C++ Programming Variables Homework

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Homework 1: Math operations

- Write a program that reads 2 numbers and print their + * / as following
 - For inputs 12 and 3
- Do good testing for your code
 - E.g. consider zero as first or 2nd number
 - E.g. consider negative values
 - E.g. even and odd values
 - E.g. try the MAX of int: 2147483647

```
12 + 3 = 15
12 - 3 = 9
12 / 3 = 4
12 * 3 = 36
```

Homework 2: Students grades

- Write a program that reads 2 students information about math exam
 - o Read per student: name, id and grade
 - Then print them. See the picture
- Be a good software engineer
 - Think deeply in your selected data types
 - The teacher gives us this dialogue to guide us
 - Be careful from your assumptions?
 - Is exam's grade an integer?

```
What is student 1 name: mostafa
His id: 111
His math exam grade: 20
What is student 2 name: ALI
His id: 555
His math exam grade: 30
Students grades in math
mostafa (with id 111) got grade: 20
ALI (with id 555) got grade: 30
Average grade is 25
```

Homework 3: Even and Odd sum

Problem Statement: Given 8 space-separated integers, find the sum of those in even places and the sum of those in odd places.

Note: Even place means the 2nd, 4th, 6th or 8th numbers, while odd places are the 1st, 3rd, 5th and 7th numbers.

Example Input:

11 2 7 9 12 -8 3 -1

Example Output:

2 33

Example Explanation:

2 + 9 + (-8) + (-1) = 211 + 7 + 12 + 3 = 33

Homework 4: Guess Program Output (Medium)

```
1 #include<iostream>
   using namespace std;
40 int main() {
       int num1, num2, num3;
       num1 = 0, num2 = 1, num3 = num1 + num2, cout << num3 << "\n";
       num1 = num2, num2 = num3, num3 = num1 + num2, cout << num3 << "\n";
       num1 = num2, num2 = num3, num3 = num1 + num2, cout << num3 << "\n";
       num1 = num2, num2 = num3, num3 = num1 + num2, cout << num3 << "\n";
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11
       num1 = num2, num2 = num3, num3 = num1 + num2, cout <<num3<<"\n";
12
       num1 = num2, num2 = num3, num3 = num1 + num2, cout <<num3<<"\n";
13
       num1 = num2, num2 = num3, num3 = num1 + num2, cout <<num3<<"\n";
14
       num1 = num2, num2 = num3, num3 = num1 + num2, cout << num3 << "\n";
       num1 = num2, num2 = num3, num3 = num1 + num2. cout <<num3<<"\n":</pre>
15
16
17
       // https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fibonacci number
18
19
       return 0;
20 }
```

Homework 5: Swapping 2 numbers! (Medium)

- Write a program that reads 2 variables num1 and num2
 - E.g. say we read num1 = 7 and num2 = 231
- Target: we want swap the values of Num1 and Num2?
 - Swap means exchange
 - So Num1 takes value 231 and Num2 takes value 7

Homework 6: Swapping 3 numbers! (Hard)

- Same as previous, but on 3 numbers
- Let say we have numbers a = 115, b = 20, c = 301
- We wanna their final values to be: a = 20, b = 301, c = 115

Homework 7: Print Me (Hard)

- Write a program that reads 2 integers A, B
 - o B is either -1 or 1
 - If -1, print 2*A+1
 - If 1, print A*A
- Hint
 - You need to think in a simple 1 line formula for the output

Homework 8: Sum numbers from 1 to N (Hard)

- Write a program that reads integer N and Print the sum from 1 to N
 - E.g. If input N = 5, then Output is: 15
 - \circ Why? As 1+2+3+4+5=15
 - Below table of more values
 - \circ 3 \Rightarrow 6 (1+2+3)
 - $0 \quad 4 \Rightarrow 10 (1+2+3+4)$
 - \circ 5 \Rightarrow 15 (1+2+3+4+5)
- You need to find a simple 1 line formula to solve the problem :)
 - Hint: Let N = 8. Write numbers from 1 to 8
 - What is the sum of 1st and 8th number? sum of 2nd and 7th? And so on
 - Your formula should be good for even and odd N. Be careful programmer!
 - What is the maximum N after it overflow occurs? Recall int max is 2147483647

"Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people."

"Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave."