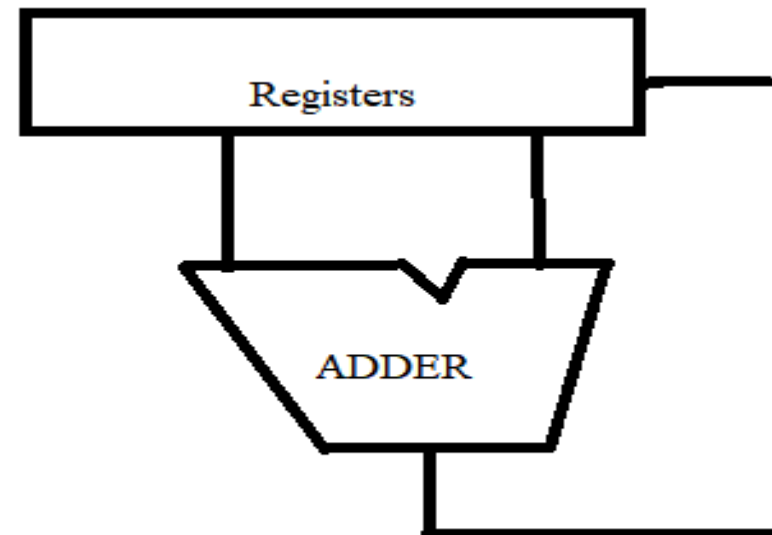


Computer Organization & Architecture-19CSE211

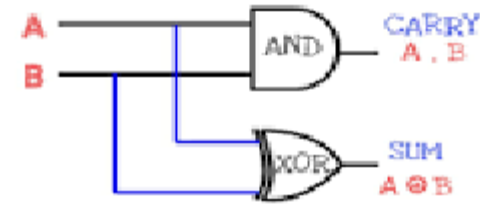
Consider this Case Scenario...

- Write a C code to find factorial of a number.
 - The Instruction Set(ISA) Level
 - Architectural Level
- `for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
 fact=fact*i;`
 - load/add/store instructions

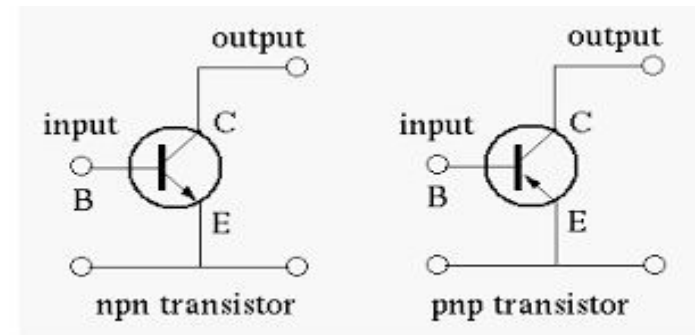


Varied levels of Abstraction.....

- Digital Electronics-
Logic Level



- Transistor Level



- Physics/Chemistry

Properties of atoms/electron

Abstraction omits unneeded detail, helps us cope with complexity

What is Computer Architecture & What is Computer Organization?

- Architecture is always concerned with what to do?
- Organization will take care of how to do?
- Architecture is concerned with High level Design-Analysis of what all types of instructions, Addressing Modes, Usage of Registers.
- Organization is concerned with Implementation or Building Process.
- ✓ Architecture carries higher precedence than Organization.
- ✓ Only after the Design (Architecture), Implementation (Organization) can be done.

Example for Computer Architecture & Computer Organization?

- If a calculator is to be built:
 - Architecture-Division operation
 - Organization-Implemented as single 'div' instruction or repeated 'sub' instruction
- ✓ Organization – Understands design issues or challenges

Comparison for Computer Architecture & Computer Organization?

| <u>Computer Architecture</u> | <u>Computer Organization</u> |
|---|---|
| High level design and feature description | Realization of the high level design through Implementation |
| Connected to InstructionSet, Support for data types, memory consideration etc | More from implementation Aspect is given importance -selection of circuit components,peripherals, ALU implemetation etc |
| Logic wil be given importance | Implementation of the logic is given importance |
| What to do? | How to do? |
| Eg: In Calculator-decision to support for Multiplication | Multiplication to be implemented through repeated addition |