# **Principles of Big Data Management**

# **Project Phase - 1**



## **Team Members:**

Ankitha Wankhede - 16233344 Rajeswari Devi Namana -18135299 Sravya Reddy Bokka - 16240386

#### Goal:

- To Collect Tweets using Twitter's Streaming APIs (e.g., 100K Tweets)
   (<a href="https://dev.twitter.com/docs/streaming-apis">https://dev.twitter.com/docs/streaming-apis</a>)
- Extract all the hashtags and URLs in the tweets
- Run the WordCount example in Apache Hadoop and Apache Spark on the extracted hashtags/URLs and collect the output and log files from Hadoop. Add a README file.

## **Step 1: Collection of tweets from Twitter Streaming API:**

Executed code in python using tweepy library.

#### Code Used:

```
#Import the necessary methods from tweepy library
from tweepy.streaming import StreamListener
from tweepy import OAuthHandler
from tweepy import Stream
#Variables that contains the user credentials to access Twitter API
access token = "888958069098635264-AsvKqThYHQL02oVnfa148kEU9ooPks2"
access_token_secret = "rgWc4aerpJruAwdZHpjAZYHn55qD92TJnUUpaNd8G1j7I"
consumer key = "zKhTdLsdjIG8HlfRa0Fhxoofo"
consumer secret = "vorTGnycUlmTr6RhjocPmYJ0A3yttUTpXNBIyjB7bNw2YOSGvC"
#This is a basic listener that just prints received tweets to stdout.
class StdOutListener(StreamListener):
   def on_data(self, data):
      print(data)
      return True
  def on error(self, status):
      print(status)
if __name__ == '__main__':
   #This handles Twitter authentication and the connection to Twitter Streaming API
   1 = StdOutListener()
   auth = OAuthHandler(consumer key, consumer secret)
   auth.set access token(access token, access token secret)
   stream = Stream(auth, 1)
```

```
#This line filter Twitter Streams to capture data by the keywords: 'mom'
#stream.filter(track=['hashtags', "(?P<url>https?://[^\s]+)"])
stream.filter(track=["mom"])
```

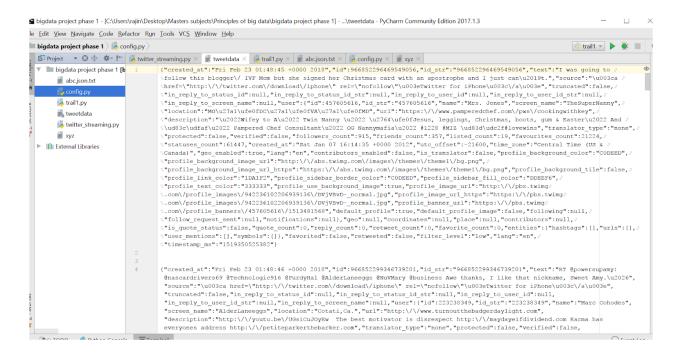
#### **Code Screenshots:**

🖺 bigdata project phase 1 - [C:\Users\rajin\Desktop\Masters subjects\Principles of big data\bigdata project phase 1] - ...\twitter\_streaming.py - PyCharm Com

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>E</u>dit <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>C</u>ode <u>R</u>efactor R<u>u</u>n <u>T</u>ools VC<u>S</u> <u>W</u>indow <u>H</u>elp
🗊 🗷 😌 🌞 👫 🎁 twitter_streaming.py × 📳 tweetdata × 👛 trail1.py × 📳 abc.json.txt × 🐞 config.py × 🛢 xyz ×
   bigdata project
         abc.json.txt
                             #Import the necessary methods from tweepy library
         🧓 config.py
                             from tweepy.streaming import StreamListener
                             from tweepy import OAuthHandler
         trail1.py
                             from tweepy import Stream
         tweetdata ta
         ち twitter strea
                             #Variables that contains the user credentials to access Twitter API
                             access token = "888958069098635264-AsvKqThYHQL02oVnfa148kEU9ooPks2"
         ■ xyz
                             access token secret = "rgWc4aerpJruAwdZHpjAZYHn55qD92TJnUUpaNd8G1j7I"
   External Librarie:
                             consumer key = "zKhTdLsdjIG8H1fRa0Fhxoofo"
                             consumer_secret = "vorTGnycUlmTr6RhjocPmYJ0A3yttUTpXNBIyjB7bNw2YOSGvC"
                             #This is a basic listener that just prints received tweets to stdout.
                     14
                             class StdOutListener(StreamListener):
                     16 o
                                  def on_data(self, data):
                                      print(data)
                     18
                                      return True
                     19
                     20 0
                                  def on_error(self, status):
                                     print(status)
                             if __name__ == '__main__':
                     24
                     26
                                  #This handles Twitter authetification and the connection to Twitter Streaming API
                                  1 = StdOutListener()
                                  auth = OAuthHandler(consumer_key, consumer_secret)
                     29
                                  auth.set_access_token(access_token, access_token_secret)
                                  stream = Stream(auth, 1)
```

```
#This line filter Twitter Streams to capture data by the keywords: 'mom'
#stream.filter(track=['hashtags', "(?P<url>https?://[^\s]+)"])
stream.filter(track=["mom"])
```

### **Output Screenshot: Collected Tweets:**



## Step 2: Extraction of URLs and hashtags from collected tweets:

#### Code:

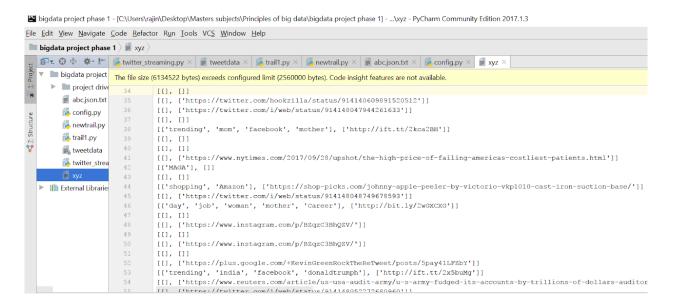
```
import codecs
from datetime import datetime
import json
import os
import string
import sys
import time
def parse_json_tweet(line):
   tweet = json.loads(line)
   # print line
   if tweet['lang'] != 'en':
       # print "non-english tweet:", tweet['lang'], tweet
       return ['', '', '', [], [], []]
   date = tweet['created_at']
   id = tweet['id']
   nfollowers = tweet['user']['followers count']
   nfriends = tweet['user']['friends count']
   if 'retweeted status' in tweet:
       text = tweet['retweeted status']['text']
   else:
```

```
text = tweet['text']
  hashtags = [hashtag['text'] for hashtag in tweet['entities']['hashtags']]
   users = [user mention['screen name'] for user mention in
tweet['entities']['user mentions']]
   urls = [url['expanded url'] for url in tweet['entities']['urls']]
  media urls = []
   if 'media' in tweet['entities']:
       media urls = [media['media url'] for media in tweet['entities']['media']]
   return [hashtags, urls]
'''start main'''
if name == " main ":
   file_timeordered_json_tweets = codecs.open(sys.argv[1], 'r', 'utf-8')
   fout = codecs.open(sys.argv[2], 'w', 'utf-8')
   # efficient line-by-line read of big files
   for line in file timeordered json tweets:
       try:
           [tweet_gmttime, tweet_id, text, hashtags, users, urls, media_urls,
nfollowers, nfriends] = parse json tweet(
              line)
                if not tweet gmttime: continue
                fout.write(line)
           # "created at": "Mon Feb 17 14:14:44 +0000 2014"
           try:
               c = time.strptime(tweet gmttime.replace("+0000", ''), '%a %b %d
%H:%M:%S %Y')
           except:
               print("pb with tweet_gmttime", tweet_gmttime, line)
               pass
           tweet unixtime = int(time.mktime(c))
                  fout.write(line)
           fout.write(str(
               [tweet_unixtime, tweet_gmttime, tweet_id, text, hashtags, users, urls,
media_urls, nfollowers,
                nfriends]) + "\n")
       except:
           # print "pb with tweet:", line
                   print sys.exc info()[0], line
           pass
   file_timeordered_json_tweets.close()
   fout.close()
```

#### **Code Screenshots:**

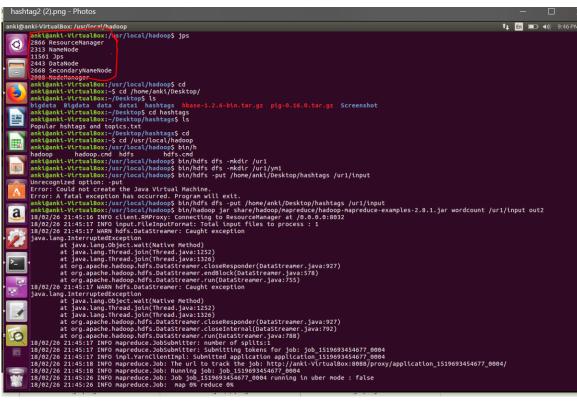
🖺 bigdata project phase 1 - [C:\Users\rajin\Desktop\Masters subjects\Principles of big data\bigdata project phase 1] - ...\newtrail.py - PyCharm Community Edition 2017.1.3 <u>File Edit View Navigate Code Refactor Run Tools VCS Window Help</u> bigdata project phase 1 hewtrail.py 🗊 🗷 😅 🗯 🗱 🔭 🎁 twitter\_streaming.py × 🏮 tweetdata × 🎏 trail1.py × 👼 newtrail.py × 🗯 abc.json.txt × 🞏 config.py × 🛊 xyz × bigdata project abc.json.txt import codecs a config.py from datetime import datetime import json newtrail.py # import requests 🛵 trail1.py import os import string tweetdata import sys twitter\_strea import time **■** xyz def parse\_json\_tweet(line): ► III External Librarie tweet = json.loads(line) # print line if tweet['lang'] != 'en': # print "non-english tweet:", tweet['lang'], tweet return ['', '', '', [], [], []] date = tweet['created\_at'] id = tweet['id'] nfollowers = tweet['user']['followers count'] nfriends = tweet['user']['friends\_count'] if 'retweeted\_status' in tweet: text = tweet['retweeted\_status']['text'] else: text = tweet['text'] hashtags = [hashtag['text'] for hashtag in tweet['entities']['hashtags']] users = [user\_mention['screen\_name'] for user\_mention in tweet['entities']['user\_mentions']] urls = [url['expanded url'] for url in tweet['entities']['urls']]

## Output Screenshot: Extracted URLs and Hashtags:



## Step 3: Running Word Count Program in Hadoop:

## Screenshots of commands executed while running word count program:



```
ankiganki-VittualBox:/usr/local/hadoop$ bin/hdfs dfs -nkdir /url

ankiganki-VittualBox:/usr/local/hadoop$ bin/hdfs dfs -nkdir /url

ankiganki-VittualBox:/usr/local/hadoop$ bin/hdfs dfs -nkdir /url

ankiganki-VittualBox:/usr/local/hadoop$ bin/hdfs dfs -nkdir /url/ynl

ankiganki-VittualBox:/usr/local/hadoop$ bin/hdfs dfs -nkdir /url/ynl

ankiganki-VittualBox:/usr/local/hadoop$ bin/hdfs -ynl-ynlowe/anki/Desktop/hashtags /url/input

liperografed option: "representation in a cocarred prografed in str.

Fror: Could not create the Java Vitrual Machine.

Fror: Could not create the Java Vitrual Machine.

Fror: Could not create the Java Vitrual Machine.

Fror: Atal exception has occurred prografed in str.

Fror: Atal exception has occurred prografed in str.

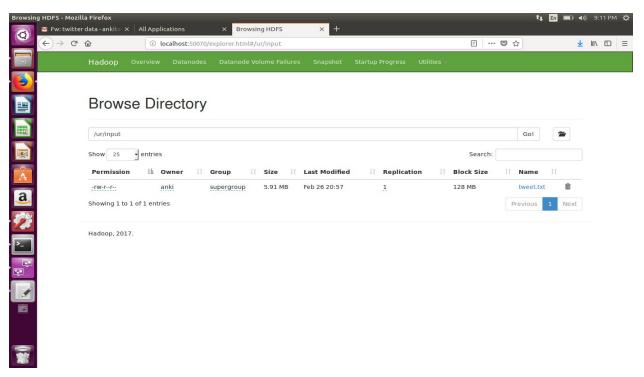
### Ill ### Ill
```

### **Word Count of URLs:**

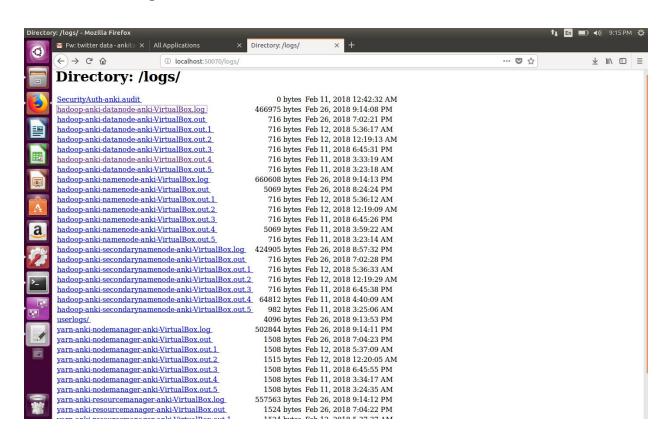
```
Inttps://www.google.com/amp/amp.sachee.com/gointon/california-forum/article375838686.html]]  
[Inttps://www.google.com/amp/amp.sachee.com/gointon/california-forum/article375838686.html]]  
[Inttps://www.google.com/amp/amp.slate.com/articles/health_and_science/science/2017/09/purto_rico_needs_long_term_support_not_just_short_term_atd.html]]  
[Inttps://www.google.com/amp/amp.thedailybeast.com/the time-donald-trump-turned-away-in-disquast-white-aman-bled-to-death-in-front-of-him']]  
[Inttps://www.google.com/amp/amp.thedailybeast.com/the time-donald-trump-turned-away-in-disquast-white-aman-bled-to-death-in-front-of-him']]  
[Inttps://www.google.com/amp/amp.thedailybeast.com/the time-donald-trump-turned-away-in-disquast-white-aman-bled-to-death-in-front-of-him']]  
[Inttps://www.google.com/amp/amp.suastoday.com/atory/470245001/]]  
[Inttps://www.google.com/amp/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suastoday.com/atory/amp.suasto
```

## Word Count of HashTags:

#### **HDFS Screenshot:**



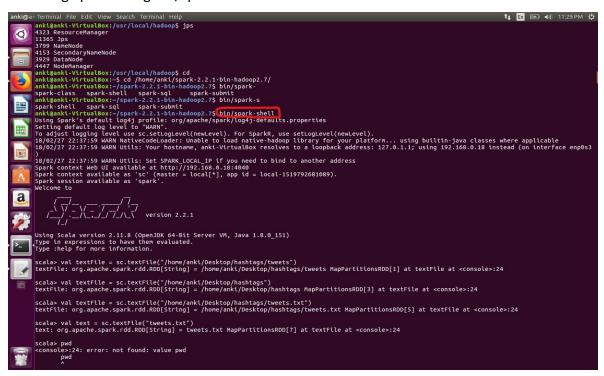
## Screenshot of log files created:



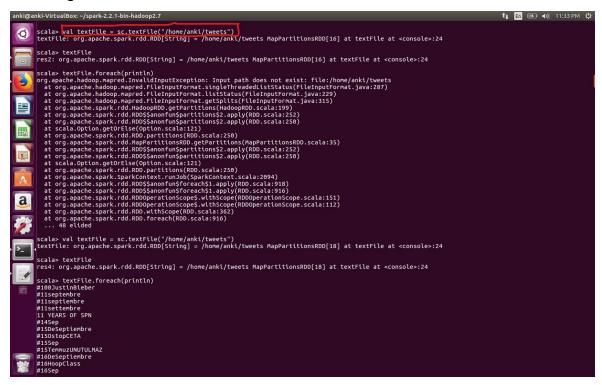
## Step 4: Running Word Count Program in Apache Spark:

# Screenshots of commands executed while running word count program:

1.Starting Spark: using bin/spark-shell command:



#### 2. Loading the data:

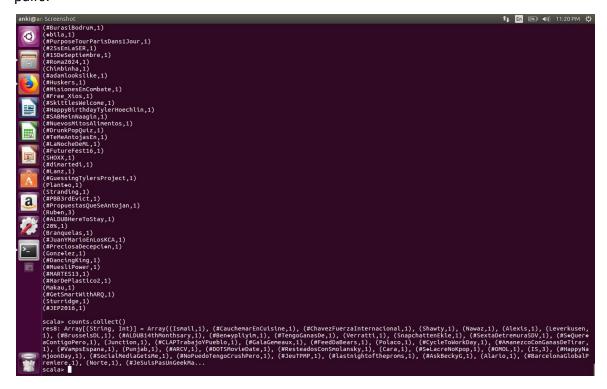


3. Splitting content in our file as strings and applying map and reduce functions to perform word count, using the below highlighted command:

```
anklewark/Vitualeox_r/paperks_21-bin-hadoop2.7

In the property of the propert
```

4. Finally collecting output which displays the word count in the form of an array of key value pairs:



# References:

http://adilmoujahid.com/posts/2014/07/twitter-analytics/
https://github.com/heerme/twitter-topics/blob/master/extract-json-to-text-stream.py
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YZnNb0BTrS4&list=PLJNKKS4iwuamrvNVahopRziurK7XNCc5B&index=3