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Sequence(19) 10.5.3

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Question:-

200 logs are stacked in the following manner: 20 logs in the bottom row, 19 in the next row, 18 in the row next to it and so on . In how many rows are the 200 logs placed and how many logs are in the top row?

Symbol	Description	Value
<i>x</i> (0)	bottom row	20
d	common difference	-1
S_n	total number of logs	200
x(n)	number of logs in n row	depends on n

TABLE I

We can observe that the pole is repeated 3 times and thus m = 3,

$$R = \frac{1}{(m-1)!} \lim_{z \to a} \frac{d^{m-1}}{dz^{m-1}} ((z-a)^m f(z))$$
(9)

$$= \frac{1}{(2)!} \lim_{z \to 1} \frac{d^2}{dz^2} \left(20z^{n+2} - 21z^{n+1} \right)$$
(10)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{z \to 1} (20(n+2)(n+1)z^n - 21(n)(n+1)z^{n-1})$$
(11)

$$= \frac{1}{2} [20(n+2)(n+1) - 21(n)(n+1)]$$
(12)

$$R = S_n \tag{13}$$

For an Arithmetic Progression:-

$$x(n) = [x(0) + nd]u(n)$$
(1)

$$x(n) = [20 - n]u(n)$$
 (2)

$$200 = \frac{1}{2} [20(n+2)(n+1) - 21(n)(n+1)]$$
 (14)

$$n = 15 , 24$$
 (15)

$$X(Z) = \frac{20 - 21z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} \quad |z| > 1$$

(3) For Practical reasons x(n) is number of logs in top row

$$y(n) = x(n) * u(n)$$
 (4)

$$x(n) > 0 \tag{16}$$

$$Y(Z) = X(Z)U(Z)$$

(5) Using equation 2

$$Y(Z) = \frac{20 - 21z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^3} \tag{6}$$

$$x(15) = 5 (17)$$

Using Contour Integration to find the inverse Z-transform,

$$x(24) = -4 (18)$$

$$y(n) = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint_C Y(z) \ z^{n-1} \ dz \tag{7}$$

x(24) is rejected because it is negative

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint_C \frac{(20 - 21z^{-1})z^{n-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^3} dz \tag{8}$$

$$x(15) = 5 \tag{19}$$

Ans. There are 16 rows with 5 logs in top row

