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# **LAB 6 — Command-Line Arguments**

## **Problem A**

## 1. Specification

Implement a simple calculator that accepts input in the following format and displays the result of the computation:

```
calc [operand 1] [operator] [operand 2]
```

The operand\_1 and operand\_2 are <u>non-negative integers</u>. The operator is one of the following: addition (+), subtraction (-), multiplication (x), division (/) and modulo (%).

Note: For the multiplication operator, use letter 'x'. If you use the asterisk '\*', your program will not work properly.

#### 2. Implementation

- The program to be submitted is named calc.c. Use the given template calc.c and fill in your code. Complete functions main() in file calc.c.
- Note that the command-line arguments are all strings. Therefore you may need to implement a function to convert a string to an integer to obtain operand 1 and operand 2.
- Sometimes users may forget the command syntax and they may type only the command "calc". In that case, display the following reminder message:

```
Usage: calc [operand 1] [operator] [operand 2]
```

- Other than that, assume that all inputs are valid. No error checking is required on inputs.
- You may define your own variables inside functions main(). Do not use global variables.
- You may define and implement your own function(s) inside file calc.c if needed.
- Do not use any C library functions (e.g., atoi).
- To compile the program, use the following command: cc -o calc calc.c
- There must be at least a white space between an operand and the operator. That is how the command-line arguments are separated.

## 3. Sample Inputs/Outputs

See file calc io.txt for sample inputs and outputs.

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# **Problem B**

## 1. Specification

Write a program that accepts a set of integers as command-line arguments from the user, and then displays the maximum, minimum and average values of the input integers.

# 2. Implementation

- The program to be submitted is named mmavg.c. Use the given template mmavg.c and fill in your code. Complete functions main() in file mmavg.c.
- Note that the command-line arguments are all strings. Therefore you may need to implement a function to convert a string to an integer to obtain the input integers. An integer could be positive or negative. That is, it may have a + or sign.
- Sometimes users may forget the command syntax and they may type only the command "mmavg". In that case, display the following reminder message:

```
Usage: mmavg int1 int2 int3 ...
```

- Other than that, assume that all inputs are valid and the number of input integers is less than 100.
  No error checking is required on inputs.
- You may define your own variables inside functions main(). Do not use global variables.
- You may define and implement your own function(s) inside file mmavg.c if needed.
- Do not use any C library functions (e.g., atoi).
- To compile the program, use the following command: cc -o mmavg mmavg.c
- There must be at least a white space between the input numbers. That is how the command-line arguments are separated.

#### 3. Sample Inputs/Outputs

See file mmavg\_io.txt for sample inputs and outputs.

#### **Common Notes**

- Complete the headers in the files to be submitted with your student and contact information.
- Assume that all inputs are valid. No error checking is required on inputs.
- You may use either pointers or array indexing or both.