

question-on-sql-miscellaneous/?page=5

Translate

Attention Required!...

54 Inspiring Landin...



DBMS Convert ER i...

w3r

has 10 records. It has a non-NULL SALARY column which is

ent

(*) FROM Employee WHERE SALARY > ANY (SELECT
EMPLOYEE);

Answer & Solution

Discuss in Board

Save for Later

Solution

B

value with each of the values in a list or results from a query and evaluates to true if
er query contains at least one row. **ANY** must be preceded by comparison
(<=, >=, <>).

as 10 records and each value in non-NULL SALARY column is unique i.e
at 10 records one of the record will be minimum which cannot be greater than
the salary column. Hence the condition
> ANY (SELECT SALARY FROM employee)
nes. So, the COUNT(*) outputs 9.

ent

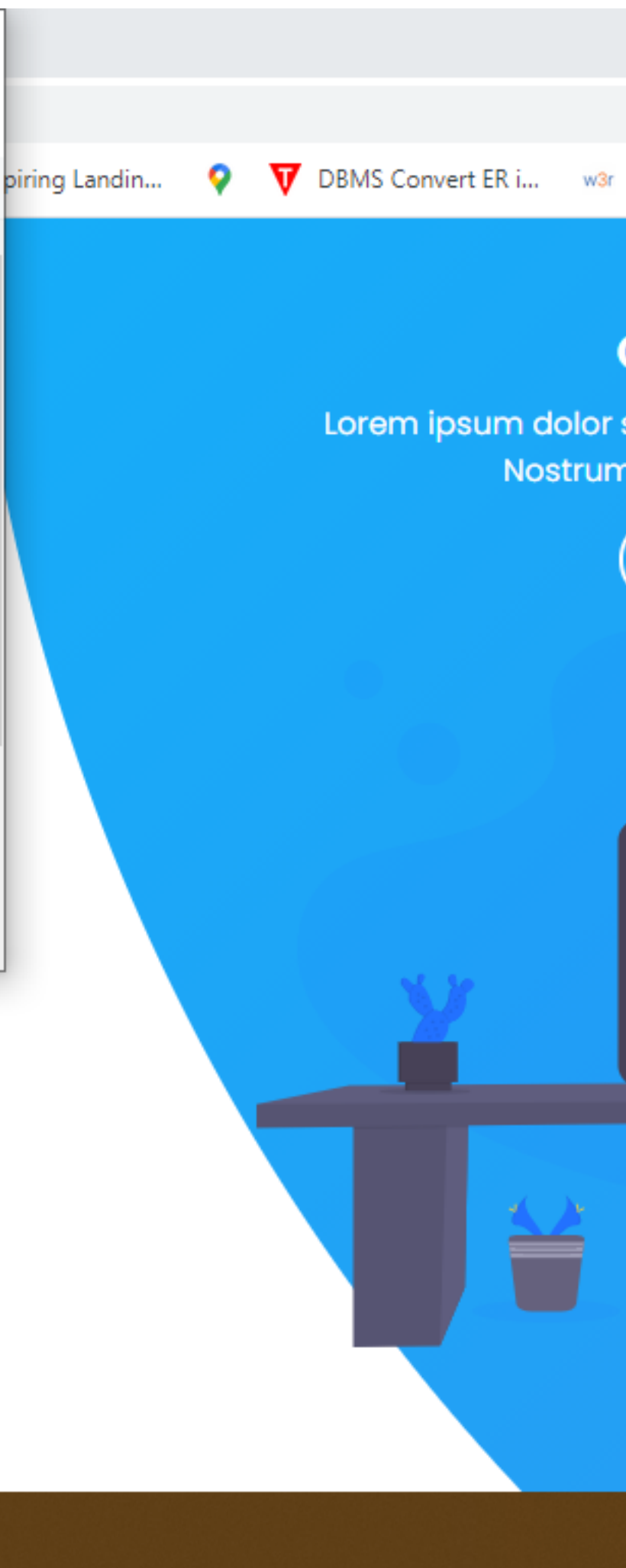
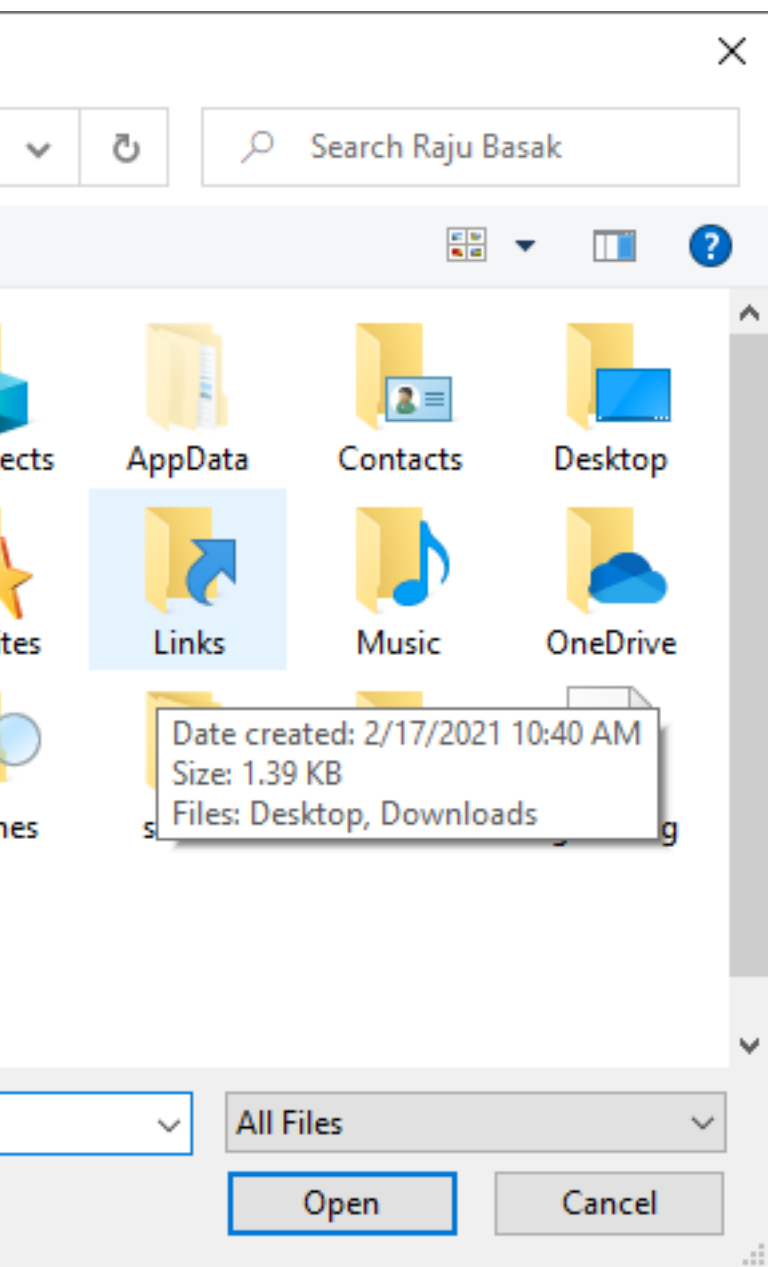
P('abdefghij' INSTR('123321234' '2' 3 2) 2) FROM DUAL ;

CARROT REC



sodexo

NOW



question-on-sql-miscellaneous/?page=14

course_name FROM student WHERE age>50 and age <80; ✓

course_name FROM student WHERE age>50 and WHERE age<80;

[Answer & Solution](#)

[Discuss in Board](#)

[Save for Later](#)

data from student table starting the name from letter 'r'?

M student WHERE name LIKE 'r%'; ✓

M student WHERE name LIKE '%r%'; ✗

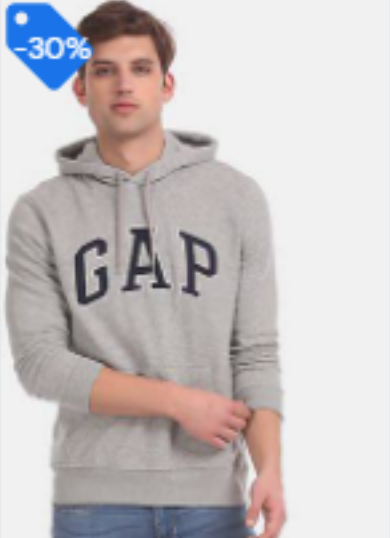
M student WHERE name LIKE '%r'; ✗


M student WHERE name LIKE '_r%'; ✗

[Answer & Solution](#)

[Discuss in Board](#)

[Save for Later](#)



NNNOW

GAP India
NNNOW.com

This Is Paragraph
This Is Paragraph2