

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2015
Graph Theory and Combinatorics

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 a. For the following graph determine,
- A walk from b to d that is not a trail
 - A b-d trail that is not a path
 - A path from b to d
 - A closed walk from b to b that is not a circuit
 - A circuit from b to b that is not a cycle
 - A cycle from b to b.

(06 Marks)



Fig.Q1(a)

- b. Define subgraph, spanning subgraph, induced subgraph and complete graph with example. (07 Marks)
- c. Prove that the undirected graph $G = (V, E)$ has an Euler circuit if and only if G is connected and every vertex in G has even degree. (07 Marks)
- 2 a. Define planar graph and prove that the following Petersen graph is nonplanar using Kuratowski's theorem. (06 Marks)

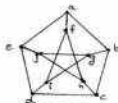


Fig.Q2(a)

- b. Prove that in a complete graph with n -vertices, where n is an odd number ≥ 3 , there are $(n-1)/2$ edge-disjoint Hamiltonian cycles. (07 Marks)
- c. Find the chromatic polynomial for the following graph. (07 Marks)



Fig.Q2(c)

- 3 a. Prove that in every tree $T = (V, E)$ $|V| = |E| + 1$. (06 Marks)
- b. i) If $T_1 = (V_1, E_1)$ and $T_2 = (V_2, E_2)$ be two trees where $|E_1| = 17$ and $|V_2| = 2|V_1|$, then find $|V_1|$, $|V_2|$ and $|E_2|$.
- ii) Let $F_2 = (V_2, E_2)$ is a forest with $|V_2| = 62$ and $|E_2| = 51$, how many trees determine F_2 ?
- iii) Let $F_1 = (V_1, E_1)$ be a forest of 7 trees where $|E_1| = 40$ what is $|V_1|$? (07 Marks)
- c. Construct an optimal prefix code for the symbols a, o, q, u, y, z that occur with frequencies 20, 28, 4, 17, 12, 7 respectively. (07 Marks)
- 4 a. Using the Kruskal's algorithm, find a minimal spanning tree of the following weighted graphs. (06 Marks)

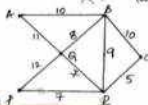
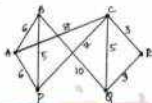


Fig.Q4(a)

- b. Using the Dijkstra's algorithm obtain the shortest path from vertex 1 to each of the other vertices in the following graph. (07 Marks)



Fig.Q4(b)

- c. Prove that in a bipartite graph $G(V_1, V_2, E)$ if there is a positive integer M such that the degree of every vertex in $V_1 \geq M \geq$ the degree of every vertex in V_2 , then there exists a complete matching from V_1 to V_2 . (07 Marks)

PART - B

- a. i) How many arrangements all there for all letters in the word SOCIOLOGICAL? (06 Marks)
- ii) In how many of these arrangements, A and G are adjacent?
- iii) In how many of these arrangements, all the vowels are adjacent?
- b. Determine the co-efficient of :
- i) $x^6 y^3$ in the expansion of $(2x - 3y)^{12}$
- ii) $x^2 y^2 z^3$ in the expansion of $(2x - y - z)^8$
- iii) $x^2 y^2 z^3$ in the expansion of $(3x - 2y - 4z)^7$. (07 Marks)
- c. Determine the number of integer solutions for $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 < 40$, Where :
- i) $x_i \geq 0, 1 \leq i \leq 5$
- ii) $x_i \geq -3, 1 \leq i \leq 5$. (07 Marks)

- 6 a. Find the number of integers between 1 to 10,000 inclusive, which are divisible by none of 5, 6 or 8. (06 Marks)
- b. Determine in how many ways can the letters in the word ARRANGEMENT be arranged so that there are exactly two pairs of consecutive identical letters. (07 Marks)
- c. i) Find the rook polynomial for the shaded chessboard



Fig. Q6(c)(i)

- ii) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $B = \{u, v, w, x, y, z\}$. How many one to one functions $f: A \rightarrow B$ satisfy none of the following conditions:

$$C_1: f(1) = u \text{ or } v; \quad C_2: f(2) = w; \quad C_3: f(3) = w \text{ or } x; \quad C_4: f(4) = x, y \text{ or } z. \quad (07 \text{ Marks})$$

- 7 a. Find the coefficient of x^{13} in $\frac{(1+x)^4}{(1-x)^2}$. (06 Marks)
- b. A ship carries 48 flags, 12 each of the colors red, white, blue and black. Twelve of these flags are placed on a vertical pole in order to communicate a signal to other ships. Determine, how many of these signals have at least three white flags or no white flags at all. (07 Marks)
- c. Find the formula to express $0^2 + 1^2 + 2^2 + \dots + n^2$ as a function of n using summation on operator. (07 Marks)
- 8 a. Solve the recurrence relation $F_{n+2} = F_{n+1} + F_n$ where $n \geq 0$ and $F_0 = 0$ and $F_1 = 1$. (06 Marks)
- b. i) A bank pays 6% interest compounded quarterly. If Laura invests \$ 100 then how many months must she wait for her money to double? (07 Marks)
- ii) The number of bacteria in a culture is 1000 and this number increases 250% every 2 hours. Use a recurrence relation to determine the number of bacteria present after one day. (07 Marks)
- c. Solve the recurrence relation: $a_{n+2} - 5a_{n+1} + 6a_n = 2, n \geq 0, a_0 = 3, a_1 = 7$ using method of generating functions. (07 Marks)
