

Hashing Functions

How Hash Function Work?

- ⇒ Should always map a large key to same small key
- ⇒ Should generate values from 0 to $m-1$
- ⇒ Should be fast, $O(1)$ for integer and $O(\text{len})$ for string of length 'len'
- ⇒ Should uniformly distribute large keys into Hash Table slots

Example Hash Functions

1. $h(\text{large-key}) = \text{large-key} \% m$
2. For strings, weighted sum
 $\text{str[]} = \text{"abcd"}$
 $(\text{str}[0] * x^0 + \text{str}[1] * x^1 + \text{str}[2] * x^2 + \text{str}[3] * x^4) \% m$
3. Universal Hashing