



Variances of PCA Score Variables are nothing but Eigen values of Variance-Covariance matrix (descending order)

$$X_1 X_2 \dots X_m$$

$$PC_1 = X_1 a_1 + X_2 a_2 + \dots + X_m a_m$$

$$PC_2 = X_1 b_1 + X_2 b_2 + \dots + X_m b_m$$

Note: All the Eigenvectors (Components) are orthogonal to each other.

$$PC_m = \dots$$

$$\begin{matrix}
 X_1 & X_2 & \dots & X_m \\
 \swarrow & \searrow & & \swarrow \\
 & & & \begin{bmatrix} PC_1 & PC_2 & \dots & PC_m \end{bmatrix}
 \end{matrix}$$

```
print(prcomp.explained_variance_)
```

$$\text{Var}(PC_1) > \text{Var}(PC_2) > \dots > \text{Var}(PC_m)$$

Eigen values of Variance-Covariance matrix

Good Practice: Scale the data, before you transform into PC scores.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Total Variation} &= \text{Var}(PC_1) + \text{Var}(PC_2) + \dots + \text{Var}(PC_m) \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^m \text{Var}(PC_i)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Percentage of Variation explained by } j^{\text{th}} \text{ PC} &= \frac{\text{Var}(PC_j)}{\sum_{i=1}^m \text{Var}(PC_i)} \times 100
 \end{aligned}$$

