

8085 Microprocessor -

→ 8085 microprocessor is an 8-bit microprocessor designed by Intel in 1977 using NMOS (N-channel metal oxide semiconductor) technology.

→ It has following configuration -

- (i) 8-bit data bus.
- (ii) 16-bit address bus.
- (iii) A 16-bit program counter.
- (iv) A 16-bit stack pointer.
- (v) Six 8-bit registers arranged in pairs - BC, DE, HL.
- (vi) Requires +5V supply to operate at 3.2 MHz single phase clock.

Pin Diagram -

X ₁	1	40	V _{cc}
X ₂	2	39	HOLD
RESET OUT	3	38	HLDA
SOD	4	37	CLK(OUT)
SJD	5	36	RESET IN
TRAP	6	35	READY
RST 7.5	7	34	IO/M'
RST 6.5	8	33	S ₁
RST 5.5	9	32	RD'
INTR	10	31	WR'
INTA'	11	30	ALE
AD ₀	12	29	S ₀
AD ₁	13	28	A ₁₅
AD ₂	14	27	A ₁₄
AD ₃	15	26	A ₁₃
AD ₄	16	25	A ₁₂
AD ₅	17	24	A ₁₁
AD ₆	18	23	A ₁₀
AD ₇	19	22	A ₉
V _{SS}	20	21	A ₈

8085 A

A₀ - A₁₅ are address bus. They are unidirectional.

ALE stands for Address Latch Enable Signal. It enables the lower 8-bits of the address.

IO/M signals are input/output

Block Diagram -

Da— MEMOR

D - IDR

Do—HOW



