(04 Marks)

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USN

First

First/Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2013 Basic Electronics

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing at least two from each part. 2. Answer all objective type questions only on OMR sheet page 5 of the answer booklet. 3. Answer to objective type questions on sheets other than OMR will not be valued. PART - A Choose the correct answers for the following: (04 Marks) When forward - biased, a diode A) blocks current B) conducts current C) has a high resistance D) drops a large voltage ii) The knee voltage of a Silicon diode is A) 0.3 V B) 0.5 V C) 0.7 V D) None of these iii) The ripple factor of half wave rectifier is about A) 40.6 B) 0.46 D) 81.2 C) 1.21 iv) The rms value of a load current in case of a full wave rectifier is A) Deduce the following for HWR i) I_{rms} ii) I_{dc} (04 Marks) With a neat circuit diagram, explain the working principles of full wave bridge rectifier. (06 Marks) Draw the circuit of full wave rectifier and show that the ripple factor = 0.48 and efficiency = 81%. (06 Marks) Choose the correct answers for the following: 2 a. (04 Marks) i) The current relationship between two current gain in a transistor is B) $\beta = \frac{1+\alpha}{1-\alpha}$ A) $\beta = \frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}$ C) $\beta = \frac{1-\alpha}{1+\alpha}$ ii) The β_{dc} of a transistor is its A) current gain B) voltage gain C) power gain D) internal resistance iii) In a transistor the current conduction is due to carries. A) majority B) minority C) both (A) and (B) D) None of these iv) In a transistor circuit, A) $I_E = I_C$ C) $I_E < I_C$ D) $I_E \ll I_C$ B) $I_E > I_C$ Draw input and output characteristics of an NPN transistor in common base configuration and explain. (08 Marks) Calculate the value of I_C , I_E and β_{dc} for a transistor with α = 0.99 and I_B = 110 μA

Obtain the relation between ' α_{dc} ' and ' β_{dc} '.

3	a.	Choose the correct answers for the following: i) The intersection of a dc load time and the out	itput characteristics of a	(04 Mark, transistor is called		
		A) Q – point	B) Quiescent point			
		C) Operating point	D) All of these			
		ii) For an emitter follower, the voltage gain is	b) im or mese			
		A) unity	B) greater than unity			
		C) less than unity	D) zero			
		iii) The best biasing stability is achieved by using biasing circuit. A) fixed B) collector to base				
		C) voltage divider	D) None of these			
		iv) In self bias or emitter bias circuit is co	<i>'</i>	er and ground		
	_	A) inductor	B) capacitor	er and ground		
		C) resistor	D) transformer			
	h	,	,	(10 Marks)		
	C.	•				
		$R_B = 100 \text{ K}\Omega$, $R_C = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$ and β_{dc}	- 100.	(06 Marks)		
4	a.	Choose the correct answers for the following:		(04 Marks)		
•	α.	i) A SCR has number of layers		(01.741.113)		
		A) one B) two	C) three	D) Four		
		ii) The minimum point in VI characteristic of U		,		
		A) negative B) valley	C) latching	D) conducting		
		iii) The FET is a controlled device	c) latening	17) conducting		
		A) current B) voltage	C) power	D) None of these		
		iv) The relaxation oscillator uses	c) power	D) None of these		
		A) MOSFET B) SCR	C) BJT	D) UJT.		
	b.		,	,		
	υ.					
	0	various regions of operations. (10 Marks) Explain with suitable diagram and waveforms, how UJT can be used as a relaxation				
	C.					
		oscillator. (06 Marks)				
		PART - B				
5	a.	Choose the correct answers for the following:		(04 Marks)		
		i) Oscillator uses type of feedback				
		A) positivė B) negative	C) both	D) None of these		
		ii) A phase shift oscillator has	,			
		A) three RC circuits B) three LC circuits	C) a T - type circuit	D) a π type circuit		
		iii) The frequency of Hartley oscillator is f =		z) w w type extense		
			 -	\sim 1		
		A) $\frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}}$ B) $\frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{RC}}$	$\frac{C}{2\pi\sqrt{C}}$	$\frac{D}{2\pi LC}$		
		iv) The upper and lower critical frequencies are	sometimes called the			
		A) power frequencies	B) half power freque	ncies		
		C) 6 dB points	D) None of these			
	b.	Explain with a neat diagram, the working of s	,	d amplifiers with its		
	U.	frequency response. (08 Marks)				
	c.	Give any four advantages of negative feedback i	`			
	d.					

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6	a.	Choose the correct answers	for the following:		(04 Marks)		
		i) The CMRR is given by	у				
		A) $A_d \times A_c$	\overline{B} A_c / A_d	C) A_d/A_c	D) 20 $\log A_c / A_d$		
		ii) The gain of the inverting	ng amplifier using R _f	= $10 \text{ K}\Omega$ and $R_1 = 1 \text{ K}$	Ω is		
		·	B) – 11	C) 10	D) 11		
		iii) The gain of the voltage	,		, -		
		,	B) infinite.	C) negative	D) unity		
		iv) The screen of CRT is c	,	c) negative			
		A) chromium		C) carbon	D) germanium		
	b.		<i>,</i> •				
		Calculate the output voltage of a three input summing amplifier: Given $R_1 = 200 \text{ K}\Omega$ $R_2 = 250 \text{ K}\Omega$, $R_3 = 500 \text{ K}\Omega$ and $R_f = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$, $V_1 = -2V$, $V_2 = 2V$ and $V_3 = 1 \text{ V}$. (06 Marks					
	c.		•				
	٠.	Show, how an op amp can be	e used as an integrato	or. Derive an expression	(06 Marks)		
	d.	Give any four applications of	f CRO		(00 Marks) (04 Marks)		
	u.	Orte any low applications of Cito.					
7	a.	Choose the correct answers	for the following ·		(04 Marks)		
•	٠.	i) The modulating freque		requency	(or mains)		
				C) equal to	D) None of these		
		ii) The modulation is done	,	c) equal to	b) None of these		
		A) transmitter	<u> </u>	B) receiver			
		C) none of the above		D) between transmitte	er and receiver		
		iii) The 2's complement of	f 1010 gives	b) between transmitte	or and receiver.		
				C) 0010	D) 0101		
					D) 0101		
		iv) In binary numbers, shift A) divides by 2	iting the binary point	B) decreases by 10			
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,			
	1.	C) increases by 10	D) multiplies by 2	00 B4			
	b.	With suitable block diagram, explain the function of superheterodyne receiver. (08 Marks)					
	C.	Convert $(ABCD)_{16} = ()_2 = ()_8 = ()_{10} = ()_{BCD}$ (04 Marks) Subtract : $(28)_{10} - (19)_{10}$ using both 1's complement and 2's complement methods.					
	d.	Subtract: $(28)_{10} - (19)_{10}$ usin	ig both i s compleme	nt and 2 s complement			
					(04 Marks)		
8	a.	Choose the correct answers t	for the following:		(04 Marks)		
O	a.	Choose the correct answers for the following: (04 Marks) i) When demorganis theorem applied to (A + B), we get					
) · ·		. 4	D) D		
			B) \overline{A} \overline{B} C)	A	D) B		
		ii) $Y = AB + BA$ is a Boole	an expression for				
		A) EX - QR		B) EX – NAND			
		C) EX – NOR		D) none of these			
	٠.	iii) The example for univer					
			B) NOR C)		D) AND		
		iv) The expression for half		-	given by		
	•	A) A + B	,		D) none of these		
	b.	i) Realize the NAND gate using minimum number of NOR gates					
		ii) Simplify $M = XYZ + X\overline{Y}Z$	(08 Marks)				
	c.	Realize a full adder using two	o half adders and an C	OR gate with truth table	e. (08 Marks)		
			•				
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