

Q1 to Q12 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

- 1. Which of the following is an application of clustering?
 - a. Biological network analysis
 - b. Market trend prediction
 - c. Topic modeling
 - d. All of the above
- 2. On which data type, we cannot perform cluster analysis?
 - a. Time series data
 - b. Text data
 - c. Multimedia data
 - d. None
- 3. Netflix's movie recommendation system uses
 - a. Supervised learning
 - b. Unsupervised learning
 - c. Reinforcement learning and Unsupervised learning
 - d. All of the above
- 4. The final output of Hierarchical clustering is
 - a. The number of cluster centroids
 - b. The tree representing how close the data points are to each other
 - c. A map defining the similar data points into individual groups
 - d. All of the above
- 5. Which of the step is not required for K-means clustering?
 - a. A distance metric

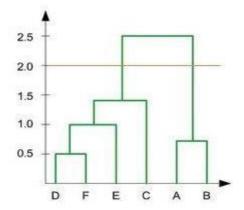
 - v. Initial number of clusters
 c. Initial guess as to cluster centroids
 - d. None
- 6. Which is the following is wrong?
 - a. k-means clustering is a vector quantization method
 - b. k-means clustering tries to group n observations into k clusters
 - c. k-nearest neighbour is same as k-means
 - d. None
- 7. Which of the following metrics, do we have for finding dissimilarity between two clusters in hierarchical clustering?
- i. Single-link
- Complete-link ii.
- iii.Average-link

Options:

- a. 1 and 2
- b. 1 and 3
- c. 2 and 3
- d. 1, 2 and 3
- 8. Which of the following are true?
- i. Clustering analysis is negatively affected by multicollinearity of features
- ii. Clustering analysis is negatively affected by heteroscedasticity Options:
 - a. 1 only
 - b. 2 only
 - c. 1 and 2
 - d. None of them



9. In the figure above, if you draw a horizontal line on y-axis for y=2. What will be the number of clusters formed?



- a. 2
- b. 4
- c. 3
- d. 5
- 10. For which of the following tasks might clustering be a suitable approach?



- a. Given sales data from a large number of products in a supermarket, estimate future sales for eachof these products.
- b. Given a database of information about your users, automatically group them into different marketsegments.
- c. Predicting whether stock price of a company will increase tomorrow.
- d. Given historical weather records, predict if tomorrow's weather will be sunny or rainy.
- 11. Given, six points with the following attributes:

point	x coordinate	y coordinate	
p1	0.4005	0.5306	
p2	0.2148	0.3854	
р3	0.3457	0.3156	
p4	0.2652	0.1875	
p5	0.0789	0.4139	
р6	0.4548	0.3022	

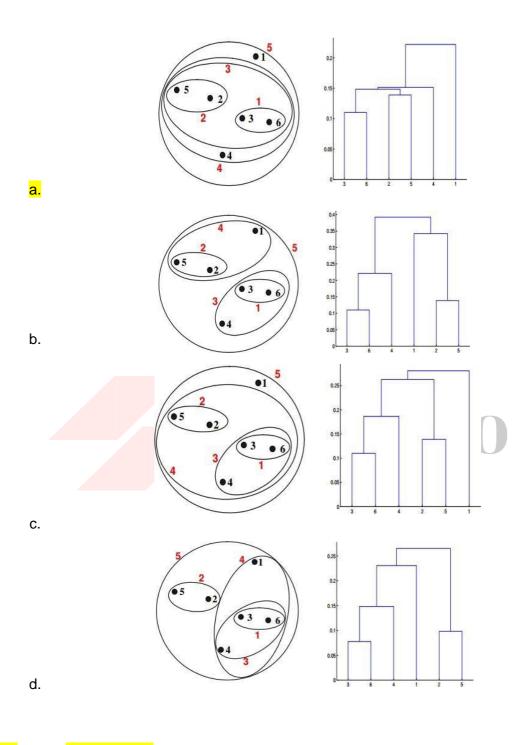
Table: X-Y coordinates of six points.

	p1	p2	p3	p4	p5	p6
p1	0.0000	0.2357	0.2218	0.3688	0.3421	0.2347
p2	0.2357	0.0000	0.1483	0.2042	0.1388	0.2540
р3	0.2218	0.1483	0.0000	0.1513	0.2843	0.1100
p4	0.3688	0.2042	0.1513	0.0000	0.2932	0.2216
p_5	0.3421	0.1388	0.2843	0.2932	0.0000	0.3921
p6	0.2347	0.2540	0.1100	0.2216	0.3921	0.0000

Table : Distance Matrix for Six Points



Which of the following clustering representations and dendrogram depicts the use of MIN or Single link proximity function in hierarchical clustering:



A) Is the answer



12. Given, six points with the following attributes:

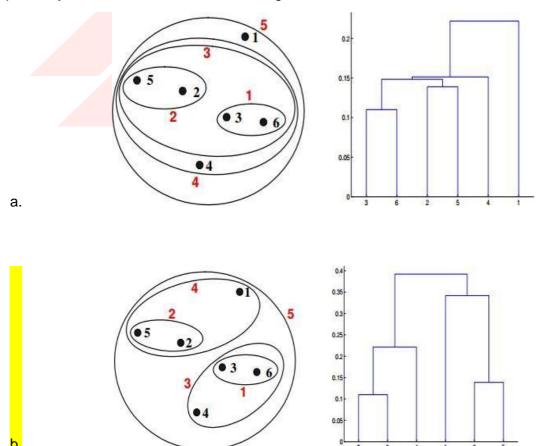
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p2	0.2148	0.3854	
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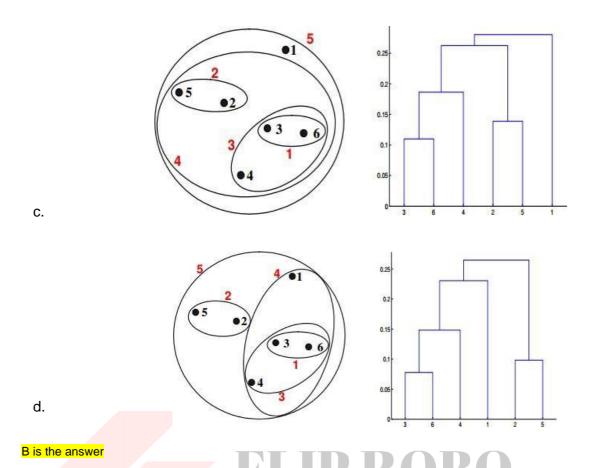
	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	p6
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p2	0.2357	0.0000	0.1483	0.2042	0.1388	0.2540
р3	0.2218	0.1483	0.0000	0.1513	0.2843	0.1100
p4	0.3688	0.2042	0.1513	0.0000	0.2932	0.2216
p 5	0.3421	0.1388	0.2843	0.2932	0.0000	0.3921
р6	0.2347	0.2540	0.1100	0.2216	0.3921	0.0000

Table : Distance Matrix for Six Points

Which of the following clustering representations and dendrogram depicts the use of MAX or Complete link proximity function in hierarchical clustering.







Q13 to Q14 are subjective answers type questions, Answers them in their own words briefly

13. What is the importance of clustering?

Answer – Clustering is basically a type of unsupervised learning method. An unsupervised learning method is a method in which we draw references from datasets consisting of input data without labeled responses. Clustering is basically a collection of objects on the basis of similarity and dissimilarity between them.

Importance - Clustering is very much important as it determines the intrinsic grouping among the unlabelled data present. There are no criteria for good clustering. It depends on the user, what is the criteria they may use which satisfy their need. For instance, we could be interested in finding representatives for homogeneous groups (data reduction), in finding "natural clusters" and describe their unknown properties ("natural" data types), in finding useful and suitable groupings ("useful" data classes) or in finding unusual data objects (outlier detection). This algorithm must make some assumptions that constitute the similarity of points and each assumption make different and equally valid clusters.

14. How can I improve my clustering performance?

Answer -

 Graph-based clustering performance can easily be improved by applying ICA blind source separation during the graph Laplacian embedding step. Applying unsupervised feature learning to input data using either RICA or SFT, improves clustering performance.



• Principal Component Analysis (PCA) is an important approach to unsupervised dimensionality reduction technique for k-means clustering algorithm