

NAME.-

UID –

SEM –

BRANCH – BTECH CSE

SUBJECT – CN SURPRISE TEST 2

Q1 Construct an example to explain the parity check method used for error detection.

SOL

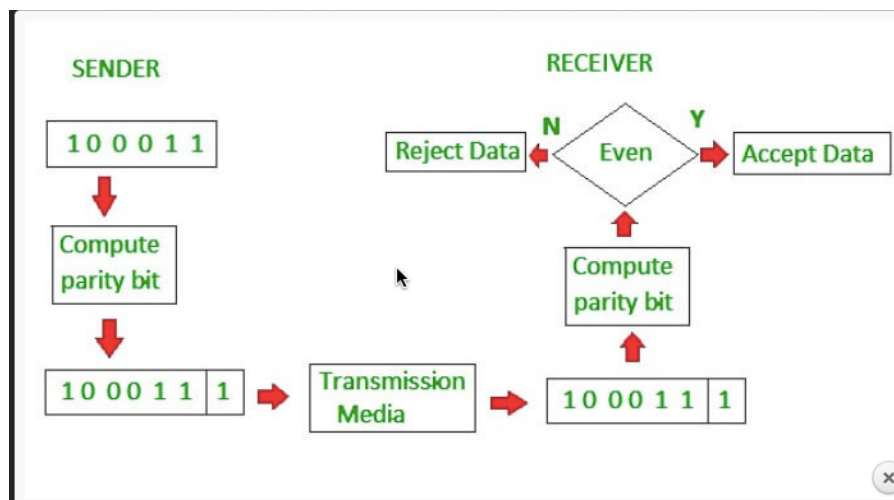
Parity check

Blocks of data from the source are subjected to a check bit or parity bit generator form, where parity of :

1 is added to the block if it contains an odd number of 1's, and

0 is added if it contains an even number of 1's

This scheme makes the total number of 1's even, that is why it is called even parity checking.



Q2 - If the original data to send is 10011001 11100010 00100100 10000100. How would it be possible to detect error using two dimensional error detecting technique?

SOL –

$$10011001 + 11100010 + 00100100 + 10000100 = 1000100011$$

Since the result consists of 10 bits, so extra 2 bits

$$00100011 + 10 = 00100101 \text{ (8 bits)}$$

$$1\text{'s complement} = 11011010$$

$$\text{checksum value} = 11011010$$

$$\text{Sum of all segments} + \text{Checksum value} = 11111111$$

$$\text{Complemented value} = 00000000$$

the result is 0, the receiver assumes no error occurred in the data.

