### DOWNLOAD THIS FREE AT

### www.vturesource.com

USN 10N

10MAT

# Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, December 2012

## **Engineering Mathematics – IV**

Time: 3 hrs. Max Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

#### PART - A

- 4 a. Using the Taylor's series method, solve the initial value problem (0.000) (0.000) (0.000) (0.000) (0.000) (0.000) (0.000)
  - b. Employ the fourth order Runge-Kutta method to solve  $\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{v^2 x^2}{1 + x^2}$ . y(0) = 1 at the points x = 0.2 and x = 0.4. Take h = 0.2.
  - c. Given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy + y^2$ , y(0) = 1, y(0.1) = 1.1169, y(0.2) = 1.2, y(0.3) = 1.5049. Find y(0.4) using the Milne's predictor-corrector method. Apply the director formula twice. (07 Marks)
- 2. a Employing the Picard's method, obtain the second are approximate solution of the following problem at x = 0.2.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x + yz$$
,  $\frac{dz}{dx} = y + zx$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $z(0) = -1$ . (06 Marks)

b. Using the Runge-Kutta method, fit the solution at x = 0.1 of the differential equation  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 2xy = 1 \text{ under the control of } y = 1, y'(0) = 0.$  Take step length h = 0.1.

Using the Milne's method, obtain an approximate solution at the point x = 0.4 of the problem  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3x \frac{dy}{dx} = y(0) = 1$ , y'(0) = 0.1. Given that y(0.1) = 1.03995. y(0.2) = 1.138036, y(0.3) = 1.29865, y'(0.1) = 0.6955, y'(0.2) = 1.258, y'(0.3) = 1.873. (07 Marks)

- 3 a. If f(z) = u + iv is analytermetrion, then prove that  $\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x}|f(z)|\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial y}|f(z)|\right)^2 = |f'(z)|^2$ .

  (06 Marks)
  - b. Find an analytic testion whose imaginary part is  $v = e^x \{(x^2 y^2)\cos y 2xy\sin y\}$ .

    (07 Marks)
  - c. If  $f(z) = u(r, \theta)$  is an analytic function, show that u and v satisfy the equation  $\frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial t^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{r^2} = 0.$  (07 Marks)
- 4 a sing be bilinear transformation that maps the points 1, i, -1 onto the points i, 0, -i (06 Marks)
  - by cuss the transformation  $W = e^z$  (07 Marks)
  - c. Evaluate  $\int_{C} \frac{\sin \pi z^2 + \cos \pi z^2}{(z-1)^2(z-2)} dz$ , where C is the circle |z| = 3. (07 Marks)

1 of 2

#### 10MAT

### PART - B

- 5 a. Express the polynomial  $2x^3 x^2 3x + 2$  in terms of Legendre polynomials. (6 Marks)
  - b. Obtain the series solution of Bessel's differential equation  $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + (x^2)y$  the form  $y = A J_n(x) + B J_{-n}(x)$ . (07 Prks)
  - c. Derive Rodrique's formula  $P_n(x) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^2 1)^n$ .
- State the axioms of probability. For any two events A and B, prove that  $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) P(A \cap B)$ . (06 Marks)
  - b. A bag contains 10 white balls and 3 red balls while another has some as 3 white balls and 5 red balls. Two balls are drawn at ransom from the first bag and put in the second bag and then a ball is drawn at random from the second bag. What is the probability that it is a white ball?
    (07 Marks)
  - c. In a bolt factory there are four machines A, B, C, D may facturing respectively 20%. 15%. 25% 40% of the total production. Out of these 5%, 4, 3% and 2% respectively are defective. A bolt is drawn at random from the production and found to be defective. Find the probability that it was manufactured by A or D. (07 Marks)
- 7 a. The probability distribution of a finite random writing given by the following table:

Xı	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	
p(X <sub>i</sub> )	0.1	k	0.2	2k	0.3	k	

- Determine the value of k and find the mean, reiance and standard deviation. (06 Marks)

  b. The probability that a pen manufacture by a suppany will be defective is 0.1. If 12 such
- pens are selected, find the probability that ... exactly 2 will be defective. (ii) at least 2 will be defective. (iii) none will be defect. (07 Marks)
- and standard deviation, 31% of the item under 45 and 8% are over 64. Find the mean and standard deviation, given that A(0.5) = 0.19 and A(1.4) = 0.42, where A(z) is the area under the standard normal curve from 0 to z > 0.
- 3. A biased coin is tossed times and head turns up 120 times. Find the 95% confidence limits for the proportion of n ds turning up in infinitely many tosses. (Given that  $z_c = 1.96$ ) (06 Marks)
  - b. A certain stimulus administred to each of 12 patients resulted in the following change in blood pressure:
    - 5. 2. 8. 1. 3. 6. 2. 1, 5. 0, 4 (in appropriate unit)
    - Can it be concluded that, on the whole, the stimulus will change the blood pressure. Use  $t_{0.05}(11) = 2.21$ . (07 Marks)
  - A die is throw 60 times and the frequency distribution for the number appearing on the face x is give. In the following table:

| x         | 1  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5  | 6  |
|-----------|----|---|---|---|----|----|
| Frequency | 15 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 11 | 17 |

Test the hypothesis that the die is unbiased.

 $\text{that } \chi_{0.05}^{2}(5) = 11.07 \text{ and } \chi_{0.01}^{2}(5) = 15.09)$ 

(07 Marks)

2.of 2