MENTORNESS INTERNSHIP TASK 2:- BY RAJ GUDHKA

Hotel Reservation Analysis with SQL:-

1. What is the total number of reservations in the dataset?

```
SELECT COUNT(Booking_ID) AS total_reservation
FROM hotel_data;

total_reservation
700
```

2. Which meal plan is the most popular among guests?

```
SELECT type_of_meal_plan, COUNT(type_of_meal_plan) AS total_count FROM hotel_data
GROUP BY type_of_meal_plan
ORDER BY COUNT(type_of_meal_plan) DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

```
type_of_meal_plan total_count

Meal Plan 1 527
```

3. What is the average price per room for reservations involving children?

```
SELECT ROUND(AVG(avg_price_per_room),1) AS avg_price_per_room_for_children
FROM hotel_data
WHERE no_of_children >0;
avg_price_per_room_for_children
144.6
```

4. How many reservations were made for the year 20XX (replace XX with the desired year)?

```
SELECT YEAR(arrival_date) AS year ,COUNT(*) AS total_reservations FROM hotel_data
GROUP BY YEAR(arrival_date)
ORDER BY YEAR(arrival_date) ASC;
```

```
year total_reservations
2017 123
2018 577
```

5. What is the most commonly booked room type?

```
SELECT room_type_reserved, COUNT(room_type_reserved) AS total_booking FROM hotel_data
GROUP BY room_type_reserved

ORDER BY COUNT(room_type_reserved) DESC

LIMIT 1;

room_type_reserved total_booking

Room_Type 1 534
```

6. How many reservations fall on a weekend (no_of_weekend_nights > 0)?

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_weekend_reservations
FROM hotel_data
WHERE no_of_weekend_nights > 0;
total weekend reservations
```

```
total_weekend_reservations

> 383
```

7. What is the highest and lowest lead time for reservations?

```
SELECT MAX(lead_time) AS highest_lead_time,MIN(lead_time) AS lowest_lead_time
FROM hotel_data;
```

```
highest_lead_time lowest_lead_time 443 0
```

8. What is the most common market segment type for reservations?

```
SELECT market_segment_type, COUNT(*) AS total_resevations FROM hotel_data
GROUP BY market_segment_type
ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

```
market_segment_type total_resevations
Online 518
```

9. How many reservations have a booking status of "Confirmed"?

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS confirmed_reservations FROM hotel_data
WHERE booking_status = "Not_Canceled";
```

```
confirmed_reservations
493
```

10. What is the total number of adults and children across all reservations?

```
SELECT SUM(no_of_adults) AS total_adults,SUM(no_of_children) AS total_children
FROM hotel_data;
```

```
total_adults total_children
1316 69
```

11. What is the average number of weekend nights for reservations involving children?

```
SELECT ROUND(AVG(no_of_weekend_nights),2) AS avg_weekend_nights_for_children
FROM hotel_data
WHERE no_of_children > 0;
avg_weekend_nights_for_children
1.00
```

12. How many reservations were made in each month of the year?

```
SELECT MONTH(arrival_date) AS month, MONTHNAME(arrival_date) AS month_name, COUNT(*) AS total_reservations
FROM hotel_data
GROUP BY MONTH(arrival_date) ,MONTHNAME(arrival_date)
ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC;
```

	month	month_name	total_reservations
•	1	January	11
	2	February	28
	3	March	52
	4	April	67
	5	May	55
	6	June	84
	7	July	44
	8	August	70
	9	September	80
	10	October	103
	11	November	54
	12	December	52

13. What is the average number of nights (both weekend and weekday) spent by guests for each room type?

```
    SELECT room_type_reserved, ROUND(AVG(no_of_weekend_nights + no_of_week_nights),2) AS avg_total_nights FROM hotel_data
    GROUP BY room_type_reserved
    ORDER BY AVG(no_of_weekend_nights + no_of_week_nights) DESC;
```

room_type_reserved	avg_total_nights
Room_Type 4	3.80
Room_Type 6	3.61
Room_Type 2	3.00
Room_Type 1	2.88
Room_Type 7	2.67
Room_Type 5	2.50

14. For reservations involving children, what is the most common room type, and what is the average price for that room type?

```
SELECT room_type_reserved, COUNT(*) AS total_reservations , ROUND(AVG(avg_price_per_room),2) AS avg_price_per_room
FROM hotel_data
WHERE no_of_children > 0
GROUP BY room_type_reserved
ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

```
room_type_reserved total_reservations avg_price_per_room

Room_Type 1 24 123.12
```

15) Find the market segment type that generates the highest average price per room.

```
SELECT market_segment_type , ROUND(AVG(avg_price_per_room),2) AS highest_avg_price_per_room
FROM hotel_data
GROUP BY market_segment_type
ORDER BY highest_avg_price_per_room DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

```
market_segment_type highest_avg_price_per_room
Online 112.46
```