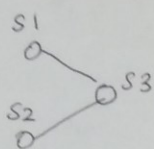


Implementing N-BP.



$$p(\underline{s}) = \frac{1}{Z} \phi_1(s_1) \phi_2(s_2) \phi_3(s_3) \psi_{13}(s_1, s_3) \psi_{23}(s_2, s_3)$$

$$p(s_3) = \frac{1}{Z} \phi_3(s_3) m_{13}(s_3) m_{23}(s_3)$$

$$m_{13}(s_3) = \int \phi_1(s_1) \psi_{13}(s_1, s_3) ds_1$$

Representation:

$$\phi_i : r_i \rightarrow e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\underline{c}_i \cdot \underline{r}_i) s_i^2 + (\underline{d}_i \cdot \underline{r}_i) s_i} \quad i = 1, 2, 3$$

$\underline{c}_i, \underline{d}_i$ are determined by the parameters of the tuning curves of \underline{r}_i .

$$\psi_{13} : R_{13} \rightarrow e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\underline{a}_{11} \cdot R_{13}) s_1^2 - \frac{1}{2}(\underline{a}_{33} \cdot R_{13}) s_3^2 + (\underline{a}_{13} \cdot R_{13}) s_1 s_3 + (\underline{a}_1 \cdot R_{13}) s_1 + (\underline{a}_3 \cdot R_{13}) s_3}$$

All the \underline{a} vectors are determined by the tuning curves of R_{13} .

Similarly, $\psi_{23} : R_{23}$ and a set of \underline{b} vectors

~~\underline{b}_1~~ , $\underline{b}_{22}, \underline{b}_{33}, \underline{b}_{23}, \underline{b}_2$, and \underline{b}_3 determined by params of tuning curves of R_{23} .

Populations

$$M_{13} : \text{represents } m_{13} \rightarrow e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\eta_{13} \cdot M_{13}) s_3^2 + (\delta_{13} \cdot M_{13}) s_3}$$

$$\text{Similarly, } M_{23} : m_{23} \rightarrow e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\eta_{23} \cdot M_{23}) s_3^2 + (\delta_{23} \cdot M_{23}) s_3}$$

$$M_{23} : m_{23} \rightarrow e$$

$$\underline{r}_{\text{final}} : \text{represents the marginal } p(s_3) \rightarrow e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\underline{A}_{\text{final}} \cdot \underline{r}_{\text{final}}) s_3^2 + (\underline{B}_{\text{final}} \cdot \underline{r}_{\text{final}}) s_3}$$

Obtaining the messages.

(2)

$$\eta_{13} \cdot M_{13} = a_{33} \cdot R_{13} - \frac{(a_{13} \cdot R_{13})^2}{c_1 \cdot r_1 + a_{11} \cdot R_{13}}$$

$$\delta_{13} \cdot M_{13} = a_3 \cdot R_{13} + \frac{(a_{13} \cdot R_{13})(a_1 \cdot R_{13} + d_1 \cdot r_1)}{c_1 \cdot r_1 + a_{11} \cdot R_{13}}$$

$$\underline{M_{13}} = (\eta_{13} \cdot M_{13}) \tilde{\eta}_{13} + (\delta_{13} \cdot M_{13}) \tilde{\delta}_{13}$$

where $\tilde{\eta}_{13}$ and $\tilde{\delta}_{13}$ are chosen such that they are orthogonal to each other.

$$\tilde{\eta}_{13} = \frac{\eta_{13}}{K} \rightarrow \text{normalizing constant / scale param.}$$

Similarly M_{23} can be constructed.

$$\eta_{23} \cdot M_{23} = b_{33} \cdot R_{23} - \frac{(b_{23} \cdot R_{23})^2}{(c_2 \cdot r_2 + b_{22} \cdot R_{23})}$$

$$\delta_{23} \cdot M_{23} = b_3 \cdot R_{13} + \frac{(b_{23} \cdot R_{23})(b_2 \cdot R_{23} + d_2 \cdot r_2)}{c_2 \cdot r_2 + b_{22} \cdot R_{23}}$$

$$\underline{M_{23}} = (\eta_{23} \cdot M_{23}) \tilde{\eta}_{23} + (\delta_{23} \cdot M_{23}) \tilde{\delta}_{23}$$

The final population .

(3)

$$A_{\text{final}} \cdot r_{\text{final}} = \eta_{13} \cdot M_{13} + \eta_{23} \cdot M_{23} + c_3 \cdot r_3 = \alpha$$

$$B_{\text{final}} \cdot r_{\text{final}} = \delta_{13} \cdot M_{13} + \delta_{23} \cdot M_{23} + d_3 \cdot r_3 = \beta$$

$$\underline{r_{\text{final}}} = \alpha \tilde{A}_{\text{final}} + \beta \tilde{B}_{\text{final}}$$