Introduction for the terms used in this document

<u>COMMAND</u> is set by the user to specify to T3VERB the nature of the command. The combination of COMMAND and DESTIN uniquely identifies a command (apart from additional adverbs). The actual interpretation of COMMAND will depend on **DESTIN**.

<u>DESTIN</u> is set by the user to specify to T3VERB the destination of the command. The combination of DESTIN and COMMAND uniquely identifies a command (apart from additional adverbs)

Acceptable values of DESTIN are

- 0-15 for MCM numbers 0 to 15
- 16 for SERVO
- 17 for ABC
- 20 for COMH
- 33 for Command-Monitor
- 50 for SUN system
- 60 for DISPLAY handler
- 70 for SUBARRAY controller
- 80 for OFFline DEBUG mode

General procedures available for the GMRT ONLINE system

The following temporary scalars have been defined for usage in GMRT procedures

USAV, VSAV, WSAV, XSAV, YSAV, ZSAV, IPA, JPA

List of available procedures and their corresponding subroutines are :

Procedures	Subroutine
ABCPROC	ABCCMD
SUNPROC	SUNCMD
COMHPROC	COMHCMD
SERVOPROC	SERVOCMD
FPSPROC	FPSCMD

DISPPROC	DISPCMD
TESTPROC	TESTCMD
ASTROPROC	ASTROCMD
GENPROC	GENPROC
MCMPROC	MCMCMD
SACPROC	SACCMD

The above procedures and their subroutines are explained in **Appendix** i.e. at the end of this document.

<u>Procedures related to the New DAS control</u> (Destination = 91)

All these commands are T3V commands.

LNKNDASQ(Destination = 91 Command No = 10)

Initialise/ links DAS(Data Acqusition System) control for sub-array IPA with correlator.

This command first refers a NEWDASCMD subroutine in the CMDFRM.FOR file, and initialises/links a DAS for current sub-array(i.e. Suba4,Suba5 etc.) if DAS is already started. Otherwise it shouts.

<STRTNDAS>(Destination = 91 Command No = 11)

Start DAS scan for the sub-array.

This command first refers a NEWDASCMD subroutine in the CMDFRM.FOR file, and starts a DAS for current sub-array (i.e. Suba4,Suba5 etc.) There are various checks related which this subroutine does for this command the checks are:

- 1. If DAS is not initialised then it gives a message that ":DAS START SCAN FAILED, DAS NOT INITTED ... CMD FAILED".
- 2.If DAS is started but project is not initialised then gives a message ":DAS START SCAN FAILED, NO PROJECT RUNNING".
- 3.If DAS and Project are initialised and scan had given strtndas command then it gives message ":DAS START SCAN FAILED, SCAN ALREADY RUNNING".
 - 4.If DAS and project are initialised and scan is not started then it starts the scan but after starting scan it checks the source name which is given before this command searches the source in the lists added in the user console and then if the source doesn't exist in the sky or the source name is incorrect then it shouts.

STPNDAS(Destination = 91 Command No = 12)

Stops DAS scan for the sub-array.

This command first refers a NEWDASCMD subroutine in the CMDFRM.FOR file, and stops a DAS for current sub-array (i.e. Suba4,Suba5 etc.) There are various checks related which this subroutine does for this command the checks are:

1.If DAS is not initialised then it gives a message that ":DAS STOP SCAN FAILED, DAS NOT INITTED ... CMD FAILED".

- 2.If DAS is started but project is not initialised then gives a message ":DAS STOP SCAN FAILED, NO PROJECT RUNNING".
- 3.If DAS and Project are initialised and scan had already given stpndas command then it gives message ":DAS STOP SCAN FAILED, SCAN NOT RUNNING".

SNDNDASSTR(OUTFIL) (Destination = 91 Command No = 13)

This command sends command through a string of DAS.

This command first refers a NEWDASCMD subroutine in the CMDFRM.FOR file.

PRJFREO(Destination = 91 Command No = 24)

Set das frequencies in the format RF1 RF2 LO1 LO1 LO4 LO4.

This command first refers a NEWDASCMD subroutine in the CMDFRM.FOR file. It give inputs of frequencies and source information to the scan fields in the recording file.

<LDSRCCODE(OUTFIL)(Destination = 91 Command No = 26)</pre>

Set source code in the outfile.

This command first refers a NEWDASCMD subroutine in the CMDFRM.FOR file.

Procedures for Sub-array Controller (Destination = 70)

Note :- All commands are in this destination are T3V commands.

SNDSACSRC (Destination = 70 Command No = 10)

Sends source co-ordinate to the subarray controller.

If the command destination matches with 70 and command no. 10 then it will refer to the subroutine SUBACMD(in the CMDFRM.FOR) which will generate command for the SUBARRAY controller and send them through a subroutine SUBACSND(in IPCAIPS.FOR) to the relevant sub-array.

GOSACIN(Destination = 70 Command No = 8)

Requests Sub-array controller to track inner track.

It refers subroutine SUBACMD generate command and send it through
subroutine SUBACSND to the sub-array.

The effect of this command will be seen after giving sndsacsrc command.

GOSACOUT(Destination = 70 Command No = 6)

Requests Sub-array controller to track outer track.

It refers subroutine SUBACMD generate command and send it through subroutine SUBACSND to the sub-array.

The effect of this command will be seen after giving sndsacsrc command.

TRKELOFF (SCO(17)=IPA; Destination = 70 Command No = 10)

Tracks source at offsets=IPA in Elevation.

(SCO(17)=IPA+Dest=70+COMM=10->TRKELOFF(IPA))->SUBACMD(CMDFRM.FOR)

SUBACMD(IPCAIPS.FOR)->SUBACSND

If SCO(17) + Dest=70 + Command No. = 10 then refers to tracking offsets in Elevation.

It refers to the subroutine <u>SUBACMD</u> which will generate command for the <u>SUBARRAY</u> controller and send them through a subroutine <u>SUBACSND</u> to the relevant sub-array.

TRKAZOFF (SCO(15)=IPA; Destination = 70 Command No = 10)

Tracks source at offsets=IPA in Azimuth.

(SCO(15)=IPA+Dest=70+COMM=10->TRKAZOFF(IPA))->SUBACMD(CMDFRM.FOR)

SUBACMD(IPCAIPS.FOR)->SUBACSND

If SCO(15) + Dest=70 + Command No. = 10 then refers to tracking offsets

in Azimuth.

It refers to the subroutine <u>SUBACMD</u> which will generate command for the <u>SUBARRAY</u> controller and send them through a subroutine <u>SUBACSND</u> to the relevant sub-array.

TRKANTOFF (SCO(15)=JPA; SCO(17)=IPA; Destination = 70 Command No = 10)

Tracks source at

AZ offsets = JPA

EL offsets=IPA.

(SCO(15)=JPA+SCO(17)=IPA; Dest=70+COMM=10->TRKANTOFF(JPA, IPA))->SUBACMD(CMDFRM.FOR)

SUBACMD (IPCAIPS.FOR) -> SUBACSND

If SCO(15) + SCO(17) + Dest=70 + Command No. = 10 then refers to tracking offsets in Azimuth and Elevation.

It refers to the subroutine <u>SUBACMD</u> which will generate command for the <u>SUBARRAY</u> controller and send them through a subroutine <u>SUBACSND</u> to the relevant sub-array.

TRKRAOFF(SCO(10)=IPA; Destination = 70 Command No = 10)

Tracks source at offsets=IPA in Right Ascention.

(SCO(10)=IPA+Dest=70+COMM=10->TRKRAOFF(IPA))->SUBACMD(CMDFRM.FOR)

SUBACMD(IPCAIPS.FOR)->SUBACSND

If SCO(10) + Dest=70 + Command No. = 10 then refers to tracking offsets in Right Ascention.

It refers to the subroutine <u>SUBACMD</u> which will generate command for the <u>SUBARRAY</u> controller and send them through a subroutine <u>SUBACSND</u> to the relevant sub-array.

TRKDECOFF (SCO(12)=IPA; Destination = 70 Command No = 10)

Tracks source at offsets=IPA in Declination.

(SCO(12)=IPA+Dest=70+COMM=10->TRKDECOFF(IPA))->SUBACMD(CMDFRM.FOR)

SUBACMD(IPCAIPS.FOR)->SUBACSND

If SCO(12) + Dest=70 + Command No. = 10 then refers to tracking offsets in Declination.

It refers to the subroutine <u>SUBACMD</u> which will generate command for the <u>SUBARRAY</u> controller and send them through a subroutine <u>SUBACSND</u> to the relevant sub-array.

SCANELSRC (Destination = 70 Command No = 10)

Scans source in Elevation with scanrate=ipa, peak-time=jpa.

It also takes following internal commands:

SCO(18) = IPA; SCO(19) = JPA

CP(1)=1;CP(2)=1h;CP(3)=0

It refers to the subroutine <u>SUBACMD</u> which will generate command for the <u>SUBARRAY</u> controller and send them through a subroutine <u>SUBACSND</u> to the relevant sub-array.

SCANAZSRC (Destination = 70 Command No = 10)

Scans source in Azimuth with scanrate=ipa, peak-time=jpa.

It also takes following internal commands:

SCO(16) = IPA; SCO(19) = JPA

CP(1)=1;CP(2)=1h;CP(3)=0

It refers to the subroutine <u>SUBACMD</u> which will generate command for the <u>SUBARRAY</u> controller and send them through a subroutine <u>SUBACSND</u> to the relevant sub-array.

SCANRASRC (Destination = 70 Command No = 10)

Scans source in Right Ascention with scanrate=ipa, peak-time=jpa.

It also takes following internal commands:

SCO(11) = IPA; SCO(14) = JPA

CP(1)=1;CP(2)=1h;CP(3)=0

It refers to the subroutine SUBACMD which will generate command for the SUBARRAY controller and send them through a subroutine SUBACSND to the relevant sub-array.

SCANDEC (Destination = 70 Command No = 10)

Scans source in Declination with scanrate=ipa, peak-time=jpa.

It also takes following internal commands:

SCO(13) = IPA; SCO(14) = JPA

CP(1)=1;CP(2)=1h;CP(3)=0

It refers to the subroutine SUBACMD which will generate command for the SUBARRAY controller and send them through a subroutine SUBACSND to the relevant sub-array.

SNDSACCMD (Destination = 70 Command No = 2)

Send local pops (i.e. user shell) commands through a sub-array-controller from a given command file.

It refers to the subroutine SUBACMD which will generate command for the

SUBARRAY controller and send them through a subroutine SUBACSND to the relevant sub-array.

STRTSACFIL(Destination = 70 Command No = 64)

Gives remote control of the sub-array-controller to the opened command file in the user shell.

It refers to the subroutine SUBACMD which will generate command for the SUBARRAY controller and send them through a subroutine SUBACSND to the relevant sub-array.

STPSACFIL(Destination = 70 Command No = 66)

Stops remote control given to the sub-array-controller to the opened command file in the user shell.

It refers to the subroutine <u>SUBACMD</u> which will generate command for the <u>SUBARRAY</u> controller and send them through a subroutine <u>SUBACSND</u> to the relevant sub-array.

OPSACFILE(Destination = 70 Command No = 60)

Opens sub-array-controller file in the user shell.

It refers to the subroutine <u>SUBACMD</u> which will generate command for the <u>SUBARRAY</u> controller and send them through a subroutine <u>SUBACSND</u> to the relevant sub-array.

CLSACFILE(Destination = 70 Command No = 62)

Close sub-array-controller file in the user shell.

It refers to the subroutine SUBACMD which will generate command for the SUBARRAY controller and send them through a subroutine SUBACSND to the relevant sub-array.

SHSACFILE (Destination = 70 Command No = 70)

Shows a sub-array-controller which is open in the user shell.

It refers to the subroutine <u>SUBACMD</u> which will generate command for the <u>SUBARRAY</u> controller and send them through a subroutine <u>SUBACSND</u> to the relevant sub-array.

SHSACLINE (Destination = 70 Command No = 71)

Shows a current line running for the running sub-array-controller file in the user shell.

It refers to the subroutine <u>SUBACMD</u> which will generate command for the <u>SUBARRAY</u> controller and send them through a subroutine <u>SUBACSND</u> to the relevant sub-array.

RWSACFILE (Destination = 70 Command No = 72)

Rewind sub-array-controller file in the user shell.

It refers to the subroutine SUBACMD which will generate command for the SUBARRAY controller and send them through a subroutine SUBACSND to the relevant sub-array.

MVSACCON(IPA) (Destination = 70 Command No = 73)

Move control to the point i.e. (IPA) in SAC file.

It takes the argument which is in the bracket i.e.

CPA(1) = IPA

It refers to the subroutine SUBACMD which will generate command for the SUBARRAY controller and send them through a subroutine SUBACSND to the relevant sub-array.

SKPSACLINE(IPA) (Destination = 70 Command No = 74)

Skip no of lines i.e. (IPA) from SAC file.

It takes the argument which is in the bracket i.e.

CPA(1)=IPA

It refers to the subroutine SUBACMD which will generate command for the SUBARRAY controller and send them through a subroutine SUBACSND to the relevant sub-array.

MVSACCON(IPA) (Destination = 70 Command No = 74)

Step by one line i.e. (IPA) from SAC file.

It takes the argument which is in the bracket i.e.

CPA(1)=IPA

It refers to the subroutine <u>SUBACMD</u> which will generate command for the <u>SUBARRAY</u> controller and send them through a subroutine <u>SUBACSND</u> to the relevant sub-array.

SUBHNDLE (Destination = 70 Command No = 55)

Sub-array handle to catter tracking generic command.

It refers to the subroutine SUBACMD which will generate command for the SUBARRAY controller and send them through a subroutine SUBACSND to the relevant sub-array.

Procedures for Command-Monitor (Destination = 33)

STMCMOFF(IPA) (Destination = 33 Command No = 0)

Set IPA seconds as a command monitoring offset i.e. it generates a set offset command for command monitoring. It refers subroutine MONCMD and writes message in the command console as "'OFFSET FOR CMD MONITOR'".

ENACMDMON(Destination = 33 Command No = 1)

Enables Command monitoring.

It refers subroutine MONCMD and set command check value to 0 to enable command monitoring.

DISCMDMON(Destination = 33 Command No = 1)

Disables Command monitoring.

It refers subroutine MONCMD and set command check value to 1 to disable command monitoring.

ENACMINFO(Destination = 33 Command No = 2)

Enables Command monitor information log.

It refers subroutine MONCMD and set command check value to 1(i.e. CPA(1)=1). Also writes message in the command console as "'ENABLE CMD MONITOR INFO'".

DISCMINFO(Destination = 33 Command No = 2)

Disables Command monitor information log.

It refers subroutine MONCMD and set command check value to 0(i.e. CPA(1)=0). Also writes message in the command console as "'DISABLE CMD MONITOR INFO'".

ABORTDNLD (Destination = 33 Command No = 3)

Abort ABC download operation for a sub-array.

It refers subroutine MONCMD and writes message in the command console as "'ABRTING DOWNLOAD'".

STDNLDPKT(IPA) (Destination = 33 Command No = 4)

Set ABC program download packet size=IPA (CPA(1)=IPA is as arguement).

It refers subroutine MONCMD and writes message in the command console as "'DNLOAD PKT SIZE = Entered IPA value'".

Procedures for FPS (Destination = 21)

NULLFPS (Destination = 21 Command No = 0)

This issues a null command.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

This subroutine checks that if command no. is 0 then it sends a null command to the FPS.

STINGPNI(IPA) (Destination = 21 Command No = 100)

It issues a command to set turning point to cp(1): turning point angle/pulse.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. The subroutine NEWFPSCMD has one check i.e. if FPSMODE = 0 then it selects 0^{th} command of this surouting+fpsmode and mode 0 i.e. FPSMODE=0 that is why this command has command no. 100

CP(1)=IPA which takes angle per pulse.

STRMPDCNT(Destination = 21 Command No = 110)

It issues a command to set ramp down count.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. The subroutine NEWFPSCMD has one check i.e. if FPSMODE = 0 then it selects $1^{\rm st}$ command of this surouting+fpsmode and mode 0 i.e. FPSMODE=0 that is why this command has command no. 110.

STLRPMLMT(Destination = 21 Command No = 120)

It issues a command to set lower RPM limit.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. The subroutine NEWFPSCMD has one check i.e. if FPSMODE = 0 then it selects 2^{nd} command of this surouting+fpsmode and mode 0 i.e. FPSMODE=0 that is why this command has command no. 120.

STBCTDIF(IPA) (Destination = 21 Command No = 130)

It issues a command to set brake count difference cp(1): pulses.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. The subroutine NEWFPSCMD has one check i.e. if FPSMODE = 0 then it selects $3^{\rm rd}$ command of this surouting+fpsmode and mode 0 i.e. FPSMODE=0 that is why this command has command no. 130.

CP(1) = IPA

STRUPCNT(Destination = 21 Command No = 140)

It issues a command to set ramp up count.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. The subroutine NEWFPSCMD has one check i.e. if FPSMODE = 0 then it selects 4^{th} command of this surouting+fpsmode and mode 0 i.e. FPSMODE=0 that is why this command has command no. 140.

STSTPTCT(Destination = 21 Command No = 150)

It issues a command to set stop time count.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. The subroutine NEWFPSCMD has one check i.e. if FPSMODE = 0 then it selects 5^{th} command of this surouting+fpsmode and mode 0 i.e. FPSMODE=0 that is why this command has command no. 150.

STMAXPWM(Destination = 21 Command No = 160)

It issues a command to set maximum PWM command.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. The subroutine NEWFPSCMD has one check i.e. if FPSMODE = 0 then it selects 6^{th} command of this surouting+fpsmode and mode 0 i.e. FPSMODE=0 that is why this command has command no. 160.

STMAXANG(IPA) (Destination = 21 Command No = 170)

It issues a command to set maximum angle through argument cp(1)=max angle.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. The subroutine NEWFPSCMD has one check i.e. if FPSMODE = 0 then it selects 7^{th} command of this surouting+fpsmode and mode 0 i.e. FPSMODE=0 that is why this command has command no. 170.

CP(1) = IPA; CP(2) = 270

STMINANG(IPA) (Destination = 21 Command No = 180)

It issues a command to set minimum angle through argument cp(1) = minimum angle.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. The subroutine NEWFPSCMD has one check i.e. if FPSMODE = 0 then it selects $8^{\rm th}$ command of this surouting+fpsmode and mode 0 i.e. FPSMODE=0 that is why this command has command no. 180.

CP(1) = IPA; CP(2) = 270

RDTNGPNG(Destination = 21 Command No = 200)

It issues a command to read turning point.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

This command is related to the previous command no. 100.

RDRMPDCT(Destination = 21 Command No = 210)

It issues a command to read ramp count.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This command is related to the previous command no. 110.

RDLRPMLMT(Destination = 21 Command No = 220)

It issues a command to read low RPM count.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This command is related to the previous command no. 120.

RDBRCTDIF(Destination = 21 Command No = 230)

It issues a command to read brake count difference.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This command is related to the previous command no. 130.

RDRMPUPCT(Destination = 21 Command No = 240)

It issues a command to read ramp up time count.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This command is related to the previous command no. 140.

RDSTPTMCT(Destination = 21 Command No = 250)

It issues a command to read stop time count.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This command is related to the previous command no. 150.

RDMAXPWM(Destination = 21 Command No = 260)

It issues a command to read maximum pwm count.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This command is related to the previous command no. 160.

RDMAXANG(Destination = 21 Command No = 270)

It issues a command to read maximum angle.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This command is related to the previous command no. 170.

RDMINANG (Destination = 21 Command No = 280)

It issues a command to read minimum angle.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This command is related to the previous command no. 180.

RDVERSION (Destination = 21 Command No = 290)

It issues a command to read version.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This command is related to the previous command no. 190.

RDVERSION(Destination = 21 Command No = 290)

It issues a command to read version.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This command is related to the previous command no. 190.

RDUAOANG(Destination = 21 Command No = 700)

It issues a command to read UAO angle.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

GETUAOANG(Destination = 21 Command No = 700)

It issues a command to get the first set UAO angle.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

UAOCLBRT(IPA) (Destination = 21 Command No = 360)

It issues a command to calibrate to UAO angle if CP=1 then it will calibrate in clockwise direction i.e. -10 deg side and if CP=0 then it will calibrate in anti-clockwise direction.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. CPA(1)=IPA.

RUNCLBRT(Destination = 21 Command No = 300)

It issues a command to calibrate the feed.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

FREER10 (Destination = 21 Command No = 310)

It issues a command to free run the feed towards -10deg limit switch.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. CPA(1)=1 is an inbuilt parameter.

FREE280 (Destination = 21 Command No = 310)

It issues a command to free run the feed towards 280deg limit switch.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. CPA(1)=0 is an inbuilt parameter.

RUNDPREST(IPA) (Destination = 21 Command No = 320)

It issues a command to run the feed to preset value, IPA is the target angle.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This takes an arguement CP(1)=IPA;CP(2)=270.

RUNCPREST(IPA)(Destination = 21 Command No = 320)

It issues a command to run the feed to preset value, IPA is the target count.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This takes an arguement CP(1)=IPA;CP(2)=17000.

FINECTUNE (IPA, JPA) (Destination = 21 Command No = 330)

It issues a command to run the feed to preset value, IPA is the target count and JPA is PWM counts.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This takes an arguement CP(1)=IPA; CP(2)=17000; CPA(3)=JPA.

FINEDTUNE(IPA, JPA) (Destination = 21 Command No = 330)

It issues a command to run the feed to preset value, IPA is the target angle and JPA is PWM counts.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. This takes an argument CP(1)=IPA; CP(2)=270; CPA(3)=JPA.

RUNPASSWD (Destination = 21 Command No = 340)

It issues a command to run password.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

FPSBOOT(Destination = 21 Command No = 500)

It issues a command to reboot fps.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

FPSSTOP (Destination = 21 Command No = 600)

It issues a command to stop fps.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

PRSTCFPS(IPA) (Destination = 21 Command No = 800)

It issues a command to run a feed to the known feed counts.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. FPSMODE=1; TPARM(1)=IPA.

PRSTDFPS(IPA) (Destination = 21 Command No = 800)

It issues a command to run a feed to the known feed angle.

This procedures refers NEWFPSCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. FPSMODE=0; TPARM(1)=IPA.

Procedures for ABC (Destination = 17)

These procedures refers ABCCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

<LDFPSPOS>(Destination = 17 Command No = 37)

Loads the FPS counts in given TPA.

This procedures refers ABCCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

In this TPARM should have the 4 FPS encoder positions.

MVFPS610(Destination = 17 Command No = 38)

MVFPS150 (Destination = 17 Command No = 38)

MVFPS1420 (Destination = 17 Command No = 38)

MVFPS325(Destination = 17 Command No = 38)

Moves FPS to 610/150/1420/325 to counts loaded by the LDFPSPOS command.

This procedures refers ABCCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

INITFPS(Destination = 17 Command No = 21)

Does add MCM 14 set minimum angle to -10deg, set lower rpm limit.

STMCM(Destination = 17 Command No = 0)

Configures/Sets MCMs for ABC using mpa(I).

STABCTIME (Destination = 17 Command No = 1)

Set ABC(Antenna Base Computer) and Servo (SCC) time to the online machine's time.

STABCOLY(Destination = 17 Command No = 2)

Set ABC communication delays to values set in TPARM(1-18).

STABCCYC(Destination = 17 Command No = 2)

Set ABC default delays and cycle values to values.

i.e. TPARM values are

TPA 1,4,4,4,10,2,10,5,2,0,1,1,5,10,30,14,15,3

ENABCQ(IPA)(Destination = 17 Command No = 3)

Start queing ABC commands for destination=IPA. Gives messages "WHATEVER COMMANDS YOU ENTER NOW WILL BE QUED".

ENAMCMO(Destination = 17 Command No = 3)

Enables MCM qued commands.

Dismcmq(Destination = 17 Command No = 3)

Disables MCM command queing.

STABCDBG(IPA) (Destination = 17 Command No = 4)

Set ABC in debug mode to given IPA.

SABRTABCO(IPA, JPA) (Destination = 17 Command No = 5)

Aborts JPA commands from IPA in ABC queue.

Talk(IPA,OUTFIL) (Destination = 17 Command No = 7)

Send talk message to ABC also internally refers a different subroutine MKANTMSK(POTERR, LEN, TMPSTR, NINT(XSUBAR)).

RDABCVER(Destination = 17 Command No = 10)

Read ABC program version i.e. It gets ABC version number from ABCCMD subroutine.

RDABCDBG(Destination = 17 Command No = 11)

Read ABC error statistics.

RDABCDLY (Destination = 17 Command No = 12)

Get ABC timing information.

DISSRVLNK(Destination = 17 Command No = 14)

Disables servo communication for antenna.

ENASRVLNK (Destination = 17 Command No = 14)

Enables servo communication for antenna.

ABRTPRKANT (Destination = 17 Command No = 15)

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Aborts antenna parking sequence.
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MCHABCCTR(Destination = 17 Command No = 16)
Match command response counters at ABC.
GOABCAPPL (Destination = 17 Command No = 17)
Ask ABC kernel to goto application and execute.
GOPROMAPPL (Destination = 17 Command No = 17)
Ask kernel to transfer from PROM and execute.
STRTABCONL(Destination = 17 Command No = 17)
It starts ABC code down loading(where object dat in current area).
TPA(1)=255; TPA(2)=300.
RDOTIME (Destination = 17 Command No = 19)
It reads ABC and Servo queue timing information.
ENALO1MON(Destination = 17 Command No = 20)
Enables LO1 monitoring through MCM-2.
Input parameters are as follows:
TPA(1)=1; TPA(2)=2;
TPA(3)=0
ENALO2MON (Destination = 17 Command No = 20)
Enables LO1 monitoring through MCM-3.
Input parameters are as follows:
TPA(1)=1; TPA(2)=3;
TPA(3)=0.
DISLO1MON(Destination = 17 Command No = 20)
Disables LO1 monitoring through MCM-2.
Input parameters are as follows:
TPA(1)=0; TPA(2)=2.
```

DISLO2MON(Destination = 17 Command No = 20)

```
Input parameters are as follows:
TPA(1)=0; TPA(2)=3;
ENAIFMON(Destination = 17 Command No = 20)
Enable IF monitoring and command goes for MCM-10.
Input parameters are as follows:
TPA(1)=1; TPA(2)=10;
TPA(3)=1.
DISIFMON(Destination = 17 Command No = 20)
Disables IF monitoring for the antenna.
Note: This is an old command which was given for MCM-9
The Input parameters are as follows:
TPA(1)=0; TPA(2)=9
LDANTPARAM(Destination = 17 Command No = 44)
Loads antenna specific parameters for local track (current hardcoded in
proc in TPA array)
The TPA array is as follows:
TPA(1)=19.1d; TPA(2)=-74.1d; TPA(3)=0d;
TPA(4) = 0d; TPA(5) = 260d; TPA(6) = -260d;
TPA(7)=105d; TPA(8)=17d; TPA(9)=90d;
TPA(10)=0d
LDANTOFFS(IPA, JPA) (Destination = 17 Command No = 44)
Load antenna offsets parameters for local track (current hardcoded in
proc in TPA array).
This is an old command which was used for loading antenna offset values
nowadays we use /pntmod and run pmanto.
The TPA parameters are as follows:
TPA(1)=19.1d; TPA(2)=-74.1d; TPA(3)=IPA;
TPA(4) = JPA; TPA(5) = 260d; TPA(6) = -260d;
TPA(7)=105d; TPA(8)=17d; TPA(9)=90d;
TPA(10) = 0d
LDSRCPARAM(IPA, JPA) (Destination = 17 Command No = 45)
Load source specific parameters for local
                                                 track
                                                         where IPA=1=OUT
```

Disables LO2 monitoring through MCM-3.

```
,JPA=tracking time.
The TPA parameters given for this command are as follows:
TPA(1)=19.1d; TPA(2)=IPA
TPA(3)=0; TPA(4)=JPA;
TPA(5) = 0
LDTIMETRK(Destination = 17 Command No = 27)
Load time parameters for local track.
STIFABC(IPA) (Destination = 17 Command No = 40)
Set IF attenuations loaded in ABC for IPA frequency.
STRTLOCTRK(Destination = 17 Command No = 28)
START
       local
               track
                      mode
                             for
                                   antenna/antennas
                                                      in
                                                           SAC(Sub-Array-
Controller).
The value of TPA given is:
TPA(1)=1.
STPLOCTRK(Destination = 17 Command No = 28)
STOP
      local
              track
                      mode
                                   antenna/antennas
                             for
                                                      in
                                                           SAC(Sub-Array-
Controller).
The value of TPA given is:
TPA(A)=1.
ADDMCMS (Destination = 17 Command No = 29)
Sdditionally configure MCMs defined in MPA array.
DELMCMS(Destination = 17 Command No = 30)
For ABC deselect only those MCMs defined in MPA array.
GOABCKER(Destination = 17 Command No = 31)
Ask ABC to go to KERNAL mode.
RSTABERR (Destination = 17 Command No = 32)
It counts the reset errors of ABC.
RDANTPARA (Destination = 17 Command No = 33)
```

Read antenna parameters for local track.

```
RDSRCPARA (Destination = 17 Command No = 34)
```

Read source parameters for local track.

```
RDTIMTRK(Destination = 17 Command No = 35)
```

Read time parameters for local track.

```
STRTLOCTRK (Destination = 17 Command No = 28)
```

START local track mode for antenna/antennas in SAC(Sub-Array-Controller).

```
INITABCMD(Destination = 17 Command No = 23)
```

Init ABC cmd: tally command response counters, reset flag reset, stoptalk, rdabcv, stabct, all these commands are given through one single command.

Following are the commands send thorough the above command:

```
COMM=23;DEST=17;T3V

STABCDBG(11)

COMM=10;T3V

COMM=27;DEST=17;T3VE

COMM=1; T3V;

mpa 5 0 2 3 10 14;stmcm

COMMAND=290;DEST=21;T3V;

ana 0 0 0 03ffx

COMM 101;DEST 0;T3V

COMM 110;T3V;

stabcdbg(1);

ldantpara

TPA 1,4,4,4,10,2,10,5,2,0,1,1,5,10,30,14,15,3
```

ENAABCCMD (Destination = 17 Command No = 23)

Start accepting ABC commands for ABCs (init ABC after ABC RESET).

```
Following are the TPA parameters given through this command: TPA 1,4,4,4,10,2,10,5,2,0,1,1,5,10,30,14,15,3 STABCDLY
```

Procedures for SUN (Destination = 50)

DEFSUB(IPA) (Destination = 50 Command No = 20)

This command defines antennas associated with the subarray given in the argument=IPA and defines antenna mask for the same subarray.

This procedures refers SUNCMD subroutine, further this subroutine calls MKANTMSK in the same script i.e. CMDFRM.FOR file.

The argument SUBA=IPA.

SHSUB(IPA) (Destination = 50 Command No = 21)

This command shows antennas associated with the subarray given in the argument=IPA.

This procedures refers SUNCMD subroutine, further this subroutine calls GETANTMSK in the same script which gets antenna mask information and displays through DSPANTMSK i.e. display antenna mask. All these subroutines are in CMDFRM.FOR file.

SUBA=IPA; CPA(1)=0.

STRTPROC(STRA3)(Destination = 50 Command No = 30)

This command starts specific process. Like subaray, scctask etc.

This procedures refers SUNCMD subroutine, further this subroutine calls START_PROCESS to start the given process. Both subroutine run in the same script i.e. CMDFRM.FOR file.

The argument OUTFIL=STRA3.

ABRTPROC(STRA3) (Destination = 50 Command No = 31)

This command aborts started process. Like subaray, scctask etc.

This procedures refers SUNCMD subroutine, and finds the process running for the online and kills them using their IPCs. This command is existing in CMDFRM.FOR file.

The argument OUTFIL=STRA3.

HLTPROC(STRA3)(Destination = 50 Command No = 32)

This command halts process. Like subaray, scctask etc.

This procedures refers SUNCMD subroutine, and finds the process running for the online and close it. This command is existing in CMDFRM.FOR file.

The argument OUTFIL=STRA3.

USERCON(Destination = 50 Command No = 36)

This command connects the user to the command handler.

This procedures refers SUNCMD subroutine. This command connects the user to the command handler via shared memory i.e.

- i) It checks error while connecting to the shared memory and give message 'ERROR STARTING SHARED MEMORY',
- ii) If the connection is already existed then it doesn't do any action and give message ' ALREADY STARTED.... NO ACTION'.
- iv) Or give message " ERROR IN SECSTART, ICOMM=36, CMDFRM"
 All these commands are existing in CMDFRM.FOR file.

ONDBGUNIC(Destination = 50 Command No = 40)

This command sets debug mode ON in unixcomh.

This procedures refers SUNCMD subroutine.

OFFDBGUNI(Destination = 50 Command No = 42)

This command sets debug mode OFF in unixcomh.

This procedures refers SUNCMD subroutine.

LOGPKT(STRA3) (Destination = 50 Command No = 50)

This command starts packet logging in to the output file given in the argument.

This procedures refers SUNCMD subroutine.

The argument OUTFIL=STRA3.

HLTPKTLOG(IPA) (Destination = 50 Command No = 52)

This command stops packet logging in to the output file given in the argument.

This procedures refers SUNCMD subroutine.

The argument CP(1)=IPA.

SHLOGLIST(Destination = 50 Command No = 54)

This command shows list of log files opened for logging packets for the files which are argumented in the IPA.

This procedures refers SUNCMD subroutine.

Procedures for SERVO (Destination = 16)

COLDSTART(Destination = 16 Command No = 40X)

Cold start of an antenna.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

MV(IPA, JPA) (Destination = 16 Command No = 42X)

Move antenna to given target astronomical azimuth and target astronomical elevation angles.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

TARG(2) = IPA; TARG(3) = JPA,

AXIS=0.

MVAZIM(IPA) (Destination = 16 Command No = 42X)

Move antenna to the given target astronomical azimuth angle.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

TARG(2) = IPA,

AXIS=1.

MVAELE(IPA) (Destination = 16 Command No = 42X)

Move antenna to the given target astronomical elevation angle.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

TARG(3) = IPA

AXIS=2.

$\underline{AMV(IPA,JPA)}$ (Destination = 16 Command No = 42X)

Move antenna to the givne target antenna azimuth and antenna elevation co-ordinate.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

TARG(2) = IPA; TARG(3) = JPA,

AXIS=0,SRVCRD=10 for SRVCRD please refer Appendix.

AMVAZIM(IPA) (Destination = 16 Command No = 42X)

Move antenna to the given target antenna azimuth and co-ordinate.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

```
TARG(2) = IPA;
```

AXIS=1,SRVCRD=10 for SRVCRD please refer Appendix.

GOINNER(Destination = 16)

This command requests antenna to move on inner track.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

SRVCRD=0 for SRVCRD please refer Appendix.

GOOUTER(Destination = 16)

This command requests antenna to move on outer track.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

SRVCRD=1 for SRVCRD please refer Appendix.

TRACK(JPA, KPA, IPA) (Destination = 16 Command No = 44X)

Track antenna to the given target azimuth and elevation co-ordinate within given destination time.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

TARG(1) = IPA; TARG(2) = JPA; TARG(3) = KPA,

AXIS=0;

TRKAZIM(JPA, IPA) (Destination = 16 Command No = 44X)

Track antenna to the given target azimuth within given destination time.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

TARG(1) = IPA; TARG(2) = JPA

AXIS=1;

TRKELEV(JPA, IPA) (Destination = 16 Command No = 44X)

Track antenna to the given target elevation within given destination time.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

TARG(1) = IPA; TARG(3) = JPA

AXIS=2:

ATRACK(JPA,KPA,IPA) (Destination = 16 Command No = 44X)

Track antenna to the given target antenna azimuth and antenna elevation co-ordinate within given destination time.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

TARG(1) = IPA; TARG(2) = JPA; TARG(3) = KPA;

AXIS=0; SRVCRD=10 for SRVCRD please refer Appendix.

ATRKAZIM(JPA, IPA) (Destination = 16 Command No = 44X)

Track antenna to the given target antenna azimuth within given destination time.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

TARG(1) = IPA; TARG(2) = JPA;

AXIS=1; SRVCRD=10; For SRVCRD please refer Appendix.

HOLD(Destination = 16 Command No = 46X)

This command requests servo to releases brakes for both axes and holds an antenna.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. AXIS=0.

HLDAZIM(Destination = 16 Command No = 46X)

This command requests servo to releases brakes for azimuth axis and holds an antenna.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. AXIS=1.

HLDELEV(Destination = 16 Command No = 46X)

This command requests servo to releases brakes for elevation axis and holds an antenna.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. AXIS=2.

BRAKES(Destination = 16 Command No = 48X)

This command applies brakes for both axes.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. AXIS=0.

BRKAZIM(Destination = 16 Command No = 48X)

This command applies brakes for azimuth axis.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

AXIS=1.

BRKELEV (Destination = 16 Command No = 48X)

This command applies brakes for elevation axis.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.
AXIS=2.

CLOSE(Destination = 16 Command No = 4AX)

Close down observation.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

STOW(Destination = 16 Command No = 4CX)

Stow the antenna.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. AXIS=0;

SWELEV(Destination = 16 Command No = 4CX)

Stow the antenna in elevation.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. AXIS=2;

SWRELE(Destination = 16 Command No = 4EX)

Release antenna from the stowed position.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. AXIS=0;

SWRELEL(Destination = 16 Command No = 4EX)

Release antenna elevation stow.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. AXIS=2;

STOP(Destination = 16 Command No = 50X)

Abort servo's previously given command especially this command is used to stop moving both axes.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

```
ABRTSRVCMD (Destination = 16 Command No = 50X)
```

Abort servo's previously given command.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

```
RDSRVSPC(Destination = 16 Command No = 3AX,36X)
```

Reads servo set parameters and shows in the ondisplay window by giving srvs command.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

```
RSTSERVO (Destination = 16 Command No = 6CX)
```

Reset servo computer.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

STPCHK(KPA)(Destination = 16)

This procedure checks STP flag appearance and disappearance.

This procedures refers **SERCMD** subroutine in **CMDFRM.FOR** file.

PROC STPCHK(KPA)

SVDC

SRVCRD=1

MVEL(88d)

type hms(KPA)

for i=1 to 3

KPA=KPA+20m

SRVCRD=2

TRKELEV (92d, KPA)

sleep(600)

sleep(600)

KPA=KPA+20m

SRVCRD=1

TRKELEV (88d, KPA)

sleep(600)

sleep(600)

END

RSTDC

FINI

For SRVCRD please refer Appendix.

STSRVTIM(IPA) (Destination = 16 Command No = 52X)

Set servo time by IPA=Argument sec ahead of the servo computer.

This procedures refers SERCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

Procedures for MCM (Destination = IPA(Variable))

The destination of the MCM commands are variable.

NULLCMD(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 0)

It generates a null command.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

STIDLTIM(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 100)

It generates a command to set idle time for MCM IPA.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

STSCAN(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 101)

It generates a command to set scan mode for MCM IPA.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

STMEAN(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 102)

It generates a command to set mean mode for MCM IPA. g

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

STTHRMD(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 103)

It generates a command to set threshold mode for MCM IPA.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

STANA(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 110)

It generates a command to set analog mode for MCM IPA.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

ST16DIG(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 120)

It generates a command to set 16 digit digital mask.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. First it calls GETANTMSK to know for how many antennas we need to pass this 16 digit digital mask. Which displays the same antenna mask using DSPANTMSK.

ST32DIG(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 130)

It generates a command to set 32 digit digital mask i.e. 2 word digital

mask.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. First it calls GETANTMSK to know for how many antennas we need to pass this 16 digit digital mask. Which displays the same antenna mask using DSPANTMSK.

ST64DIG(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 140)

It generates a command to set 64 digit digital mask i.e. 4 word digital mask.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file. First it calls GETANTMSK to know for how many antennas we need to pass this 16 digit digital mask. Which displays the same antenna mask using DSPANTMSK.

STMCMTHT(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 150)

It generates a command to set threshold values for MCM IPA.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

RDANA(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 200)

It reads analog values set for MCM IPA.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

RD16DIG(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 210)

It reads 16 digit digital mask set for MCM IPA.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

RD32DIG(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 220)

It reads 32 digit digital mask set for MCM IPA.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

RDMCMVER(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 230)

It reads MCM program version set for MCM IPA.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

RD64DIG(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 240)

It reads 64 digit digital mask set for MCM IPA.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

RDMODE(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 250)

It reads current MCM mode.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

RDTHRVAL(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 260)

It reads threshold value set for MCM IPA.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

FEEDSEL(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 300)

It sets feed select mode for old MCM.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

RBMCM(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 500)

It generates a command to reboots MCM.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

FEEDSELM(IPA) (Destination = IPA Command No = 210)

It sets feed select mode for modified MCM.

This procedures refers MCMCMD subroutine in CMDFRM.FOR file.

Appendix

Information on ABC related commands

DESTIN=17 PROC=ABCPROC SUBROUTINE=ABCCMD

Adverb value is T3VERB

The actual command issued depends on the value of COMMAND

Acceptable values of COMMAND and their meaning are

Procedures	CMD NO.	Explanation
STMCM	0	Configure MCMs at the ABC MCM to be connected to the ABC slots 0-15 are taken from MPARM(I), I=1,16.IF the MCM address is positive wireback=TRUE. IF the MCM address is negative wireback=FALSE.
STABCTIME	1	Set ABC time to SUN time.
STABCCYC	2	Set ABC timing parameters, values set in MPARM MPARM(1) = Cycle time of ABC.(Unit 1sec) MPARM(2) = ABC to MCM Transmission Timeout value (5msec) MPARM(3) = Receive timeout value from MCM to ABC (5msec) MPARM(4) = Delay between 2 consecutive MCMs (5msec) MPARM(5) = I/p timeout value for ABC-SERVO communication. (IN between 2 servo messages.)(50 msec) MPARM(6) = Interbyte timeout value for ABC- SERVO(5msec) communication. MPARM(7) = Waiting for ack delay in ABC-SERVO communication.(50msec) MPARM(8) = O/p timeout val in ABC-SERVO communication (50 msec) MPARM(9) = Inter Command delay in ABC-SERVO communication (50 msec) MPARM(10) = Periodicity of Servo command(Read Analog Vars)(Unit 1sec) MPARM(11) = Periodicity of ABC debug packets (Unit 1sec) MPARM(12) = Duration between 2 LO MONITOR commands(Unit 1sec) Default values of these are MPARM 1,10,10,10,36,2,10,36,2,1,10,10 MAX consistent para vals are (TESTED) MPARM 2,10,10,10,10,100,5,30,100,5,10,10,10
ENABCQ(IPA) ENAMCMQ DISMCMQ	3	Start a que of commands to a specific device (address in CPARM(1)) to be issued by the ABC at the specified times. After this command, the

user can modify TIME to specify the time at which the following command to the specified device should be issued. The TIME info and the commands are accumulated in a large physical packet which is sent when the user issues a second COMMAND=3 to the ABC but with DPARM(10)=17.

CPARM(1) = Address of device to which ABC should
issue the commands.

!!!!!!!!!!! Currently ABC program supports this mode only for SERVO (addr=16)!!!!!!!

Note : When the command is first issued, DPARM(10) is loaded with the address of the specified device

(CPARM(1)) and the subsequently issued command destinations are checked against this and rejected if the two don't match.

STABCDBG(IPA)

Set ABC to DEBUG mode with debug level defined by CPARM(1)

CPARM(1)=0 No debug

- =1 Standard debug mode, in which standard ABC status packet is sent every second.
- =2 Enhanced ABC-SERVO link layer mode, in which all the link layer events are sent to Online.
- =10 Talk mode Enabled. (Debug data dumping on PC disabled)
- =11 Talk mode Disabled.
- =12 ABC debug data dump on the PC connected to MCM(addr 15) enabled. Currently Raw data traffic between ABC-Servo is monitored. Talk mode disabled.
- =13 ABC debug data dump on PC disabled.
- =14 Non Event based execution of ABC-Servo link layer Enabled.
- =15 Event Based execution of ABC-Servo link layer enabled. (Debug modes 14 & 15 available only with ABC Special Debug Proms).
- =16 Local Debug data at ABC is sent to unix, once this flag is set. This debug data

		gets displayed in ABCDBG window.A =17 Local debug data transmission is disabled. =18 Abort Mcm Qed commands in bunch, in case of any command failure. =19 Dont Abort Mcm Qed commands in bunch, in case of any command failure. Default at power on, Talk mode is enabled for ABC & it sends standard debug packet every second, MCM qed commands are aborted case of errors.
SABRTABCQ(IPA,J PA)	5	Abort local queued commands CPARM(1): Destination Buffer ID(SERVO) CPARM(2): Kill Level Byte. If kill level is FFh -> Entire Servo Local Q will be flushed. For those many local commands will be popped out of the Q. (i.e for 0- the no. specified is greater than the no. of existing cmds in the Q will be flushed)
QABCCMD (?) (This command is not found in the NMOCPROC file)	6	Set ABC Que time check value CPARM(1): DIFF_TIME-> time in minutes, by which if cmd time is ahead of abc time, cmd will be rejected. CPARM(2): TIME_AHEAD -> time in secs, by which abc time can be ahead of cmd time & still issue the command CPARM(3) CHECK_TIME -> time in minutes ,for which if cmds are blocked, then ABC generates error event saying servo local Q blocked
Talk(IPA,OUTFIL)	7	Send a TALK message (in OUTFIL) to ABC via MCM (MESSAGE should be less than 40 characters)
RDABCVER	10	Get ABC program version
RDABCDBG	11	Get ABC error statistics
RDABCDLY	12	Get ABC timing information
Command not found	13	get ABC Local debug Data
ENASRVLNK	14	<pre>Enable/disable ABC-SERVO communication CPARM(1) = 1 => enable communication CPARM(1) = 0 => disable communication</pre>
ABRTPRKANT	15	Abort Parking Of Antenna operation
MCHABCCTR	16	Match Command-Response counters at ABC. ANTE[1]= 1 => Preset resp counter to Command monitor's cmd cnter value = 0 => reset resp cnters & also those corresponding in Cmd Moni

		<pre>ANTE[2]= dest no (0=> abc,1 for servo, 2 for mcm, 3for ANTE[3]= This part is INCOMPLETE!!!!</pre>
GOABCAPPL GOPROMAPPL STRTABCDNL	17	Ask ABC kernel to goto application and execute. Ask kernel to transfer from PROM and execute. Start downloading of application code.
RDQTIME	19	Get Servo Q timing information.
ENALO1MON ENALO2MON DISLO1MON DISLO2MON ENAIFMON DISIFMON	20	<pre>Enable/disable autpmatic mcm channel monitoring CPARM(1)=0 => disable auto monitoring CPARM(1)=1 => enable auto monitoring CPARM(2)=x => x is mcm address for which monitor</pre>
Command not found	22	Modify MCM mask . ANTE[1]= MCM No , for which mask has to be modified. ANTE[2]= Action , = 0 => Set mask bits = 1 => clear mask bits. ANTE[3]= Mask ID, = 0 => modify dig16 = 1 => modify dig32 = 2 => modify dig64 = 3 => modify analog mask ANTE[4]= Range = 0 => No range but following specify total no. of c hannels to be modified & their channel nos. = 1 => Specifying range, so next 2 nos. will specify range of channels to be modified. ANTE[5] onwards : Either range of channels or total no of channels & t he nos.
INITABCMD ENAABCCMD	23	Init ABC cmds: Reset flag is reset also tally cmd-resp counters. This cmd is for single ABC and not for subarray.(define single ant in a subarray and issue the cmd).
GOABCKER	31	Request ABC for the software restart.
RSTABERR	32	Reset ABC error statistics counters
RDANTPARA	33	Read antenna parameters for local track.
RDSRCPARA	34	Read source parameters for local track
RDTIMTRK	35	Read time parameters for local track.

Information on MCM related commands

DESTIN=IPA PROC=MCMPROC SUBROUTINE=MCMCMD

Commands to a MCM are issued when DESTIN is between 0 and 15, equal to the ID of the required MCM. The actual command issued depends on the value of COMMAND . Acceptable values of COMMAND and their meaning for MCMs are

Procedures	Cmd	Explanation
NULLCMD(IPA)	0	Null command
STIDLTIM(IPA)	100	Set mode idle.
STSCAN(IPA)	101	Set mode scan.
STMEAN(IPA)	102	Set mode mean. (Averaging factor in cpa(1))
STTHRMD(IPA)	103	Set mode threshold.
STANA(IPA)	110	Set analog mask.(Mask in ANAMASK(I), I=1,4))
ST16DIG(IPA)	120	Set 16 bit digital mask. (Mask in ANAMASK(1))
ST32DIG(IPA)	130	Set 32 bit digital mask. (Mask in ANAMASK(I), I=1,2)
ST64DIG(IPA)	140	Set 64 bit digital mask. (Mask in ANAMASK(I)= 1,4)
STMCMTHT(IPA)	150	Set threshold values.(defined in cpa starting with a count)
RDANA(IPA)	200	Read analog mask.
RD16DIG(IPA)	210	Read 16 bit digital mask.
RD32DIG(IPA)	220	Read 32 bit digital mask.
RD64DIG(IPA)	240	Read 64 bit digital mask.
RDMCMVER (IPA)	230	Read version version of MCM program.
RDMODE (IPA)	250	read current mode of MCM program
RDTHRVAL(IPA)	260	read threshold values
FEEDSEL(IPA)	300	feed select
FEEDSELM(IPA)	600	feed select modified
RBMCM(IPA)	500	reboot mcm
Couldn't find	700	FE-Box monitor
Couldn't find	710	Common Box monitor

Information on Servo related commands

DESTIN=16 PROC=SERVOPROC SUBROUTINE=SERVOCMD

Commands to a SERVO are issued when DESTIN is equal to 17. The actual command issued depends on the value of COMMAND . Acceptable values of COMMAND and their meaning for SERVOs are

To issue any of the below commands, set DESTIN=16, COMMAND=code of command and execute the verb T3VERB. For commands requiring axes, angles, dates or time, the following adverbs should be set.

```
AXIS = 0 => Both axes

1 => Azimuth axis
2 => Elevation axis

TARGET(1)= time

TARGET(2)= an1 , the required azimuth angle

TARGET(3)= an2 , the required elevation angle

ODATE(1)=date

ODATE(1)=date

ODATE(2)=month

ODATE(3)=year (2 digit)

WINDVEL = windvel
```

Procedures	Cmd no.	Explanation
COLDSTART	40x	Stow release and hold axes
MV(IPA, JPA), MVAZIM(IPA), MVAELE(IPA), AMV(IPA, JPA), AMVAZIM(IPA)	42x	Moves antenna to axes to specified position(s)
TRACK(JPA, KPA, I PA), TRKAZIM(JPA, IPA), TRKELEV(JPA, IPA), ATRACK(JPA, KPA, IPA), ATRKAZIM(JPA, IPA),	44x	Track axes to reach specified position(s) at specified time.

HOLD, HLDAZIM, HLDELEV	46x	Hold one or both axes at current postion.
BRAKES, BRKAZIM, BRKELEV	48x	Stop drive off, brakes on one or both axes.
CLOSE	4ax	Close down the observation of park both axes.
STOW, SWELEV	4cx	Stow specified axis.
SWRELE, SWRELEL	4ex	Stow release specified axis.
STOP, ABRTSRVCMD	50x	Abort previously given command.
RSTSERVO	6cx	H/W reset servo computer.
RDSRVSPC	3ax, 36x	Reads angles, Analog var, Digitalvar, Set param, Status axis, version.
STSRVTIM(IPA)	52x	Set time of the day.
Command not found	54x	Set stow angle.
Command not found	56x	Set s/w Hi-limit software upper limit to angles.
Command not found	58x	Set s/w Low-limit software lower limit to angles.
Command not found	5ax	Set windvel limit

Information on SUN related commands

DESTIN=50 PROC=SUNPROC SUBROUTINE=SUNCMD

Commands to a SUN are issued when DESTIN is equal to 50 . The actual command issued depends on the value of COMMAND . Acceptable values of COMMAND and their meaning for SUNs are

Procedures	CMD NO.	Explanation
Command Not found	10	Startup IPC based display and communication programs
Command Not found	11	Shutdown IPC based display and comm programs
Command Not found	15	Restart IPC base display pgm if it has crashed
DEFSUB(IPA)	20	Make antenna mask to associate a subarray defined by SUBARRAY with a group of antennas (ANTENNA(I)=1)
SHSUB(IPA)	21	Display antennas associated with subarray=SUBARRAY
STRTPROC(STRA3)	30	Start SUBARRAY CONTROLLER
ABRTPROC(STRA3)	31	This command aborts started process. Like subaray, scctask etc.
HLTPROC(STRA3)	32	Shutdown SUBARRAY CONTROLLER
	34	Transfer control to user for current subac (host from 'stra3')
	35	Remove control to user for current subac
USERCON	36	Connect user for command handler to access subac (given by user only)
ONDBGUNIC	40	Set DEBUG on in unixcomh - detailed logging on fort.12
OFFDBGUNI	42	Set DEBUG off in unixcomh
LOGPKT(STRA3)	50	This command starts packet logging in to the output file given in the argument.
HLTPKTLOG(IPA)	52	This command stops packet logging in to the output file given in the argument.
SHLOGLIST	54	This command shows list of log files opened for logging packets for the files which are argumented in the IPA.

Information on FPS related commands

DESTIN=21 PROC=NEWFPSPROC SUBROUTINE=NEWFPSCMD

Commands to a FPS are issued when DESTIN is equal to 14 . The actual command issued depends on the value of COMMAND . Acceptable values of COMMAND and their meaning for CMHs are

Procedures	CMD NO.	Explanation
NULLFPS	0	Issues a null command to the FPS.
STTNGPNT(IPA)	100	Sets turning point using CP(1).
STRMPDCNT	110	Sets ramp down count.
STLRPMLMT	120	Sets lower rpm limit.
STBCTDIF(IPA)	130	Sets brake count difference count using CP(1). CP(1) contains the reqd. no. of pulses.
STRUPCNT	140	Sets ramp up time count.
STSTPTCT	150	Sets stop-time count.
STMAXPWM	160	Issues set maximum pwm count.
STMAXANG(IPA)	170	Sets the maximum angle of feed rotation. CP(1)=Max. angle, CP(2)=Pcal.
STMINANG(IPA)	180	Sets the minimum angle of feed rotation. CP(1)=Min. angle, CP(2)=Pcal.
RDTNGPNG	200	Reads turning point.
RDRMPDCT	210	Reads ramp down count.
RDLRPMLMT	220	Reads lower rpm limit.
RDBRCTDIF	230	Reads brake count difference.
RDRMPUPCT	240	Reads ramp up time count.
RDSTPTMCT	250	Reads stop time count.
RDMAXPWM	260	Reads maximum pwm counts.
RDMAXANG	270	Reads maximum angle.
RDMINANG	280	Reads minimum angle.
RDVERSION	290	Read version.
RUNCLBRT	300	Calibrates the feed. (Run to calibrate)
FREE280	310	If CPA(1)=1; then free run towards -10 deg lim sw. If CPA(1)=0; then free run towards 280 deg lim sw.
RUNDPREST(IPA), RUNCPREST(IPA)	320	Issues run to preset command. CPA(1)=target angle, CPA(2)=Pcal.
FINECTUNE(IPA, J	330	It issues a command to run the feed to preset

PA), FINEDTUNE(IPA,J PA)		value, IPA is the target angle and JPA is PWM counts.
RUNPASSWD	340	Run passworded command. If feed has hit one of the limit switches(-10/280), we have to run this command so as to take it out from that position. After this, we have to calibrate the feed using 'runclbrt' command.
UAOCLBRT(IPA)	360	It issues a command to calibrate to UAO angle if CP=1 then it will calibrate in clockwise direction i.e10 deg side and if CP=0 then it will calibrate in anticlockwise direction.
FPSBOOT	500	Reboots FPS.
FPSSTOP	600	Stop FPS.
RDUAOANG, GETUAOANG	700	Read UAO angle and get the first set UAO angle.

Information on Sub-array Control related commands

DESTIN=70 PROC=SACPROC SUBROUTINE=SUBACMD

The SUBARRAY controller which is spawned by GMRT (COMM =30 DEST=50) is controlled by commands issued with DESTIN=70. Currently the only implemented function is to send track commands every minute (6 commands each valid for 10 sec). When the SUBARRAY controller is spawned, it knows only the IPC ids of GMRT, unixcomh and dispdecode. The SUBARRAY controller has to be fed the coordinates of the source to be tracked and the antennas in the SUBARRAY before the track command is issued.

Procedures		CMD NO.	Explanation
SNDSACCMD		2	Send local pops (i.e. user shell) commands through a sub-array-controller from a given command file.
GOSACOUT		6	Tell SUBARRAY controller to go on outer azimuth track
GOSACIN		8	Tell SUBARRAY controller to go on inner azimuth track
SNDSACSRC, TRKELOFF, TRKAZOFF, TRKANTOFF, TRKRAOFF, TRKDECOFF, SCANELSRC, SCANAZSRC, SCANAZSRC, SCANASRC,		10	Send source coordinates to SUBARRAY controller (coords stored in SCOORD and filled by GETSOU())
Not Found help	in	12	Send ANTENNA mask for the SUBARRAY to the controller
Not Found help	in	14	Send SHOW request to SUBARRAY controller
Not Found help	in	16	Set DEBUG on for SUBARRAY controller
Not Found help	in	18	Set DEBUG off for SUBARRAY controller
Not Found help	in	20	Start TRACKING
Not Found help	in	30	Stop TRACKING
Not Found	in	40	Set SUBAC to BINARY mode

help		
Not Found in help	50	Set SUBAC to ASCII mode
Not Found in help	54	Set tolerance from cpa
SUBHNDLE	55	Sub-array handle to catter tracking generic command.
OPSACFIL	60	Opens sub-array-controller file in the user shell.
CLSACFILE	62	Close sub-array-controller file in the user shell.
STRTSACFIL	64	Gives remote control of the sub-array-controller to the opened command file in the user shell.
STPSACFIL	66	Stops remote control given to the sub-array-controller to the opened command file in the user shell.
SHSACFILE	70	Shows a sub-array-controller which is open in the user shell.
SHSACLINE	71	Shows a current line running for the running sub-array-controller file in the user shell.
RWSACFILE	72	Rewind sub-array-controller file in the user shell.
MVSACCON(IPA)	73	Move control to the point i.e. (IPA) in SAC file.
SKPSACLINE(IPA) MVSACCON(IPA)	74	Skip no of lines i.e. (IPA) from SAC file. Step by one line i.e. (IPA) from SAC file.

<u>Information on Command-monitor related commands</u>

DESTIN=33 PROC=CMPROC SUBROUTINE=MONCMD

Commands to a FPS are issued when DESTIN is equal to 14 . The actual command issued depends on the value of COMMAND . Acceptable values of COMMAND and their meaning for CMHs are

Procedures	CMD NO.	Explanation
STMCMOFF(IPA)	0	Set IPA seconds as a command monitoring offset i.e. it generates a set offset command for command monitoring.
ENACMDMON, DISCMDMON	1	Enables or disable command monitoring.
ENACMINFO, DISCMINFO	2	Enables or disable command monitor information log.
ABORTDNLD	3	Abort ABC download operation for a sub-array.
STDNLDPKT(IPA)	4	Set ABC program download packet size=IPA (CPA(1)=IPA is as arguement).

SCOORD

SCOORD	1-3 Source name (12 char)
4	RA at reference epoch
5	Dec at reference epoch
6	The reference epoch (1950 def)
7	RA at target epoch
8	Dec at target epoch
9	The target epoch (def(0) date)
10	RA offset
11	Time derivative of RA
12	Dec offset
13	Time derivative of Dec
14	Reference time 11 and 12
15	Azimuth offset
16	Time derivative of azimuth
17	Elevation offset
18	Time derivative of elevation
19	Reference time for 16 and 17
20	Time (def =0 => current time)

All angles and times are in radians

The currently implemented commands to T5VERB are

- COMM=1 Calculates the rise and set times for the source and date defined in SCOORD. Uses the RA and Dec at the target epoch for the calculation.
- COMM=10 Precesses the coordinates of the source from the reference epoch to the target epoch. If target epoch (scoord(8)) is 0.0, the computer date id the target date.
 - COMM=11 Precesses the coordinates from the target epoch to the reference epoch

COMM=20 Calculates the azimuth and elevation for the coordinates and time in SCOORD. If Time=0.0, it calculates for the computer time. If Time not=0 the calculation if done for the specified time which is reset to 0 after the calculation.

COMM=30 Get the coordinates of the source specified in the AIPS string variable SOURCE and fill the SCOORD array appropriately. The Coordinates are got from the file "source.list" in ~/bin.

SRVCRD

Check if command needs one or more ANGLES

If the command is equal to track or move, depending on the value of SRVCRD, conversion between astronomiccal and antenna coordinates are made.

Τf

SRVCRD = 0, astronomical coordinates are mapped to antenna coordinates, with el < 90d and antenna azimuth on the inner track

SRVCRD = 2, same as 0, but with antenna elevation in the 90d
to 105d region when possible

SRVCRD = 3, same as 1 and 2 combined

SRVCRD =10, given coordinates are assumed to be antenna

coordinates and no conversion is done except safety checks to ensure that the antenna azimuth and elevation are within the allowed ranges