Assignment 5

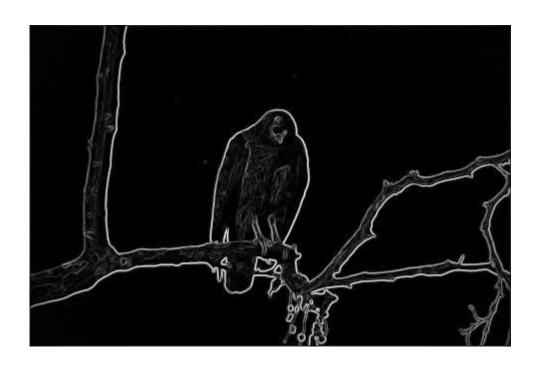
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Steps for creating active contours:

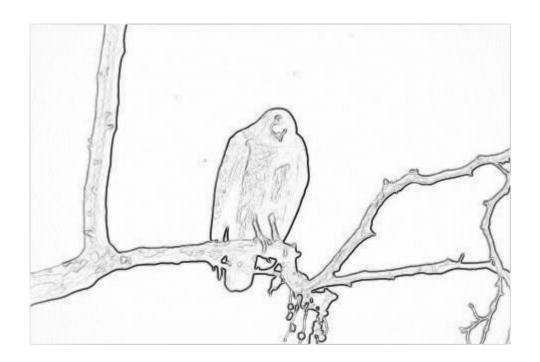
- 1. Read gray scale PPM "hawk.ppm" image
- 2. Read initial contour points from "initial contour" file.
- 3. Draw a "+" shape in a 7x7 window based on the initial contour points on the original PPM gray scale image.
- 4. Implement Active Contour Algorithm based on initial contour points.
 - The Active contour algorithm using 2 Internal Energies and 1 External Energy.
 - Each of the Energies calculated in a 7x7 window were normalized by finding the maximum and minimum value of that size window.
 - The new contour points were calculated by finding the minimum value.
- 5. The Active Contour algorithm was run a total of 30 iterations with the purpose of obtaining the best contour points.

IMAGE WITH INTIAL CONTOURS:





INVERTED SOBEL EDGE GRADIENT IMAGE



FINAL IMAGE:



FINAL CONTOUR POINTS:

COLS	ROWS		
266	104		
272	114		
275	123		
277	133		
278	143		
278	154		
275	167		
270	180		
266	191		
262	201		
255	213		
254	226		
246	237		
235	234		
225	239		
226	249		
221	260		

		1
212	266	
199	266	
195	255	
194	245	
185	242	
177	237	
185	223	
180	211	
181	201	
182	190	
183	180	
184	170	
186	160	
188	147	
193	134	
196	125	
199	116	
206	109	
214	105	
222	100	
230	94	
237	87	
246	84	
256	86	
264	96	
		1

CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
void find_min_and_max_float(float *convolution_image, int image_rows, int image_cols, float *min,
float *max)
       // VARIABLE DECLARATION SECTION
       int i, j, k;
       *min = convolution image[0];
       *max = convolution image[0];
       for(i = 1; i < (image rows-1); i++)
       {
              for(j = 1; j < (image_cols-1); j++)
                      k = (i * image\_cols) + j;
                      if (*min > convolution image[k])
                             *min = convolution image[k];
                      if (*max < convolution image[k])</pre>
                             *max = convolution image[k];
                      }
              }
       }
}
float *normalize float(float *convolution image, int image rows, int image cols, float new min, float
new_max, float min, float max)
       float *normalized_image;
       int i;
       normalized_image = (float *)calloc(image_rows * image_cols, sizeof(float));
       for (i = 0; i < (image_rows * image_cols); i++)</pre>
```

```
normalized image[i] = ((convolution image[i] - min)*(new max - new min)/(max-min))
+ new_min;
       }
       return normalized image;
}
int main()
FILE *file;
int ROWS, COLS, BYTES;
char HEADER[320];
unsigned char *input_image;
float *sobel image;
int *contour rows, *contour cols;
int file size;
if ((file = fopen("hawk.ppm", "rb")) == NULL)
printf("Error, could not read input image\n");
exit(0);
fscanf(file, "%s %d %d %d\n", HEADER, &COLS, &ROWS, &BYTES);
if ((strcmp(HEADER, "P5") != 0) || (BYTES != 255))
printf("Error, not a greyscale 8-bit PPM image\n");
exit(0);
}
input image = (unsigned char *)calloc(ROWS * COLS, sizeof(unsigned char));
//HEADER[0]=fgetc(file);
fread(input image, sizeof(unsigned char), ROWS * COLS, file);
fclose(file);
FILE *fpt;
int i = 0;
int cols, rows;
char c;
cols = rows = 0;
file size = 0;
// OBTAINS FILE LENGTH AND REWINDS IT TO BEGINNING
fpt = fopen("initial contour", "r");
if (fpt == NULL)
printf("Error, could not read in initial contour text file\n");
```

```
exit(1);
printf("hello");
while((c = fgetc(fpt)) != EOF)
if (c == '\n')
file_size += 1;
}
rewind(fpt);
// ALLOCATES MEMORY
contour rows = calloc(file size, sizeof(int *));
contour_cols = calloc(file_size, sizeof(int *));
// EXTRACTS THE INITIAL COLUMNS AND ROWS OF INITIAL CONTOUR TEXT FILE
while((fscanf(fpt, "%d %d\n", &cols, &rows)) != EOF)
(contour_rows)[i] = rows;
(contour_cols)[i] = cols;
i++;
}
fclose(fpt);
unsigned char *output image;
rows=cols=0;
i = 0;
output_image = (unsigned char *)calloc(ROWS * COLS, sizeof(unsigned char));
// COPIES ORIGINAL IMAGE TO OUTPUT IMAGE
for (i = 0; i < (ROWS * COLS); i++)
output_image[i] = input_image[i];
}
// DRAW "+" ON IMAGE
for (i = 0; i < file_size; i++)
rows = (contour rows)[i];
cols = (contour_cols)[i];
// "|" ON COLS
output_image[(rows - 3)*COLS + cols] = 0;
```

```
output image[(rows - 2)*COLS + cols] = 0;
output image[(rows - 1)*COLS + cols] = 0;
output image[(rows - 0)*COLS + cols] = 0;
output image[(rows + 1)*COLS + cols] = 0;
output image[(rows + 2)*COLS + cols] = 0;
output image[(rows + 3)*COLS + cols] = 0;
// "-" ON ROWS
output image[(rows * COLS) + (cols - 3)] = 0;
output image[(rows * COLS) + (cols - 2)] = 0;
output_image[(rows * COLS) + (cols - 1)] = 0;
output image[(rows * COLS) + (cols - 0)] = 0;
output_image[(rows * COLS) + (cols + 1)] = 0;
output image[(rows * COLS) + (cols + 2)] = 0;
output image[(rows * COLS) + (cols + 3)] = 0;
}
file = fopen("hawk initial contour.ppm", "w");
fprintf(file, "P5 %d %d 255\n", COLS, ROWS);
fwrite(output image, ROWS * COLS, sizeof(unsigned char), file);
fclose(file);
/* UN-NORMALIZED SOBEL IMAGE */
int *convolution image;
unsigned char *normalized image;
int j;
i=rows=cols=0;
int index1 = 0;
int index2 = 0;
int x = 0;
int y = 0;
int min = 0;
int max = 0;
// X and Y KERNELS
int g_x[9] = \{-1, 0, 1, -2, 0, 2, -1, 0, 1\};
int g y[9] = \{-1, -2, -1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 1\};
// ALLOCATE MEMORY
convolution image = (int *)calloc(ROWS * COLS, sizeof(int));
sobel image = (float *)calloc(ROWS * COLS, sizeof(float));
// COPY ORIGINAL IMAGE
for (i = 0; i < (ROWS * COLS); i++)
```

```
convolution image[i] = input image[i];
// CONVOLUTE INPUT IMAGE WITH X AND Y KERNELS
for (rows = 1; rows < (ROWS - 1); rows++)
for (cols = 1; cols < (COLS - 1); cols++)
x = 0;
y = 0;
for (i = -1; i < 2; i++)
for (j = -1; j < 2; j++)
index1 = (COLS * (rows + i)) + (cols + j);
index2 = 3*(i + 1) + (j + 1);
x += (input_image[index1] * g_x[index2]);
y += (input image[index1] * g y[index2]);
}
index1 = (COLS * rows) + cols;
convolution_image[index1] = sqrt(x*x + y*y);
sobel image[index1] = sqrt(x*x + y*y);
}
}
// FIND MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM VALUES IN CONVOLUTED IMAGE
i=0:
min = convolution_image[0];
max = convolution image[0];
for (i = 1; i < (ROWS * COLS); i++)
if (min > convolution image[i])
min = convolution_image[i];
if (max < convolution_image[i])</pre>
max = convolution_image[i];
}
}
```

// NORMALIZES CONVOLUTED IMAGE FROM RANGE OF 0-255 IN ORDER TO SAVE AS PPM

```
i=0;
// Allocate memory
normalized_image = (unsigned char *)calloc(ROWS * COLS, sizeof(unsigned char));
for (i = 0; i < (ROWS * COLS); i++)
if (min == 0 \&\& max == 0)
normalized image[i] = 0;
}
else
{
normalized image[i] = ((convolution image[i] - min)*(255 - 0)/(max-min)) + 0;
}
file = fopen("hawk sobel image.ppm", "w");
fprintf(file, "P5 %d %d 255\n", COLS, ROWS);
fwrite(normalized_image, ROWS * COLS, sizeof(unsigned char), file);
fclose(file);
// INVERTS NORMALIZED IMAGE IN ORDER TO SAVE AS PPM
for (i = 0; i < (ROWS * COLS); i++)
normalized image[i] = 255 - normalized image[i];
}
file = fopen("hawk_sobel_inverted_image.ppm", "w");
fprintf(file, "P5 %d %d 255\n", COLS, ROWS);
fwrite(normalized image, ROWS * COLS, sizeof(unsigned char), file);
fclose(file);
       // FREE ALLOCATED MEMORY
       /* CONTOUR ALGORITHM */
       float *inverted sobel;
       float *first internal energy;
       float *second internal energy;
       float *external energy;
       float *sum energies;
       float min, max, new_min, new_max;
```

```
float *first internal energy normalized, *second internal energy normalized,
*external energy normalized;
       float average distance x = 0;
       float average_distance_y = 0;
       float average distance = 0;
       int k, l;
       i=j=rows= cols=0;
       int index = 0;
       int index2 = 0;
       int index3 = 0;
       int new_x[arr_length];
       int new y[arr length];
       int temp = 0;
       new min = 0.0;
       new_max = 1.0;
       // ALLOCATE MEMORY
       first_internal_energy = (float *)calloc(49, sizeof(float));
       second internal energy = (float *)calloc(49, sizeof(float));
       external energy = (float *)calloc(49, sizeof(float));
       sum energies = (float *)calloc(49, sizeof(float));
       inverted sobel = (float *)calloc(ROWS * COLS, sizeof(float));
       // FIND MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM VALUE OF SOBEL IMAGE
       i=j=k=0;
       min = convolution image[0];
       max = convolution image[0];
       for(i = 1; i < (ROWS-1); i++)
              for(j = 1; j < (COLS-1); j++)
              {
                     k = (i * COLS) + j;
                     if (min > convolution_image[k])
                     {
                             min = convolution image[k];
                     if (max < convolution image[k])</pre>
                      {
                             max = convolution image[k];
                      }
              }
       }
```

```
// Creates an invereted Sobel image for External Energy calculation
       for (i = 0; i < (ROWS * COLS); i++)
       {
              inverted_sobel[i] = sobel_image[i];
              inverted sobel[i] = (float)max - inverted sobel[i];
       }
       // Calculates first Internal Energy
       for (I = 0; I < 30; I++)
       {
              average distance x = 0.0;
              average_distance_y = 0.0;
              average distance = 0.0;
              // CALCULATES THE AVERAGE DISTANCE BETWEEN CONTOUR POINTS
              for (i = 0; i < file size; i++)
                      if ((i + 1) < file_size)
                             average distance x = (*contour cols)[i] - (*contour cols)[i +
1])*(*contour_cols)[i] - (*contour_cols)[i + 1]);
                             average distance y = (*contour rows)[i] - (*contour rows)[i +
1])*(*contour_rows)[i] - (*contour_rows)[i + 1]);
                      else
                      {
                             average_distance_x = (*contour_cols)[i] -
(*contour cols)[0])*(*contour cols)[i] - (*contour cols)[0]);
                             average_distance_y = (*contour_rows)[i] -
(*contour_rows)[0])*(*contour_rows)[i] - (*contour_rows)[0]);
                      average distance +=sqrt(average distance x + average distance y);
                      new x[i] = 0;
                      new y[i] = 0;
              average_distance /= file_size;
              for (i = 0; i < file_size; i++)
                      rows = (contour rows)[i];
                      cols = (contour cols)[i];
                      index = 0;
                      // FIRST AND SECOND INTERNAL ENERGY AND EXTERNAL ENERGY CALCULATED
                      for (j = (rows - 3); j \le (rows + 3); j++)
```

```
{
                                                                 for (k = (cols - 3); k \le (cols + 3); k++)
                                                                                 if ((i + 1) < file_size)
                                                                                                  first internal energy[index] = (k - (*contour cols)[i + 1]) +
(j - (*contour\_rows)[i + 1])*(j - (*contour\_rows)[i + 1])*(k - (*contour\_cols)[i + 1]) + (j - (*contour\_rows)[i + 1])*(j - (*contour\_rows)[i + 1])*(j - (*contour\_rows)[i + 1])*(j - (*contour\_rows)[i + 1])*(k - (*contour\_cols)[i + 1])*(j - (*contour\_rows)[i + 1])*(j - (*conto
(*contour_rows)[i + 1])*(j - (*contour_rows)[i + 1]);
                                                                                                  second internal energy[index] =
(sqrt(first_internal_energy[index]) - average_distance)*(sqrt(first_internal_energy[index]) -
average_distance);
                                                                                                  index2 = (j * COLS) + k;
                                                                                                  external_energy[index] =
(inverted sobel[index2])*(inverted_sobel[index2]);
                                                                                 else
                                                                                 {
                                                                                                  first internal energy[index] = (k - (*contour cols)[0]) + (j -
(*contour_rows)[0])*(j - (*contour_rows)[0])*(k - (*contour_cols)[0]) + (j - (*contour_rows)[0])*(j -
(*contour rows)[0]);
                                                                                                  second internal energy[index] =
(sqrt(first_internal_energy[index]) - average_distance)*(sqrt(first_internal_energy[index]) -
average distance);
                                                                                                  index2 = (j * COLS) + k;
                                                                                                  external energy[index] =
(inverted_sobel[index2])*(inverted_sobel[index2]);
                                                                                 index++;
                                                                 }
                                                 }
                                                // FINDS MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM VALUES OF EACH ENERGY AND
NORMALIZES TO VALUE OF 0 AND 1
                                                find min and max float(first internal energy, 7, 7, &min, &max);
                                                first_internal_energy_normalized = normalize_float(first_internal_energy, 7, 7,
new_min, new_max, min, max);
                                                find_min_and_max_float(second_internal_energy, 7, 7, &min, &max);
                                                 second_internal_energy_normalized = normalize_float(second_internal_energy,
7, 7, new min, new max, min, max);
                                                find_min_and_max_float(external_energy, 7, 7, &min, &max);
                                                 external energy normalized = normalize float(external energy, 7, 7, new min,
new_max, min, max);
                                                // CALCULATES THE ENERGY
                                                 for (j = 0; j < 49; j++)
```

```
{
                             sum_energies[j] = first_internal_energy_normalized[j] +
second\_internal\_energy\_normalized[j] + external\_energy\_normalized[j];
                      // DETERMINES THE LOWEST VALUE FOR NEW POINTS
                      min = sum_energies[0];
                      index = 0;
                      for (j = 0; j < 49; j++)
                             if (min > sum_energies[j])
                                    min = sum_energies[j];
                                    index = j;
                             }
                      }
                      // DETERMINES ROW AND COLUMN FOR NEW POINT BASED ON INDEX
                      temp = 0;
                      index2 = (index / 7); // row
                      if (index2 < 3)
                             temp = (contour rows)[i] - abs(index2 - 3);
                             new_y[i] = temp;
                      else if (index2 > 3)
                      {
                             temp = (contour_rows)[i] + abs(index2 - 3);
                             new_y[i] = temp;
                      }
                      else
                      {
                             new y[i] = (contour rows)[i];
                      }
                      index3 = (index % 7); // col
                      if (index3 < 3)
                      {
                             new_x[i] = (contour_cols)[i] - abs(index3 - 3);
                      }
                      else if (index3 > 3)
                      {
                             new_x[i] = (contour_cols)[i] + abs(index3 - 3);
                      }
```

```
else
              {
                     new x[i] = (contour cols)[i];
              }
       }
       // SETS NEW POINTS
       for (i = 0; i < file_size; i++)
              (contour_cols)[i] = new_x[i];
              (contour_rows)[i] = new_y[i];
       }
}
// DRAWS CONTOUR WITH FINAL POINTS
rows= cols=0;
i = 0;
output image = (unsigned char *)calloc(ROWS * COLS, sizeof(unsigned char));
// COPIES ORIGINAL IMAGE TO OUTPUT IMAGE
for (i = 0; i < (ROWS * COLS); i++)
{
       output_image[i] = input_image[i];
}
// DRAW "+" ON IMAGE
for (i = 0; i < file_size; i++)
{
       rows = (contour rows)[i];
       cols = (contour cols)[i];
       // "|" ON COLS
       output_image[(rows - 3)*COLS + cols] = 0;
       output_image[(rows - 2)*COLS + cols] = 0;
       output image[(rows - 1)*COLS + cols] = 0;
       output_image[(rows - 0)*COLS + cols] = 0;
       output_image[(rows + 1)*COLS + cols] = 0;
       output image[(rows + 2)*COLS + cols] = 0;
       output image[(rows + 3)*COLS + cols] = 0;
       // "-" ON ROWS
       output_image[(rows * COLS) + (cols - 3)] = 0;
       output_image[(rows * COLS) + (cols - 2)] = 0;
```

```
output image[(rows * COLS) + (cols - 1)] = 0;
              output_image[(rows * COLS) + (cols - 0)] = 0;
              output image[(rows * COLS) + (cols + 1)] = 0;
              output_image[(rows * COLS) + (cols + 2)] = 0;
              output image[(rows * COLS) + (cols + 3)] = 0;
       }
       // SAVES IMAGE WITH CONTOUR POINTS EXPRESSED AS "+"
       file = fopen("hawk final contour.ppm", "w");
       fprintf(file, "P5 %d %d 255\n", COLS, ROWS);
       fwrite(output image, ROWS * COLS, sizeof(unsigned char), file);
       fclose(file);
       // CREATE FILE WITH FINAL CONTOUR POINTS
       FILE *file;
       file = fopen("final_contour_points.csv", "w");
       fprintf(file, "COLS,ROWS\n");
       for(i = 0; i < file_size; i++)
       {
              fprintf(file, "%d,%d\n", (contour_cols)[i], (contour_rows)[i]);
       fclose(file);
       return 0;
}
```