



Q2)

a	b	d
1	0	1
0	1	0

$$\eta = 0.3$$

Initial weights

$$w = [0.1, 0.1, 0.1]$$

$$v_2 [0.1, 0.1]$$

momentum,  $\alpha = 0.9$

Iteration 1

$$\alpha \neq 1/4 (X w)^T =$$

a) Input 1 ( $a=1, b=0$ )

$$c = 0.5498$$

$$d = 0.5387$$

$$\text{Updated } w_2 [0.1034, 0.1034, 0.1]$$

$$\text{updated } v_2 [0.2384, 0.1761]$$

b) Input 2 ( $a=0, b=1$ )

$$c = 0.5507$$

$$d = 0.5831$$

$$\text{Updated } w_2 [0.0989, 0.1065, 0.0924]$$

$$\text{updated } v_2 [0.1880, 0.1483]$$



## Iteration 2

a) Input 1 ( $a_2=1, b_2=0$ )

$$c_2 = 0.5512$$

$$d_2 = 0.5670$$

$$\text{Updated } w_2 = [0.996, 0.1140, 0.085]$$

$$\text{Updated } v_2 = [0.2726, 0.1948]$$

b) Input 2 ( $a_2=0, b_2=1$ )

$$c_2 = \cancel{0.55} : 0.5461$$

$$d_2 = 0.5936$$

$$\text{Updated } w_2 = [0.0916, 0.1208, 0.0707]$$

$$\text{Updated } v_2 = [0.1706, 0.1394]$$



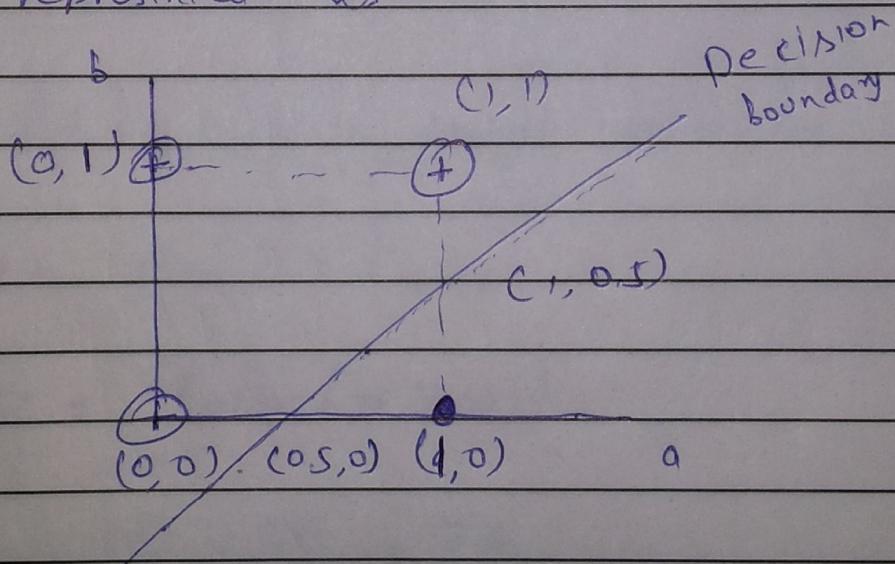
Q3

$A \wedge \neg B$

Truth table for  $A \wedge \neg B$

A	B	$A \wedge \neg B$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	1
1	1	0

On a 2-d graph, data can be represented as



Equation of decision boundary  $a - b - 0.5 = 0$

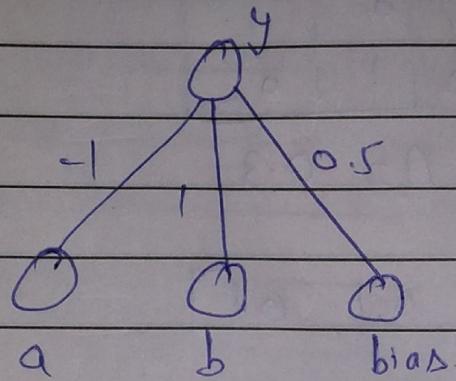
$$\text{or } b - a + 0.5 = 0$$

for  $b - a + 0.5 > 0$  class is positive

and for  $b - a + 0.5 < 0$  class is negative



Hence the perceptron model  
for the given function is





Q4

(a)  $Z = \tanh(XW^T)$

$$y^* = \frac{\exp(ZV^T)}{\sum_{k=1}^K \exp(ZV_k^T)} \rightarrow \underbrace{G(ZV^T)}_{\text{softmax}}$$

Error function,  $E = - \sum_{n=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^K t_{nj} \log(y_{nj}^*)$

Let us calculate weight updates for single forward pass.

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial V} = - \sum_{i=1}^K \frac{t_i}{y_i} \frac{\partial (y_i)}{\partial V}$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^K \frac{t_i}{y_i} \frac{\partial (\sigma(ZV^T))}{\partial V}$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^K \frac{\partial (\sigma(ZV^T))}{\partial (ZV^T)} \times \frac{\partial (ZV^T)}{\partial V}$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^K \frac{t_i}{y_i} y_i (1-y_i) Z$$

Let us calculate weight updates for k=2



$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial V_{ih}} \rightarrow -t_i(1-y_i)z_n + (1-t_i)y_i z_h \\ = (y_i - t_i)z_h$$

Weigh update equation of  $V$

~~$$\Delta V_{ih} = \eta \left( \frac{\partial E}{\partial V_{ih}} \right)$$~~

$$\Delta V_{ih} = n \left( -\frac{\partial E}{\partial V_{ih}} \right) \\ = n(t_i - y_i)z_n$$

Now let us calculate weight update for  $w$

$$y = \sigma(zv^T),$$

$$z = \tanh(\alpha X w^T)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial E}{\partial w} &= \frac{\partial E}{\partial y} \times \frac{\partial E}{\partial z} \times \frac{\partial z}{\partial w} \\ &= \left( \frac{t_i \cdot y(1-y)v}{y} + \frac{(1-t_i)(1-y)(-y)v}{1-y} \right) \times \\ &\quad \left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial (Xw^T)} \right) \times \left( \frac{\partial Xw^T}{\partial w} \right) \end{aligned}$$



$$\Delta w_{nj} = \sum_{i=1}^k (t_i - y_i) v_n \frac{\partial \tanh(nw^\top)}{\partial (nw^\top)} \frac{\partial n^0}{\partial w}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^k (t_i - y_i) v_n [1 - \tanh(nw_{nj}^\top)^2] y_j$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^k (t_i - y_i) v_n \cdot [1 - z_n^2] \cdot y_j$$

$$\Delta w_{nj} = \eta \left( \sum_{i=1}^k (t_i - y_i) v_n v_{in} [1 - z_n^2] y_j \right)$$