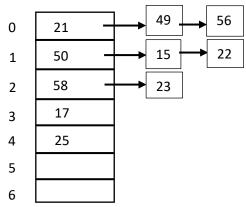
Chaining

hash(key) = key % 7

keys = {50, 21, 58, 17, 15, 49, 56, 22, 23, 25}



Hash Table (Array of Linked List Headers)

Performance

m = No of slots in Hash Table n = No of keys to be inserted load factor \propto = n/m Expected chain length = \propto Expected time to search = $O(1 + \propto)$ Expected time to Insert/Delete = $O(1 + \propto)$

Data Structure for Strong Chains

- ⇒ Linked List (search O(I), delete O(I), insert O(I))
- ⇒ Dynamic Sized Arrays (vector in c++, Arraylist in java, list in python)
- ⇒ Self-Balancing BST (AVL Tree, Red Black Tree) (O(log 1))