

## JAVA PROGRAMMING OUTPUT BASED QUESTIONS

#### Kindly read the instructions carefully

- 1. All these questions are important for examination and interview point of view, so practice them well.
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1. What will be the output of the following Java code?

```
class increment {
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int g = 3;
        System.out.print(++g * 8);
     }
     }
a) 32
b) 33
c) 24
d) 25
Ans: a
```

2. What will be the output of the following Java code?

```
class output {

public static void main(String args[])

{

double a, b,c;

a = 3.0/0;

b = 0/4.0;

c=0/0.0;
```



```
System.out.println(a);
         System.out.println(b);
         System.out.println(c);
a) NaN
b) Infinity
c) 0.0
d) all of the mentioned
Ans: a
3. What will be the output of the following Java program?
```

```
class variable_scope
{
  public static void main(String args[])
    int x;
    x = 5;
    {
     int y = 6;
     System.out.print(x + " " + y);
    System.out.println(x + " " + y);
```

```
}
a) Compilation error
b) Runtime error
c) 5 6 5 6
d) 5 6 5
Ans: a
4. What will be the output of the following Java program?
  class evaluate
    public static void main(String args[])
    int arr[] = new int[] {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9};
    int n = 6;
        n = arr[arr[n] / 2];
    System.out.println(arr[n] / 2);
  }
a) 2
b) 1
c) 4
d) 0
Ans: b
```



5. Predict the output of the following Java program.

```
package main;
class Base {
   public void Print()
         Syst<mark>em.out.pri</mark>ntln("Base");
}
class Derived extends Base {
   public void Print()
   {
         System.out.println("Derived");
class Main {
   public static void DoPrint(Base o)
   {
         o.Print();
   public static void main(String[] args)
```



```
Base x = new Base();
           Base y = new Derived();
           Derived z = new Derived();
           DoPrint(x);
           DoPrint(y);
           DoPrint(z);
  }
Ans: Base
     Derived
     Derived
6. Predict the output.
     package main;
     // filename Main.java
     class Point {
           protected int x, y;
           public Point(int _x, int _y)
                 x = x;
                 y = _y;
     public class Main {
           public static void main(String args[]){
```



```
Point p = new Point();
                 System.out.println("x = " + p.x + ", y = " + p.y);
            }
      Ans: Compiler Error
7. What will be the output of the following Java program?
     class leftshift_operator
       public static void main(String args[])
       {
          byte x = 64;
          int i;
          byte y;
          i = x << 2;
          y = (byte) (x << 2)
          System.out.print(i + " " + y);
       }
a) 0 256
b) 0 64
c) 256 0
d) 64 0
Ans: c
```



```
8. Predict the output.
     // filename: Test.java
      class Test {
           // Declaring and initializing integer variable
           int x = 10;
           // Main driver method
           public static void main(String[] args)
                 // Creating an object of class inside main()
                 Test t = new Test();
                 // Printing the value inside the object by
                 // above created object
                 System.out.println(t.x);
            }
      Ans: 10
9. Predict the output.
     // filename: Test.java
     // Main class
      class Test {
           // Declaring and initializing variables
           int y = 2;
```

int x = y + 2;



```
// main driver method
public static void main(String[] args)
{

// Creating an object of class inside main() method
    Test m = new Test();

// Printing the value of x and y
    // using above object created
    System.out.println("x = " + m.x + ", y = " + m.y);
}
Ans: x = 4, y = 2
```

#### 10. What will be the output of the following Java program?

```
class box
{
  int width;
  int height;
  int length;
}
class mainclass
{
  public static void main(String args[])
```



```
{
             box obj = new box();
             obj.width = 10;
             obj.height = 2;
             obj.length = 10;
             int y = obj.width * obj.height * obj.length;
             System.out.print(y);
          }
a) 100
b) 400
c) 200
d) 12
Ans: c
     Predict the output.
11.
     // file name: Main.java
     class Base {
           protected void foo() {}
     class Derived extends Base {
           void foo() {}
     public class Main {
```



```
public static void main(String args[]) {
                 Derived d = new Derived();
                 d.foo();
           }
     Ans: Compiler Error
     Predict the output.
12.
     // Main.java
     public class Main
      {
           public static void main(String args[])
                 String s1 = "abc";
                 String s2 = s1;
                 s1 += "d";
                 System.out.println(s1 + " " + s2 + " " + (s1 == s2));
                 StringBuffer sb1 = new StringBuffer("abc");
                 StringBuffer sb2 = sb1;
                 sb1.append("d");
                 System.out.println(sb1 + " " + sb2 + " " + (sb1 ==
     sb2));
     } //end class
      Ans: abcd abc false
           abcd abcd true
```



13. What will be the output of the following Java program?

```
class Alligator
       {
       public static void main(String[] args)
        {
        int []x[] = \{\{1,2\}, \{3,4,5\}, \{6,7,8,9\}\};
        int [][]y = x;
        System.out.println(y[2][1]);
a) Compilation Error
b) 2
c) 3
d) 7
Ans: d
      What will be the output of the following Java code?
14.
        class A
        {
           int i;
           void display()
           {
             System.out.println(i);
```



```
}
class B extends A
{
   int j;
   void <mark>display()</mark>
   {
      System.out.println(j);
class met<mark>hod_overridi</mark>ng
   public static void main(String args[])
   {
      B obj = new B();
      obj.i=1;
      obj.j=2;
      obj.display();
}
```

```
a) 1
b) 2
c) 0
d) Error
Ans: b
      Predict the output.
15.
      class First
            public First() { System.out.println("a"); }
      class Sec<mark>ond exten</mark>ds First
            public Second() { System.out.println("b"); }
      class Third extends Second
            public Third() { System.out.println("c"); }
      public class MainClass
            public static void main(String[] args)
                  Third c = new Third();
```



```
Ans: a
            b
16. Predict the output.
      class First
      {
            int i = 10;
            public First(int j)
                 System.out.println(i);
                  this.i = j * 10;
      class Second extends First
            public Second(int j)
                  super(j);
                  System.out.println(i);
                  this.i = j * 20;
            }
      }
      public class MainClass
           public static void main(String[] args)
                 Second n = new Second(20);
```



```
System.out.println(n.i);
           }
     Ans: 10
           200
           400
     Predict the output.
17.
     class ThreadEx extends Thread
     {
           public void run()
                 System.out.print("Hello...");
           public static void main(String args[])
                 ThreadEx T1 = new ThreadEx();
                 T1.start();
                 T1.stop();
                 T1.start();
           }
```

Ans: Run Time Exception

18. What will be the output of the following Java code?

```
class String_demo
{
   public static void main(String args[])
```



```
{
            char chars[] = {'a', 'b', 'c'};
            String s = new String(chars);
            System.out.println(s);
       }
a) abc
b) a
c) b
d) c
Ans: a
     Predict the output.
19.
     public class Calculator
           int nu<mark>m = 100;</mark>
           public void calc(int num) { this.num = num * 10; }
           public void printNum() { System.out.println(num); }
           public static void main(String[] args)
           {
                Calculator obj = new Calculator();
                obj.calc(2);
```



```
obj.printNum();
           }
     }
a) 20
b) 100
c) 1000
d) 2
Ans: a
     What will be the output of the following Java code?
20.
        class output {
          public static void main(String args[])
            String c = "Hello i love java";
            boolean var;
            var = c.startsWith("hello");
           System.out.println(var);
        }
a) 0
b) true
c) 1
d) false
Ans: d
```



#### 21. What will be the output of the following Java program?

```
class output
        {
          public static void main(String args[])
            StringBuffer s1 = new StringBuffer("Hello");
            StringBuffer s2 = s1.reverse();
            System.out.println(s2);
a) HelloolleH
b) olleHHello
c) Hello
d) olleH
Ans: d
     Predict the output.
22.
      class Alpha
           public String type = "a ";
           public Alpha() { System.out.print("alpha "); }
     public class Beta extends Alpha
```



```
public Beta() { System.out.print("beta "); }
           void go()
                 type = "b ";
                 System.out.print(this.type + super.type);
           }
           public static void main(String[] args)
                 new Beta().go();
           }
a) alpha beta b b
b) alpha beta a b
c) beta alpha b b
d) beta alpha a b
Ans: a
      Predict the output.
23.
      public class Test
           public static void main(String[] args)
                 StringBuilder s1 = new StringBuilder("Java");
                 String s2 = "Love";
                 s1.append(s2);
                 s1.substring(4);
```



```
int foundAt = s1.indexOf(s2);
                System.out.println(foundAt);
           }
     }
a) -1
b) 3
c) 4
d) A StringIndexOutOfBoundsException is thrown at runtime.
Ans: c
     What will be the output of the following Java program?
24.
       class Output
          public static void main(String args[])
          {
            double x = 2.0;
            double y = 3.0;
            double z = Math.pow(x, y);
            System.out.print(z);
a) 9.0
b) 8.0
```



```
c) 4.0
d) 2.0
Ans: b
     What will be the output of the following Java code?
25.
        class Output
        {
          public static void main(String args[])
             int a = Character.MIN_VALUE;
             Sy<mark>stem.out.p</mark>rint((char)a);
        }
a) @
b) Space
c) <
d)!
Ans: b
26.
      Predict the output.
      class superClass
      {
           final public int calc(int a, int b)
                  return 0;
            }
```



27.

```
class subClass extends superClass
      public int calc(int a, int b)
           return 1;
      }
public class Gfg
      public static void main(String args[])
           subClass get = new subClass();
           System.out.println("x = " + get.calc(0, 1));
      }
Ans: Compilation fails
What will be the output of the following Java code snippet?
  import ja<mark>va.util.*;</mark>
  class Arraylist
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
       ArrayList obj = new ArrayList();
       obj.add("A");
       obj.add("B");
```



```
obj.add("C");
            obj.add(1, "D");
            System.out.println(obj);
a) [A, D, C]
b) [A, B, C]
c) [A, B, C, D]
d) [A, D, B, C]
Ans: d
     What will be the output of the following Java code?
28.
        class multithreaded_programing
        {
          public static void main(String args[])
            Thread t = Thread.currentThread();
            t.setName("New Thread");
            System.out.println(t);
a) Thread[main,5,main]
```

b) Thread[New Thread,5,main]



```
c) Thread[5,main]
d) Thread[New Thread,5]
Ans: b
     What will be the output of the following Java program?
29.
        class output
        {
          public static void main(String args[])
           StringBuffer s1 = new StringBuffer("Hello");
           StringBuffer s2 = s1.reverse();
           System.out.println(s2);
a) olleH
b) olleHHello
c) Hello
d) HelloolleH
Ans: a
     What will be the output of the following Java code?
30.
        class newthread extends Thread
        {
```

Thread t;



```
newthread()
  {
     t1 = new Thread(this,"Thread_1");
     t2 = new Thread(this,"Thread_2");
     t1.start();
     t2.start();
   }
   public void run()
     t2.setPriority(Thread.MAX_PRIORITY);
     System.out.print(t1.equals(t2));
class multithreaded_programing
  public static void main(String args[])
  {
    new newthread();
}
```



- a) truetrue
- b) falsefalse
- c) true
- d) false

Ans: b

#### 31. Predict the output.

```
public class Base
{
private int data;

public Base()
{
  data = 5;
}
```

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```
public int getData()
{
  return this.data;
}
```

class Derived extends Base



```
private int data;
    public Derived()
      data = 6;
    private int getData()
    {
      return d<mark>ata;</mark>
    public static void main(String[] args)
      Derived myData = new Derived();
      System.out.println(myData.getData());
a) 6
b) 5
c) Compile time error
d) Run time error
Ans: c
```



#### 32. What will be the output of the following Java code?

```
class overload
{
   int x;
    double y;
   void add(int a , int b)
   {
     x = a + b;
   void add(double c , double d)
   {
     y = c + d;
   overloa<mark>d()</mark>
     this.x = 0;
     this.y = 0;
   }
class Overload_methods
```



```
public static void main(String args[])
             overload obj = new overload();
             int a = 2;
             double b = 3.2;
             obj<mark>.add(a, a);</mark>
             obj.add(b, b);
             System.out.println(obj.x + " " + obj.y);
        }
a) 6.4 6.4
b) 6 6
c) 46.4
d) 6.4 6
Ans: c
      Predict the output.
33.
      import java.io.IOException;
      import java.util.EmptyStackException;
      public class newclass
            public static void main(String[] args)
                  try
```



```
{
                      System.out.printf("%d", 1);
                      throw(new Exception());
                 catch(IOException e)
                      System.out.printf("%d", 2);
                 catch(EmptyStackException e)
                      System.out.printf("%d", 3);
                 catch(Exception e)
                      System.out.printf("%d", 4);
                finally
                      System.out.printf("%d", 5);
           }
a) 12345
b) 15
c) 135
d) 145
Ans: d
```



34. What will be the output of the following Java program?

```
class string_class
          public static void main(String args[])
            String obj = "I LIKE JAVA";
            System.out.println(obj.length());
          }
a) 11
b) 12
c) 10
d) 9
Ans: a
35.
     Predict the output.
     public class Test implements Runnable
           public void run()
                 System.out.printf("%d",3);
           public static void main(String[] args) throws
      InterruptedException
```



```
Thread thread = new Thread(new Test());
                 thread.start();
                 System.out.printf("%d",1);
                 thread.join();
                 System.out.printf("%d",2);
           }
     }
a) 123
b) 213
c) 132
d) 321
Ans: c
     Predict the output.
36.
     import java.io. *;
     public class Test
           public void display() throws IOException
           {
                 System.out.println("Test");
           }
     }
      class Derived extends Test
     {
           public void display() throws IOException
```



```
{
                 System.out.println("Derived");
           public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException
                 Derived object = new Derived();
                 object.display();
           }
     }
a) Test
b) Derived
c) Compilation error
d) Runtime error
Ans: b
     Predict the output.
37.
     class Temp
           private Temp(int data)
                 System.out.printf(" Constructor called ");
           protected static Temp create(int data)
                 Temp obj = new Temp(data);
                 return obj;
           public void myMethod()
```

38.

```
{
           System.out.printf(" Method called ");
     }
}
public class Test
     public static void main(String[] args)
           Temp obj = Temp.create(20);
           obj.myMethod();
     }
a) Constructor called Method called
b) Compilation error
c) Runtime error
d) None of the above
Ans: a
Predict the output.
class Base
     public static String s = " Super Class ";
     public Base()
           System.out.printf("1");
     }
public class Derived extends Base
```



```
public Derived()
           {
                 System.out.printf("2");
                 super();
           }
           public static void main(String[] args)
                 Derived obj = new Derived();
                 System.out.printf(s);
           }
a) 21 Super Class
b) Super Class 21
c) Compilation error
d) 12 Super Class
Ans: c
     Predict the output.
39.
     public class Outer
           private static int data = 10;
           private static int LocalClass()
                 class Inner
                      public int data = 20;
                      private int getData()
```



```
{
    return data;
}

};
Inner inner = new Inner();
return inner.getData();
}

public static void main(String[] args)
{
    System.out.println(data * LocalClass());
}

a) Compilation error
b) Runtime Error
c) 200
d) None of the above
```

#### 40. Predict the output.

Ans: c

```
// Java code for thread creation by extending the Thread class
class MultithreadingDemo extends Thread {
    public void run()
    {
        try {
            // Displaying the thread that is running
            System.out.println(
```



```
"Thread"+
      Thread.currentThread().getId()
                            + " is running");
                 catch (Exception e) {
                      // Throwing an exception
                      System.out.println("Exception is caught");
           }
     }
     // Main Class
     public class Multithread {
           public static void main(String[] args)
                 int n = 8; // Number of threads
                 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                       MultithreadingDemo object
                            = new MultithreadingDemo();
                      object.start();
           }
Ans: Thread 15 is running
     Thread 14 is running
     Thread 16 is running
     Thread 12 is running
```



Thread 11 is running

Thread 13 is running

Thread 18 is running

Thread 17 is running

