## Lab sheet 8 Binary Search Tree

- 1. Create a class BST and implement the insert function.
- 2. Implement inorder traversal in class BST
- 3. Create Driver class and insert the elements 30, 35, 40,50,12,17,45,90,23,56 in order to an initially empty BST.
- 4. Perform inorder traversal of the tree created in question 3.
- 5. Implement postorder and preorder traversals in class BST.
- 6. Implement the delete function in class BST
- 7. Delete the element 17 from the tree created in question 3.
- 8. Print the postorder and preorder traversals of the tree
- 9. Implement the search function in class BST.
- 10. Search for the given elements and see the result: 40, 90, 32, 92, 56.
- 11. Using search function, display minimum and maximum elements in the tree.
- 12. Implement a function to find the height of the tree
- 13. Find the height of the tree created in question 3.
- 14. Implement a function to find the kth largest element in BST
- 15. Find the 5th largest element of the tree
- 16. Given a Binary Tree, convert it to a Binary Search Tree. The conversion must be done in such a way that keeps the original structure of Binary Tree.

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