

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY  
KHARAGPUR

APPLIED COMPUTATIONAL METHODS LABORATORY  
LAB 8 REPORT

Rajiv Harlalka

20MA20073

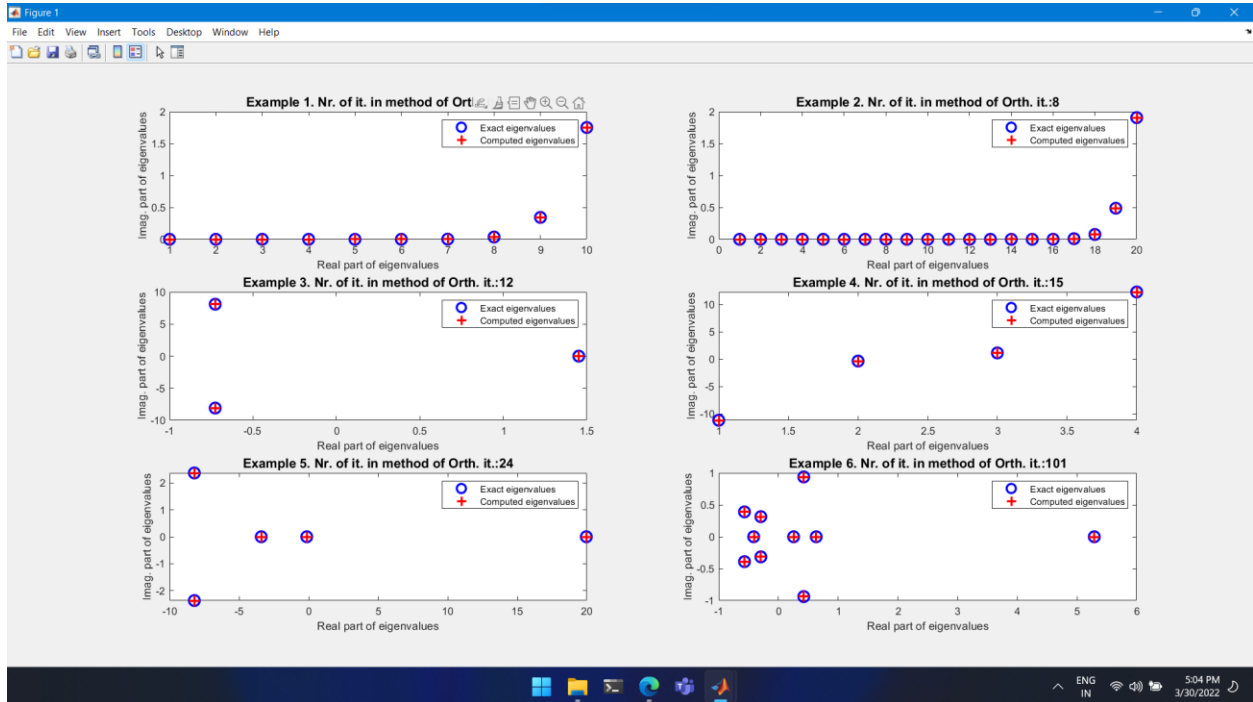
Department of Mathematics

# OR ITERATIONS

Codes:

```
% -----
% Rajiv Harlalka 20MA20073
% Implements method of Orthogonal Iteration.
% -----
clc
clear all
close all
eps = 1e-07;
fig = figure;
N=10;
for i = 1:6
    if(i==1)
        n=N;
        A=hilb(N);
    elseif (i==2)
        n=20;
        A=hilb(20);
    elseif (i ==3)
        % Largest eigenvalue is complex
        n =3;
        A =[0 -5 2; 6 0 -12; 1 3 0];
    elseif (i==4)
        % Matrix has four real eigenvalues
        n =4;
        A=[7,8,9;5,-7,4,-7;1,-1,1,-1;9,3,2,5];
    elseif (i==5)
        n =5;
        %
        A=[3,7,8,9,12;5,-7,4,-7,8;1,1,-1,1,-1;4,3,2,1,7;9,3,2,5,4];
    elseif (i==6)
        n=N;
        A= rand(N,N);
    end
    lambda0= inf(n,1);
    count = 1;
    iter =1;
    % get exact eigenvalues in sorted order
    exact_lambda = sort(eig(A));
    %%% Method of orthogonal iteration
    Q = eye(n);
    for k = 1:100
        Y = A*Q;
        [Q,R] = qr(Y);
        % end
        T=Q'*A*Q;
        %end
        %*****
        % Find eigenvalues from Real Schur block *
        %*****
        j =2; count =1;
        eigs = zeros(1,n);
        while (j <=n)
            %real eigenvalues
            if(abs(T(j,j-1)) < 1e-3)
                eigs(j-1)=T(j-1,j-1);
                count= j -1;
            else
                % Complex eigenvalues
                eigs(j-1: j)= eig(T(j-1:j,j-1:j));
                count =j;
            end
            j=j +1;
        end
        if(count < length(eigs))
            eigs(n)=T(n,n);
        end
        %*****
        computed_lambda = sort(eigs);
        computed_lambda = computed_lambda';
        if(norm(abs(computed_lambda - lambda0 ))<eps )
            break ;
        end
        lambda0 = computed_lambda ;
        iter = iter + 1;
    end
    %*****
    str =['Comp. eig.: ' num2str(computed_lambda)];
    str=[str, ', Ex. eig.: ' num2str(exact_lambda',2)];
    str_xlabel = ['Example ',num2str(i), ...
        '. Nr. of it. in method of Orth. It.: ', num2str(iter)];
    subplot (3,2,i)
    plot (exact_lambda,'o b','LineWidth',2,'Markersize',10)
    hold on
    plot (computed_lambda,'+ r','LineWidth',2, 'Markersize',10)
    % xlabel(str, 'fontsize',10)
    xlabel('Real part of eigenvalues');
    ylabel('Imag. part of eigenvalues');
    exact_lambda
    computed_lambda
    legend('Exact eigenvalues','Computed eigenvalues')
    title(str_xlabel,'fontsize',12)
end
```

## OUTPUT PLOT:



# QR ITERATIONS

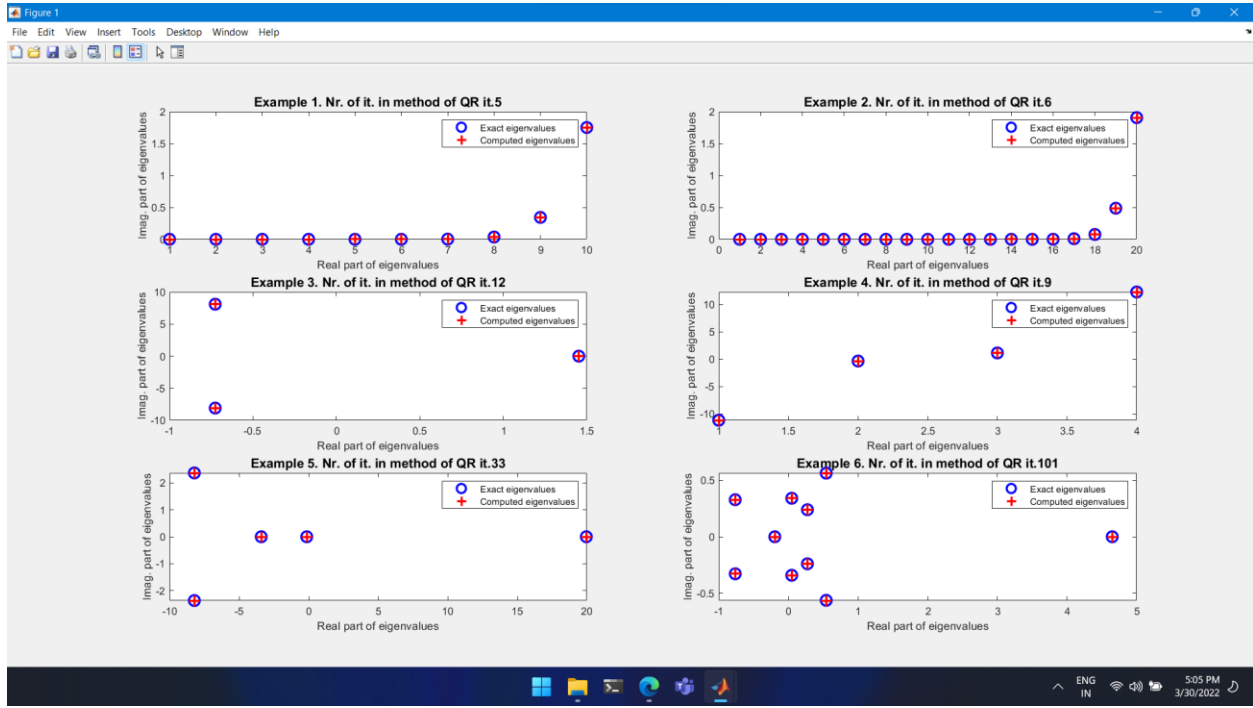
Code:

```
% -----
% Rajiv Harlalka 20MA20073
% Method of QR iteration.
% -----

clc
% clear all
% close all
eps = 1e-07;
fig = figure;
N=10;
for i=1:6
    if(i==1)
        n=N;
        A=hilb(N);
    elseif (i==2)
        n=20;
        A=htlb(20);
    elseif (i ==3)
        % Largest eigenvalue is complex
        n =3;
        A =[-5 2; 6 0 -12; 1 3 0];
    elseif (i==4)
        % Matrix has four real eigenvalues
        n =4;
        A=[3,7,8,9;5,-7,4,-7;1,-1,1,-1;9,3,2,5];
    elseif (i==5)
        n =5;
        %
        A=[3,7,8,9,12;5,-7,4,-7,8;1,1,-1,1,-1;4,3,2,1,7;9,3,2,5,4];
    elseif (i==6)
        n=N;
        A= rand(N,N);
    end
    lambda0= inf(n,1);
    count = 1;
    iter =1;
    % get exact eigenvalues in sorted order
    exact_lambda = sort(eig(A));
    %%% Method of QR iteration
    for k = 1:100
        [Q,R] = qr(A);
        A= R*Q;
        % Find eigenvalues from Real Schur block
        %=====
        j =2; count =1;
        eigs = zeros(1,n);
        while (j <=n)
            %real eigenvalues
            if(abs(A(j,j-1)) < 1e-10)
                eigs(j-1) =A(j -1,j -1);
                count= j -1;
            else
                % Complex eigenvalues
                eigs(j-1: j)= eig(A(j -1:j ,j -1:j));
                count =j;
                j=j +1;
            end
            j=j +1;
        end
        if(count < length(eigs))
            eigs(n)=A(n,n);
        end

        computed_lambda = sort(eigs)';
        if(norm(abs(computed_lambda - lambda0 ))<eps )
            break ;
        end
        lambda0 = computed_lambda ;
        iter = iter + 1;
    end
    %=====
    str =['Comp. eig.: ' num2str(computed_lambda)];
    str=[str, ', Ex. eig.: ' num2str(exact_lambda',2)];
    str_xlabel = ['Example ',num2str(i), ...
        '. Nr. of it. in method of QR it.', num2str(iter)];
    subplot (3,2,i)
    plot (exact_lambda,'o b','LineWidth',2,'Markersize',10)
    hold on
    plot (computed_lambda,'+ r','LineWidth',2, 'Markersize',10)
    % xlabel(str, 'fontsize',10)
    xlabel('Real part of eigenvalues');
    ylabel('Imag. part of eigenvalues');
    exact_lambda
    computed_lambda
    legend('Exact eigenvalues','Computed eigenvalues')
    title(str_xlabel,'fontsize',12)
end
```

# OUTPUT PLOT



## QR ITERATION WITH SHIFTS

Codes:

```
% *****
% Rajiv Harlalka 20MA20073
% Implements method of QR iteration with shift s = A(n,n).
% *****

clc
%clear all
%close all
eps = 1e-09;
fig = figure;
N=10;
for i = 1:6
    if(i==1)
        n=N;
        A=hilb(N);
    elseif (i==2)
        n=20;
        A=hilb(20);
    elseif (i ==3)
        % Largest eigenvalue is complex
        n =3;
        A =[0 -5 2; 6 0 -12; 1 3 0];
    elseif (i==4)
        % Matrix has four real eigenvalues
        n =4;
        A=[3,7,8,9;5,-7,4,-7;1,-1,1,-1;9,3,2,5];
    elseif (i==5)
        n =5;
        %
        A=[3,7,8,9,12;5,-7,4,-7,8;1,1,-1,1,-1;4,3,2,1,7;9,3,2,5,4];
    elseif (i==6)
        n=N;
        A= rand(N,N);
    end
    lambda0= inf(n,1);
    count = 1;
    iter =1;
    %choose shift
    %sigma=1.0;
    sigma=A(n,n);
    %sigma=A(1,1);
    % get exact eigenvalues in sorted order
    exact_lambda = sort(eig(A));
    %%% Method of QR iteration with shift
    for k = 1:100
        A = A - sigma*eye(n);
        [Q,R] = qr(A);
        % end
        A = R*Q + sigma*eye(n);
        %compute shift
        sigma=A(n,n);
        % Find eigenvalues from Real Schur block
        j =2; count =1;
        eigs = zeros(1,n);
        while (j <=n)
            %real eigenvalues
            if(abs(A(j,j-1)) < 1e-7)
                eigs(j-1) =A(j -1,j -1);
                count= j -1;
            else
                % Complex eigenvalues
                eigs(j-1: j)= eig(A(j -1:j, j -1:j));
                count =j;
                j=j +1;
            end
            j=j +1;
        end
        if(count < length(eigs))
            eigs(n)=A(n,n);
        end
        %*****
        computed_lambda = sort(eigs);
        if(norm(abs(computed_lambda - lambda0 ))<eps )
            break ;
        end
        lambda0 = computed_lambda ;
        iter = iter + 1;
    end

    str =['Comp. eig.: ' num2str(computed_lambda)];
    str=[str, ' Ex. eig.: ' num2str(exact_lambda,2)];
    str_xlabel = ['Example ',num2str(i), ...
        ' Nr.it. in QR it. with shift:', num2str(iter)];
    subplot (3,2,i)
    plot (exact_lambda,'o b','LineWidth',2,'MarkerSize',10)
    hold on
    plot (computed_lambda,'+ r','LineWidth',2, 'MarkerSize',10)
    % xlabel(str, 'fontSize',10)
    xlabel('Real part of eigenvalues');
    ylabel('Imag. part of eigenvalues');
    exact_lambda
    computed_lambda
    legend('Exact eigenvalues','Computed eigenvalues')
    title(str_xlabel,'fontSize',12)
end
```

# OUTPUT PLOTS

