C++ Programming Char Arrays 1

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Let's refresh about characters

```
4⊖ int main() {
        char ch1 = 'A':
        int ch value = ch1;
        cout<<ch value<<"\n";
 9
        cout<<(int)'A'<<"\n";
10
        cout<<(int)'B'<<"\n";
11
        cout<<(int)'C'<<"\n";
12
        cout<<(int)'Z'<<"\n";
13
        cout<<(int)'A' + 26 - 1<<"\n";
14
15
        char ch2 = 90;
16
        cout<<ch2<<"\n";
17
18
        cout<<"***\n":
19
20
        cout<<(int)'a'<<"\n";
21
        cout<<(int)'b'<<"\n";
22
        cout<<(int)'c'<<"\n";
23
        cout<<(int)'z'<<"\n";
        cout<<(int)'a' + 26 - 1<<"\n";
24
25
        cout<<('A' < 'a')<<"\n";
26
27
        return 0;
28
```

```
<terminat
65
65
66
67
90
90
***
97
98
99
122
122
```

Check and Convert Chars

```
int main() {
         char ch1 = 'D';
         if ('A' <= ch1 && ch1 <= 'Z') {
             cout << ch1 << " is an upper case\n";
             ch1 = ch1 - 'A' + 'a':
             cout << ch1 << " now is a lower case\n";
         } else if ('z' <= ch1 && ch1 <= 'z')</pre>
 12
             cout << ch1 << " is already a lower case\n";
 13
         else if ('0' <= ch1 && ch1 <= '9')
 14
             cout << ch1 << " is a digit\n";
         else
 16
             cout << ch1 << " is neither a digit nor a letter\n";</pre>
 17
         return 0;
 19
 20
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<terminated> ztemp [C/C++ Application] /home/moustafa/workspaces/eclipse cg
D is an upper case
d now is a lower case
```

Always remember they are just numbers internally lf we have letter 'A'

- Subtract 'A'
- Now this is zero
- Now add 'a'
- o This shifts to 'a'
- And so on
- o If 'D' \Rightarrow 'D' 'A' = 3

Accessing string array

```
4⊖ int main() {
         string name = "Hany";
         int sz = name.size(); // called function/method
         cout << sz << "\n"; // 4
        cout << name << "\n";
         for (int i = 0; i < sz; ++i)
             cout << name[i]; // internally array</pre>
         return 0;
 16
 17
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<terminated> ztemp [C/C++ Application] /home/moustafa/workspaces/ecl
4
Hany
Hany
```

- We used to read/write string as an item
- String is sequence of characters
- So actually internally an array

Let's create char array

```
4@ int main() {
         int numbers[5] = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 };
         char name1[5] = { 'H', 'a', 'n', 'i' }; // 5 not 4
         char name2[5] = "Hani";
 10
         string name3 = "Hani";
 11
 12
         cout << name1 << "\n":
 13
         cout << name2 << "\n";
 14
         cout << name3 << "\n";
 15
 16
         return 0;
 17
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<terminated> ztemp [C/C++ Application] /home/moustafa/workspaces/e
Hani
Hani
Hani
```

- We can create array of integers or doubles!
- Let's create array of chars
- Length must be 1 + intended length
- Usually, you will use string as easier way
 - Internally has char array

The null char

```
40 int main() {
         char name1[4];
         name1[0] = 'H':
         name1[1] = 'a';
         name1[2] = 'n':
         name1[3] = 'i';
         cout << name1 << "\n";
 13
 14
         return 0;
 15
 16
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<terminated> ztemp [C/C++ Application] /hor
Hani@ 00
```

- For internal reasons, C++ wanna you tell when the string ends (for easy print)
- We add extra char to do so
- On left, wrong way

The null char

```
4⊖ int main() {
         char name1[5];
         namel[0] = 'H';
  8
         name1[1] = 'a';
         name1[2] = 'n';
 10
         namel[3] = 'i';
 11
         namel[4] = ' \setminus 0';
                             // Null character
 12
 13
         cout << name1 << "\n";
 14
 15
         return Θ;
 16
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<terminated>ztemp [C/C++ Application] /home/moustafa/wo
Hani
```

- The right way
 - 1) 1+size (4 here)
 - 2) Null char: \0

The null char

```
40 int main() {
         char name1[5];
         namel[0] = 'H';
         namel[1] = ' \ 0';
         name1[2] = 'n';
 10
         name1[3] = 'i';
 11
         namel[4] = '\0';
                             // Null character
 12
 13
         cout << namel << "\n";
 14
 15
         return 0;
 16
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<terminated> ztemp [C/C++ Application] /home/moustafa/v
```

- Print stops once sees the null char
 - Letters after it won't be printed

"Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people."

"Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave."