## 19 CSE 212 Data Structures and Algorithms – Assignment 1

## Array

- 1. Write a program in Java to search for an element in a sorted array efficiently.
- 2. Write a program in Java to search for the second occurrence of '6' in an array and replace it with '7'.
- 3. Write a Java program that uses functions to perform the following operations on array
  - a. Creation
  - b. Insertion (at start, at end, using index, based on value)
  - c. Deletion (at start, at end, using index, based on value)
  - d. Traversal
  - e. Searching an element. (based on value, based on index)
- 4. Given an array with n numbers split it from a specified position, and move the first part of array and append it to the end.

Example: Given A=[12,10,5,6,22,52] and position =2

Your function should return the modified array as:[5,6,22,52,12,10]

5. Given a sorted array nums, remove the duplicates such that each element appear only once and return the new length.

Example: Given nums = [0,0,1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4]

Your function should return length = 5, with the first five elements being modified as 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4 respectively.

6. Given an array of integers, return indices of the two numbers such that they add up to a specific target. You may assume that each input would have exactly one solution, and you may not use the same element twice.

Example: Given nums = [2, 7, 11, 15], target = 9, Because nums[0] + nums[1] = 2 + 7 = 9, return [0, 1]

7. Given an array nums and a value val, remove all instances of that value in the array and return the new length. The order of elements can be changed.

Example: Given nums = [0,1,2,2,3,0,4,2], val = 2,

Your function should return length = 5, with the first five elements of nums Containing 0, 1, 3, 0, and 4.

8. Given an array of n elements to find if an integer x appears more than n/2 times in a sorted array of n integers.

Example: Given A=[0,1,2,4,4,4,4,4]

Your function should return 4 appears 5 times

Formulate an approach which has a better time complexity

9. Write a Java program to find all the unique triplets such that sum of all the three elements  $[x, y, z \ (x \le y \le z)]$  equal to a specified number.

Sample array: [1, -2, 0, 5, -1, -4]

Target:2

Output: 1,5,-4

10. Write a Java Program to merge elements of two sorted arrays A and B of size p and q, by maintaining the sorted order i.e. fill A with first p smallest elements and fill B with remaining elements.

Example:

Input:

int[] 
$$A = \{ 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 \}$$
  
int[]  $B = \{ 2, 4, 9 \}$ 

Output:

Sorted Arrays:

B: [8, 9, 10]