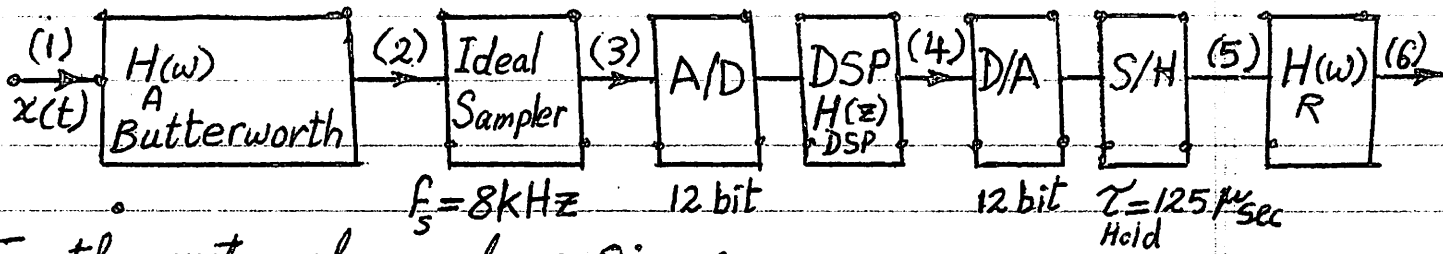


PROJECT #1 EEE 5513

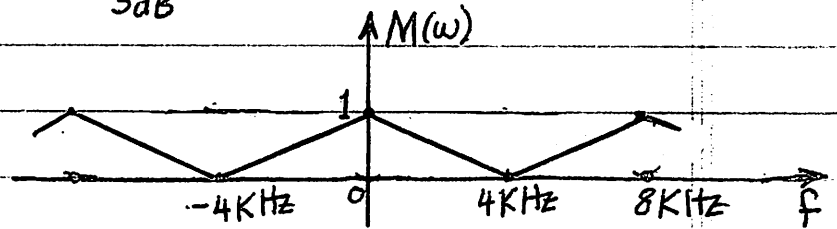


For the system shown above, Given:

at (1): $|X(w)|=1, \angle X(w)=0$

$H_A(w)$ = antialiasing LPF, Butterworth, $f_c = 2 \text{ kHz}$, order to be determined

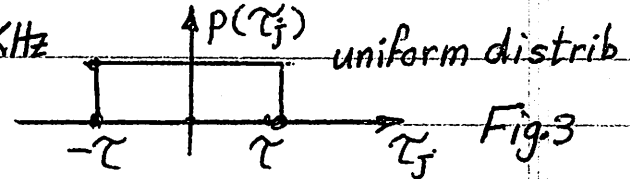
$H_R(w)$ = reconstruction filter
 $H_R(z) \Big|_{z=e^{j\omega T}} = M(w) e^{j\theta(w)}$



$M(w)$ is shown, opposite, $\theta(w)=0$

The useful band of input signal $x(t) = 0 \rightarrow 2 \text{ kHz}$

The pdf of the jitter is shown opposite



Find:

a - For $a(S/N)_{\text{aliasing}} \geq 60 \text{ dB}$ over $0 \rightarrow 2 \text{ kHz}$, find the order of $H_A(w)$

b - Sketch the signal spectrum (magnitude & phase) at (2)

c - " " " " " " at (3)

d - " " " " " " at (4)

e - " " " " " " at (5)

f - Find the maximum value of τ in Fig. 3 (worst case analysis) such that $(S/N)_{\text{jitter}} \geq 60 \text{ dB}$

g - Compute $(S/N)_{\text{quantiz}}$ in dB (State your assumptions)

h - For $\tau_{\text{hold}} = 125 \mu\text{sec}$, sketch $H_R(w)$ (magnitude only)

i - Sketch the signal spectrum at (6) assuming ideal $H_R(w)$

Butterworth, LPF, 6th order, $\omega_0 = 1 \text{ rad/sec}$ (3 dB frequency)

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{s^6 + 3.86370s^5 + 7.46410s^4 + \dots}$$

norm. 1 rad/sec 3dB

$$9.14162s^3 + 7.46410s^2 + 3.86370s + 1$$

$$\omega_c = 2\pi \times 2 \times 10^3 = 12,566.4 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$H\left(\frac{s}{12566.4}\right) = \frac{1}{D(s)}$$

denorm.

$$D_{\text{denorm}} = 2.53942 \times 10^{-25} s^6 + 1.23296 \times 10^{-20} s^5 +$$

$$2.99319 \times 10^{-16} s^4 + 4.60671 \times 10^{-12} s^3 +$$

$$4.72667 \times 10^{-8} s^2 + 3.07463 \times 10^{-4} s + 1$$