (COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

Time: 2 hrs.1

|Max. Marks: 30

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

- Answer all FIFTY questions, each question carries ONE Mark.
- Use only Black ball point pen for darkening the circles.
- 3. For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.
- 4. Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.
- Damaging/overwriting and using whiteners on the OMR sheet are strictly prohibited.
- Who appoints the prime minister?
 - a) The President of India
 - b) The Loksabha
 - c) The majority party in the Laksabha
 - d) The people of India.
- Meghalaya has how many seats in Rajya Sabha?
 - a) One
- b) Two
- c) Three
- d) Four

- Which is exclusive power of Rajya Sabha?
 - a) To initiate money bills
- b) To impeach the President
- c) To declare a subject of State list as a subject of National importance
- d) To remove Prime minister.
- The constitution of India is 4.
 - a) rigid

- b) flexible
- c) partly rigid and partly flexible
- d) very rigid
- The Fundamental Rights of Indian citizen are contained in
 - a) Part III of constitution

- b) Part IV of constitution
- c) The Seventh schedule of the constitution d) None of these
- Supreme Court of India has how many judges?

- b) 25
- c) One Chief Justice and 25 other Judges
- d) 13

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7.	What is the tenure of member of Rajya Sabh a) 6 years b) 3 years	a? c) 5 years	d)	No fixed tenure	
8.	The Chief Justice of India is appointed on praid a) Merit c) Seniority	inciple of b) Will of Preside d) Election by the		es	
9.	The Directive Principles of state policy are a) Justiciable b) Non Justiciable c) Only some directive principles are justiciable d) None of these				
10.	To be eligible for election as President, a candidate must be a) over 35 years of age b) over 60 years of age c) over 65 years of age d) there is no age limit				
11.	How many types of emergencies have been	envisaged by the con	stituti	on?	
	a) only one b) two	c) three	d)	four	
12.		ency only on written Inion cabinet Speaker of Lok Sabh		e of	
13.	The tenure of Vice President is a) Co - terminus with that of the President b) Five years c) Dependent on the will of the President d) Slx years				
14.	Prime Minister is a) the head of the state b) the h the head of state as well as head of gove d) None of these	ead of the governme rument	nt,	.cor	
1,5.	What can be the maximum strength of the La 500 b) 545	ok Sabha? c) 552	d) 5	50	
16.	How many seats have been reserved for Uni	on Territories in Lol	Sabh	a?	
	a) 20 b) 25	c) 30		None of these	
17.	Rajya Sabha can have maximum strength of a) 250 members b) 225 members	c) 330 members	d) 3	350 members	
18.	What can be the maximum gap between two a) Three months b) Four months	c) Six months		Nine months	
19.	The Supreme court consists of Chief Justice a) Seven Judges b) Nine Judges	and c) 11 Judges	d)	25 Judges	
20.	Who is executive head of State? a) Chief Minister b) The Governor	c) The President	d)	None of these	
21.	Can a person act as Governor of more than c a) Yes c) Only for period of six months	one state b) No d) Only for perio	od of c	one year	

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22.	An ordinance issued by Governora) The Presidentc) The State Legislature	b)	oproval by The state council None of these	il of Ministers	
23.	The membership of Legislative As at 60 & 500 b) 100 &		e varies between 150 & 450	d) 100 & 4000°	
24.	The High court of state is directly a) The President c) The Governor of the state	b)	The Supreme Co The Chief Justi		
25.	On what ground a Judge of High C a) Proved misbehaviour or incapt b) Insolvency c) Insanity d) All of these		moved?		
26.	Preamble declares the objectives of a) Secularism c) Democratic socialist		iberty, Equality a	and Fraternity	
27.	Preamble declares that the constitute a) 15 th August, 1947 c) 6th December , 1945	ition of India v b) 26 th Janua d) 26 th Nove	ry, 1950		
28.	Indian constitution has a) 410 articles c) 401 articles	b) 358 artic d) 395 artic			
29.	Indian constitution has a) 12 Schedules b) 7 Sched	dules c)	9 Schedules	d) 10 sci adulas	
30.	Secularism means . a) absence of state religion c) equality at all religions	b) right to red) all the abo	ligious freedom		
31.	Which Article of Indian Constituti a) Article 371 c) 42 nd Amendment	on l ays down t b) Article 36 d) 44 th Amer	8	endment?	
32.	The constitution lays down how many 6 b) II		tal duties of a citi	zen? d) 20	
33.	Which is not a fundamental right? a) Right to freedom c) Right to property		eonstitutional remo quality.	edies	
34.	Directive principles of state policy a) 36 to 51 b) 1 to 11		scribed in Articles 12 to 35	s. d) 19 to 27.	
35.	Union list has a) 95 subjects b) 97 sub	jects c)	105 subjects	d) 66 subjects	
36.	Centre can declare constitutional e a) 152 b) 360		state under article 356	e d) 365	

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37;	In India the Residuary Powers are		
	a) State Government		Union Government
	c) Local Government	a)	Government of Union Territories.
38.	India has a		
	a) Democracy		Presidential System
	c) Direct democracy	d)	Parliamentary democracy
39.	President of India is elected by		
	a) Elected MPs	b)	All elected MPs and all elected MLAs
	c) Elected MLAs	d)	All MPs and MLAs
40.	Who has the emergency powers?		
	a) Prime Minister	b)	Union Cabinet
	c) President of India	•	Union Parliament
41.	The amendment precedure of Indi	an c	onstitution has been modeled on the constitution of
71.	a) South Africa b) Canad		c) USA d) Switzerland
	,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
42.	In India, the citizens have been given		
	a) age		education
	 c) property qualification 	d)	duration of stay in country
43.	Ethics is		
	a) Normative science	b)	Natural science
	c) Both Normative and Natural	d)	Objective scheme
44.	Work above and beyond full call of	if du	ity means
	a) good work		reasonable work
	e) work involving high tisk	d)	responsible work
45.	Engineering ethics		
٠.,	a) Stimulates to conduct research	h)	Shines on time management
	c) Acquire new skills in engineer		
	d) Stimulates the moral imaginat		
44	Conduct Saninaging athirs halos	'n	
46.			Develop one's knowledge and skill
) Provide satisfactory service to public
47.	This is not impediment to respons		ty Self interest
	a) Fear		Critical acceptance of authority
	c) Group thinking		
48.	This is not dishonesty in science a	nd e	ngineering
	a) Forging b) Blend	ing	c) Trimming d) Cooking
49.	Engineers can use code of ethics a	ıs gu	ridelines to
	a) Resolve the conflicts	b)	Formulate the problem
	c) Shift the responsibility		Overcome the work pressure
50	Engineers must protect the public	fron	n
50.	a) Acceptable risk		Impending risk
	e) Technical risk		None of these