

Problem

Dr. Patel has N stacks of plates. Each stack contains K plates. Each plate has a positive beauty value, describing how beautiful it looks.

Dr. Patel would like to take exactly P plates to use for dinner tonight. If he would like to take a plate in a stack, he must also take all of the plates above it in that stack as well.

Help Dr. Patel pick the P plates that would maximize the total sum of beauty values.

Input

The first line of the input gives the number of test cases, T . T test cases follow. Each test case begins with a line containing the three integers N , K and P . Then, N lines follow. The i -th line contains K integers, describing the beauty values of each stack of plates from top to bottom.

Output

For each test case, output one line containing Case # x : y , where x is the test case number (starting from 1) and y is the maximum total sum of beauty values that Dr. Patel could pick.

Limits

Time limit: 20 seconds per test set.

Memory limit: 1GB.

$1 \leq T \leq 100$.

$1 \leq K \leq 30$.

$1 \leq P \leq N * K$.

The beauty values are between 1 and 100, inclusive.

Test set 1

$1 \leq N \leq 3$.

Test set 2

$1 \leq N \leq 50$.

Sample

Input

Output

```
2
2 4 5
10 10 100 30
80 50 10 50
3 2 3
80 80
15 50
20 10
```

Case #1: 250

Case #2: 180

In Sample Case #1, Dr. Patel needs to pick $P = 5$ plates:

He can pick the top 3 plates from the first stack ($10 + 10 + 100 = 120$).

He can pick the top 2 plates from the second stack ($80 + 50 = 130$).

In total, the sum of beauty values is 250.

In Sample Case #2, Dr. Patel needs to pick $P = 3$ plates:

He can pick the top 2 plates from the first stack ($80 + 80 = 160$).

He can pick no plates from the second stack.

He can pick the top plate from the third stack (20).

In total, the sum of beauty values is 180.

Note: Unlike previous editions, in Kick Start 2020, all test sets are visible verdict test sets, meaning you receive instant feedback upon submission.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
#define ll long long
```

```
#define ar array
```

```
int n, k, p, a[50][30];
```

```
int dp[51][1501];
```

```
void solve() {  
    cin >> n >> k >> p;  
    memset(dp, 0xc0, sizeof(dp));  
    dp[0][0]=0;  
    for(int i=0; i<n; ++i) {  
        memcpy(dp[i+1], dp[i], sizeof(dp[0]));  
        for(int j=0, s=0; j<k; ++j) {  
            cin >> a[i][j];  
            s+=a[i][j];  
            //use j+1 plates  
            for(int l=0; l+j+1<=p; ++l)  
                dp[i+1][l+j+1]=max(dp[i][l]+s, dp[i+1][l+j+1]);  
        }  
    }  
    cout << dp[n][p] << "\n";  
}
```

```
int main() {  
    ios::sync_with_stdio(0);  
    cin.tie(0);
```

```
    int t, i=1;  
    cin >> t;  
    while(t--) {  
        cout << "Case #" << i << ": ";  
        solve();  
        ++i;  
    }  
}
```

