

# TCP and UDP

<b>TCP</b>	<b>UDP</b>
Connection oriented	Connectionless
Error detection and recovery	Error detection, but no recovery
Slower	Faster
HTTP(80), FTP(20,21), SMTP(25), Telnet(23)	DHCP(67,68), TFTP(69), SNMP(161,162), NTP(123)

## TCP/IP model

<b>Application</b>	HTTP, FTP/TFTP, SNMP, SMTP, Telnet/SSH, DHCP/BootP, DNS, NTP, Email/POP	
<b>Presentation</b>	HTML, JPEG, Mp3	
<b>Session</b>		
<b>Transport</b>	TCP/UDP, SSL, TLS	Segment
<b>Network</b>	IP, ICMP, ARP/RARP, OSPF, IPSec	Packet
<b>Data-link</b>	Ethernet , PPP , HDLC , CDP/LLDP	Frame
<b>Physical</b>	RJ45, 1000BASE-TX	Data

### TCP

- FTP - 20,21
- Telnet - 23
- SMTP - 25
- HTTP - 80
- POP3 - 110

### UDP

- DHCP - 67,68
- TFTP - 69
- NTP - 123

- SNMP - 161,162
- RADIUS(Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service) - 1812,1813

Both

- DNS - 53

## TCP Header :

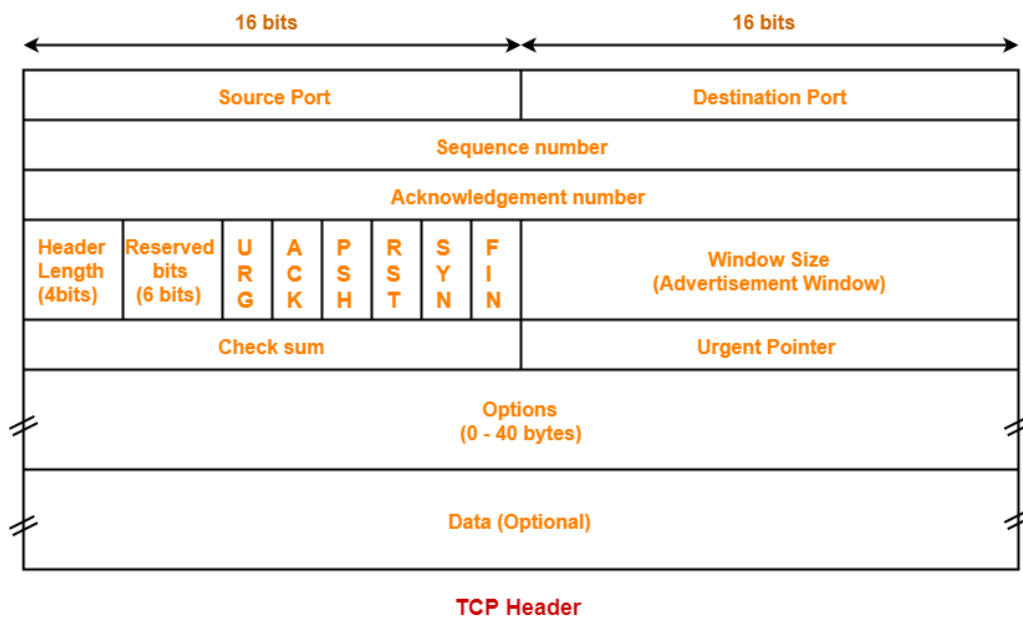
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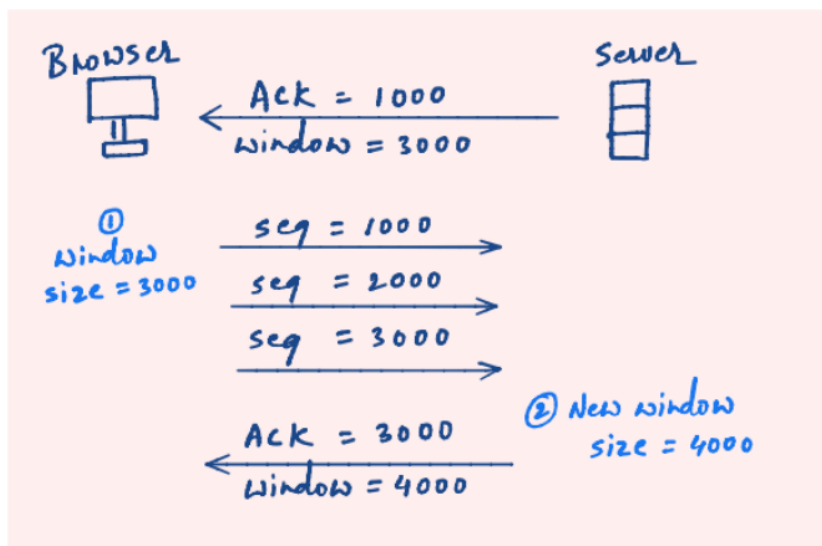
## Features :

1. Multiplexing using port no.
  - which app gets the data using dest port no.

- Used by socket
  - ( ip address ,
  - protocol ,
  - port no )
    - Well-known (system) port → 1 - 1023
    - User (registered) port → 1024 - 49151
    - ephemeral (private) port → 49152 - 65535

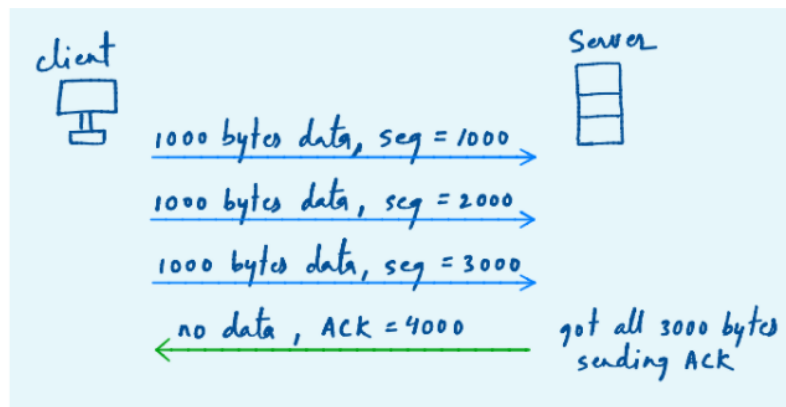
## 2. Flow control using windowing

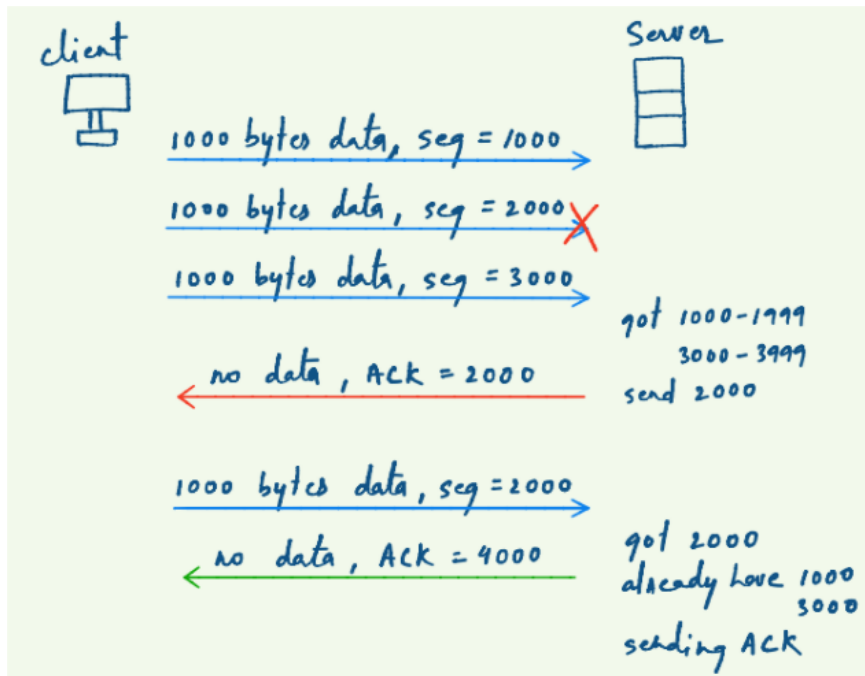
- Server tells client how much data can be sent



## 3. Error recovery and reliability

- Records data bytes in the form of sequencing and acknowledgement
- Forward acknowledgement - guessing next expected data byte size

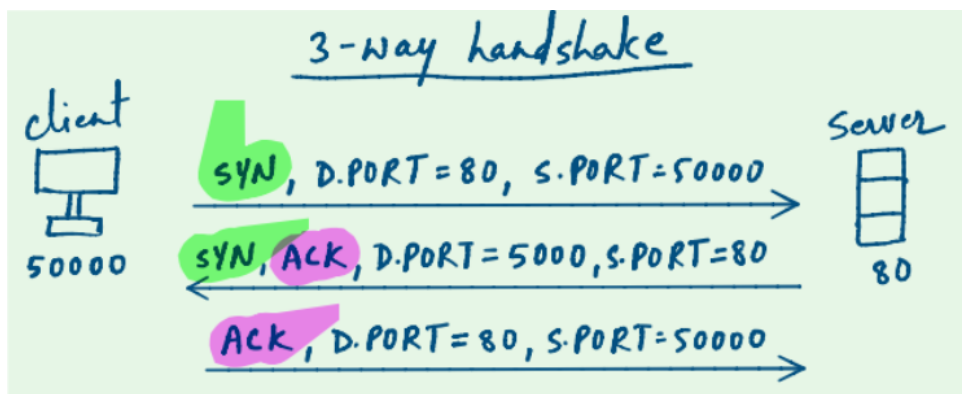




#### 4. Connection establishment and termination

Establishment :

- Initializing SEQ field
- Acknowledging port no. used



Termination :

- 4-way handshake with FIN bit

## 4-way handshake

