

STUDENTS PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

SQL Fundamentals

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PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

THE PURPOSE OF THIS PROJECT IS TO ANALYZE THE PERFORMANCE OF STUDENTS BASED ON VARIOUS FACTORS SUCH AS GENDER, RACE/ETHNICITY, PARENTAL EDUCATION LEVEL, LUNCH TYPE, AND TEST PREPARATION COURSE COMPLETION.
BY UNDERSTANDING THESE FACTORS, WE AIM TO DRAW MEANINGFUL INSIGHTS THAT CAN HELP IMPROVE EDUCATIONAL OUTCOMES AND PROVIDE TARGETED RECOMMENDATIONS FOR STUDENTS.

PROJECT AIM:

THIS PROJECT AIMS TO DEVELOP A DATA-DRIVEN APPROACH FOR STUDENTS PERFORMANCE AND ITS COMPLICATIONS AT AN EARLY STAGE USING SQL.

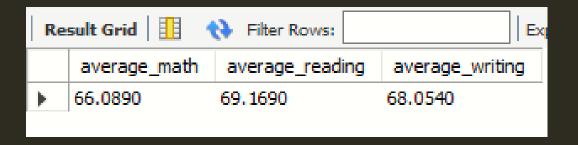
TECH STACK USED:

Used Software While Making The Project:

- 1. MYSQL Work Bench 8.0 (For Working, analyzing, and reporting Insights)
- 2. Microsoft PowerPoint (For Presenting the detailed analysis)
- 3. Power Bi (For Visualize Insights)

STUDENTS PERFORMANCE: CALCULATE THE AVERAGE SCORE OF STUDENTS IN ALL SUBJECTS?

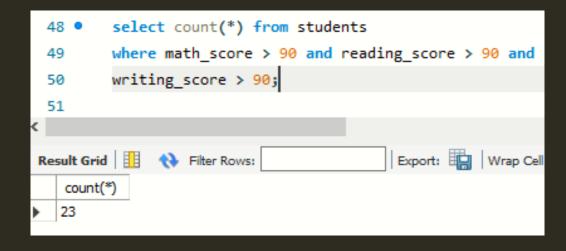
select avg(math_score) as average_math,
 avg(reading_score) as average_reading,
 avg(writing_score) as average_writing
 from students;



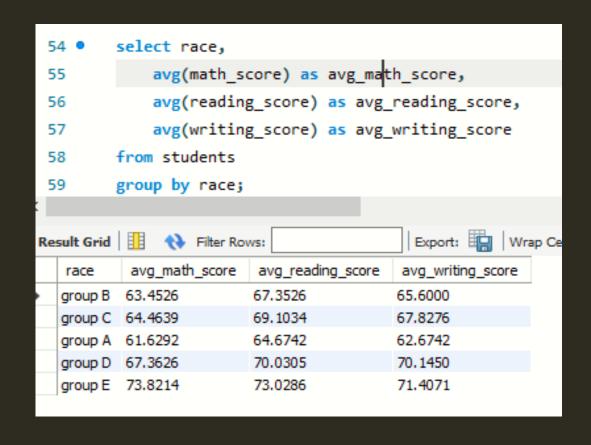
NOTE: OBSERVING THE RESULTS FOR EACH SUBJECT, IT IS CLEAR THAT MATHEMATICS IS THE SUBJECT IN WHICH STUDENTS FACE THE GREATEST DIFFICULTY.

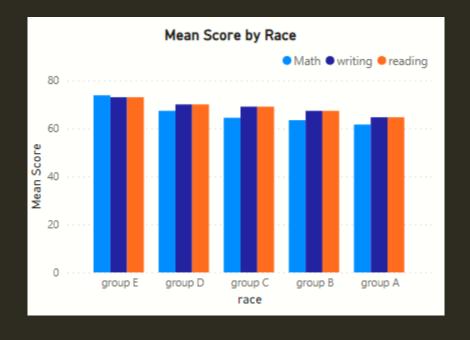
THE SUBJECT IN WHICH STUDENTS FIND IT EASIEST IS READING.

FIND NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO SCORE ABOVE 90 IN ALL SUBJECTS.



PERFORMANCE BY RACE/ETHNICITY: FIND AVERAGE SCORES STUDENTS IN DIFFERENT RACE GROUP

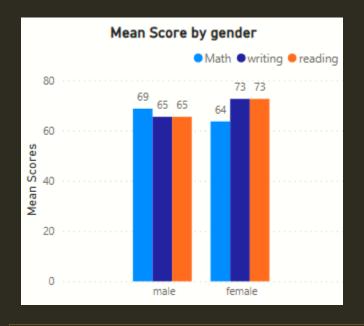




NOTE: AS SEEN GROUP E HAS THE HIGHEST AVERAGE SCORES FOLLOWED BY D,C,B,A

PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS BY GENDER: CALCULATE THE AVERAGE SCORE OF STUDENTS IN ALL SUBJECTS BY THEIR GENDER

4	47 • select gender, avg(math_score) as average_math,						
4	8	<pre>avg(reading_score) as average_reading,</pre>					
4	9	<pre>avg(writing_score) as average_writing</pre>					
50	50 from students						
51 group by gender;							
Result Grid Export: Wrap Cel							
	gender	average_math	average_reading	average_writing			
•	female	63.6332	72.6081	72.4672			
	male	68.7282	65.4730	63.3112			



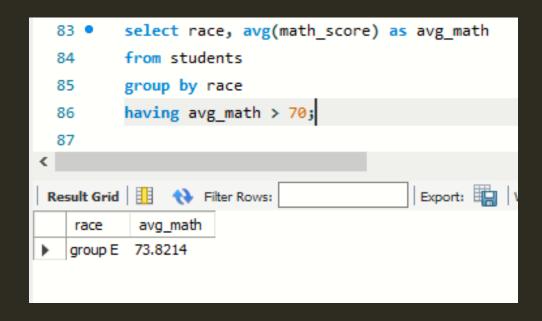
NOTE: IT CAN BE SEEN THAT FEMALES HAVE HIGHER AVERAGE SCORES IN READING AND WRITING WHILE MALES HAVE HIGHER AVERAGE IN MATH.

FIND THE TOP 10 STUDENTS WITH THE HIGHEST OVERALL SCORE (AVERAGE OF MATH, READING, WRITING)

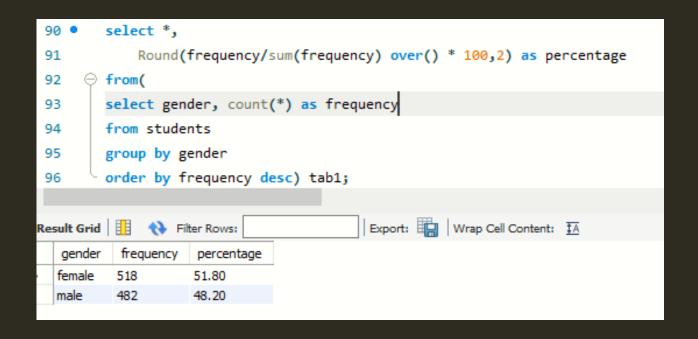
```
    SELECT gender, race,
        Round((math_score + reading_score + writing_score) / 3, 2) AS overall_score
        FROM students
        ORDER BY overall_score DESC
        limit 10;
```

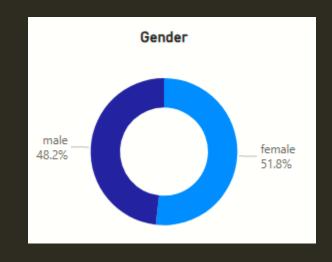
Result Grid		#	Filter Rows:	
	gender	race	overall_score	
)	female	group E	100.00	
	female	group E	100.00	
	male	group E	100.00	
	female	group E	99.67	
	female	group D	99.00	
	female	group D	99.00	
	male	group D	98.67	
	female	group C	98.67	
	female	group D	97.67	
	male	group E	97.67	

FIND RACE GROUPS WHERE THE AVERAGE MATH SCORE IS GREATER THAN 70



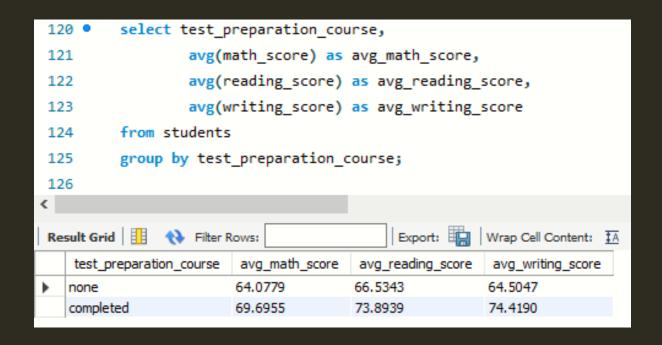
HOW MANY MALE AND FEMALE THERE ARE IN NUMBERS AND PERCENTAGE?

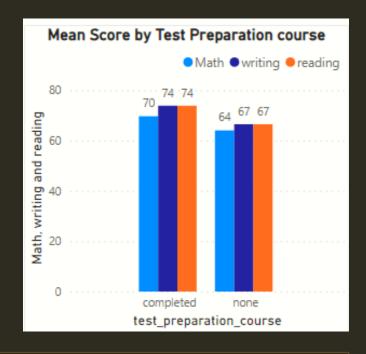




NOTE: THERE ARE 518 FEMALES AND 482 MALES, RESULTING IN A POPULATION THAT IS 52% FEMALE AND 48% MALE.

WRITE AN SQL QUERY TO CALCULATE THE AVERAGE SCORE FOR STUDENTS BASED ON WHETHER THEY COMPLETED A TEST PREPARATION COURSE?

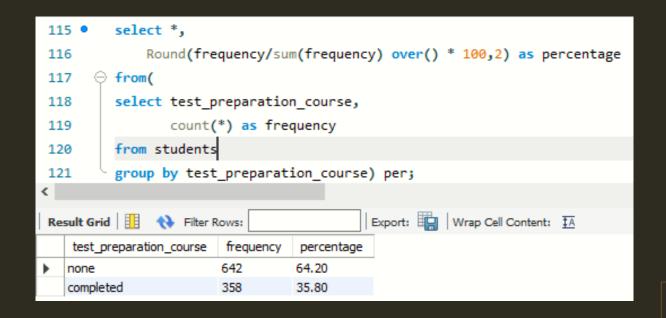


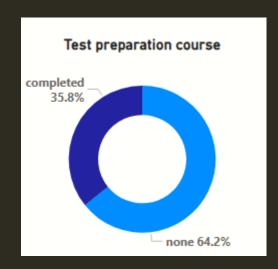


NOTE: STUDENTS WHO COMPLETED TEST PREPARATION COURSE HAVE HIGHER AVERAGE SCORES COMPARED TO THOSE WHO DID NOT COMPLETE THE COURSE.

IT INDICATE THE COURSE LIKELY HELP IMPROVE THEIR PERFORMANCE

PARTICIPATION IN PREPARATION COURSE: FIND NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO COMPLETED TEST PREPARATION COURSE AND THOSE WHO DID NOT?

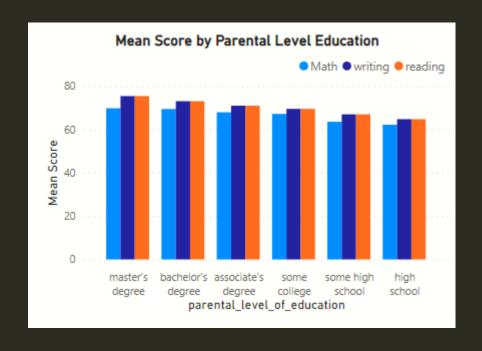




NOTE: THE MAJORITY OF GROUP CONSISTS OF STUDENTS WHO DO NOT PARTICIPATE IN PREPARATORY COURSE WITH 64% OF GROUP.

SCORE DISTRIBUTION BY PARENTAL LEVEL OF EDUCATION: CALCULATE AVERAGE MATH SCORE BY PARENTAL LEVEL EDUCATION?

5	5 •	select	pa	arental	_1	evel_of	_educat	tion,
5	6	a۱	/g(n	nath_sc	or	e) as a	vg_sco	re
5	7	from s	stuc	dents				
5	8	group	by	parent	al	_level_	of_edu	cation;
Result Grid								
	parenta	al_level_c	of_e	ducation	a١	/g_score		
*	bachelor	's degree	e		69	.3898		
	some co	llege			67	. 1283		
	master's degree		69.7458					
	associate's degree		67.8829					
	high sch	ool			62	. 1378		
	some hig	gh school			63	.4972		



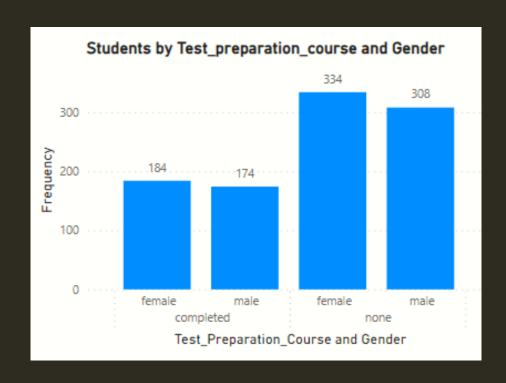
NOTE: PARENT'S WITH MASTER'S HAVE ACHIEVE HIGHER SCORES WHILE PARENTS WITH ONLY HIGH SCHOOL HAVE LOWEST SCORES.

SCORE DISTRIBUTION: FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION FOR MATH SCORES

```
SELECT
    CASE
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 0 AND 10 THEN '0-10'
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 11 AND 20 THEN '11-20'
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 21 AND 30 THEN '21-30'
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 31 AND 40 THEN '31-40'
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 41 AND 50 THEN '41-50'
        WHEN math_score BETWEEN 51 AND 60 THEN '51-60'
        WHEN math_score BETWEEN 61 AND 70 THEN '61-70'
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 71 AND 80 THEN '71-80'
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 81 AND 90 THEN '81-90'
        WHEN math_score BETWEEN 91 AND 100 THEN '91-100'
    END AS score_range,
    COUNT(*) AS count
FROM students
GROUP BY score_range
ORDER BY score_range;
```

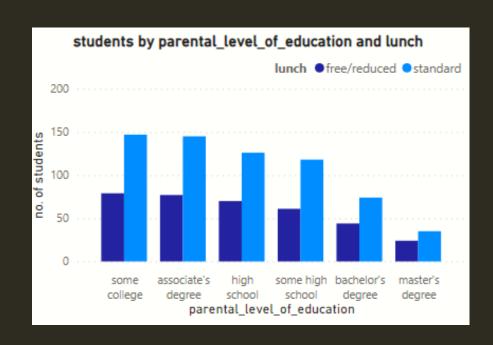
Result Grid					
	score_range	count			
•	0-10	2			
	11-20	2			
	21-30	12			
	31-40	34			
	41-50	100			
	51-60	189			
	61-70	270			
	71-80	215			
	81-90	126			
	91-100	50			

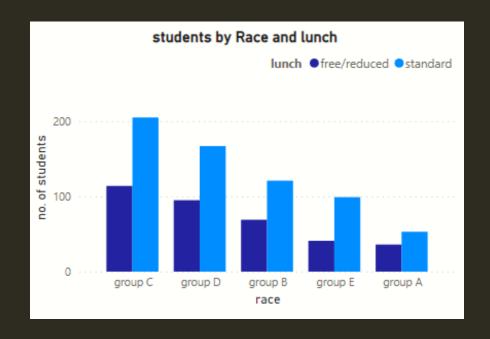
IN POWER BI, CREATE CHART THAT EXPLORE THE NUMBER OF MALE/FEMALE WHO COMPLETED THE TEST PREPARATION COURSE IN THE DATASET?



NOTE: IT IS OBSERVED THAT MORE THAN HALF DID NOT COMPLETE THE PREPARATION COURSE

DOES RACE OR PARENTAL LEVEL OF EDUCATION AFFECT THE LUNCH TAKEN BY STUDENTS?





NOTE: BOTH RACE AND PARENT'S LEVEL OF EDUCATION SEEM TO HAVE NO EFFECT ON LUNCH TAKEN BY STUDENTS

Analysis and Findings:

- Subject Difficulty and Performance: Mathematics is the most challenging subject for students, Reading is the subject in which students perform the best
- Performance by Race: Group E scores highest, followed by Groups D, C, B, and A.
- Gender Based Performance: Females outperform male in reading and writing. Male have a slight edge over female in mathematics. This indicates a gender-based difference in subject-specific performance
- Impact of test course: Students who complete the course score higher. A majority (64%) of the students did not participate in the test preparation course.
- High Achievers: Few students score above 90 in all subjects.
- Parental Education Level: Students with parents who have a master's degree tend to achieve higher scores and parents who completed high school have the lowest score. Higher parental education may have positive influene.

Recommendations for Students:

Focus on Challenging Subjects: Students should allocated more study time and seek additional help to improve their math skills.

Parental Involvement: Encouraging parents to be involved in their children's education, especially those with lower educational

Female students should work on mathematics. Male students should work on their reading and writing.

Test Preparation Course: Students are encouraged to participate in test preparation courses, it indicates these courses are beneficial in boosting academic performance.

Targeted Support: Schools and educators should provide targeted support and resources for racial group and for students who are struggling, based on analysis.

Balanced Academic Students should aim for a well-rounded academic approach, trying to do well in all subjects rather than focusing on just one. Utilize available support for difficult subjects.

Thank You —