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Pada video tutorial ini dijelaskan kita akan membuat robot line follower dengan membuat custom robot di webots yang memiliki beberapa sensor untuk menyelesaikan task-task yang diinginkan. Pada kod dibawah ini kita dapat melihat sensor-sensor yang ada didalam robot yang telah dibuat

```
1 # Robot Slave Node
2
3 # Import modules
4 from webots.pyrobot import PyRobot
5 from webots.controller import Controller
6
7 # Create robot
8 robot = PyRobot('Slave', 'Slave.wbt')
9
10 # Create controller
11 controller = Controller(robot)
12
13 # Create distance sensor
14 class DistanceSensor:
15     def __init__(self, name, position, rotation):
16         self.name = name
17         self.position = position
18         self.rotation = rotation
19         self.children = []
20
21     def add_child(self, child):
22         self.children.append(child)
23
24     def get_children(self):
25         return self.children
26
27     def __str__(self):
28         return f'DistanceSensor({self.name}, {self.position}, {self.rotation})'
29
30 # Create distance sensor
31 distance_sensor = DistanceSensor('DistanceSensor', [0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0])
32
33 # Create motor
34 class Motor:
35     def __init__(self, name, position, rotation):
36         self.name = name
37         self.position = position
38         self.rotation = rotation
39         self.children = []
40
41     def add_child(self, child):
42         self.children.append(child)
43
44     def get_children(self):
45         return self.children
46
47     def __str__(self):
48         return f'Motor({self.name}, {self.position}, {self.rotation})'
49
50 # Create motor
51 motor = Motor('Motor', [0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0])
52
53 # Create sensor
54 class Sensor:
55     def __init__(self, name, position, rotation):
56         self.name = name
57         self.position = position
58         self.rotation = rotation
59         self.children = []
60
61     def add_child(self, child):
62         self.children.append(child)
63
64     def get_children(self):
65         return self.children
66
67     def __str__(self):
68         return f'Sensor({self.name}, {self.position}, {self.rotation})'
69
70 # Create sensor
71 sensor = Sensor('Sensor', [0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0])
72
73 # Create robot
74 robot.add_child(distance_sensor)
75 robot.add_child(motor)
76 robot.add_child(sensor)
77
78 # Run the robot
79 robot.run()
```

Kemudian ada sebuah node yang bernama slave yang akan berinteraksi dengan webots. Isi dari node ini adalah untuk sebagai setup distance sensor dan juga kecepatan roda pada robot. Node ini merupakan bagian dari publisher, nilai sensor yang didapatkan akan dipublikasikan untuk digunakan oleh node master.

```
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71 sensor = Sensor('Sensor', [0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0])
72
73 # Create robot
74 robot.add_child(distance_sensor)
75 robot.add_child(motor)
76 robot.add_child(sensor)
77
78 # Run the robot
79 robot.run()
```

Kemudian ada node bernama master yang dimana node ini merupakan subscriber dari node slave yang dimana node ini akan melakukan perkiraan arah dari data atau nilai yang didapatkan dari node slave

```
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from std_msgs.msg import Float64
from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist

class LineFollower(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__('linefollower_cmdvel')
        # Subscribe IR sensors
        self.subs_right_ir = self.create_subscription(Float64, 'right_IR', self.rightIR_cb, 1)
        self.subs_left_ir = self.create_subscription(Float64, 'left_IR', self.leftIR_cb, 1)
        self.subs_mid_ir = self.create_subscription(Float64, 'mid_IR', self.midIR_cb, 1)
        # Publish cmd vel
        self.pubs_cmdvel = self.create_publisher(Twist, 'cmd_vel', 1)

        # Vehicle parameters
        self.speed = 0.2
        self.angle_correction = 0.01

        # Initialize parameters
        self.GS_RIGHT, self.GS_MID, self.GS_LEFT = 0, 0, 0
        self.Deltas = 0
        self.cmd = Twist()
        self.stop = False
        self.count = 0
        self.count_threshold = 10

    def LineFollowingModule(self):
        # Call backs to update sensor reading variables
    def rightIR_cb(self, msg):
    def leftIR_cb(self, msg):
    def midIR_cb(self, msg):

    def main(args=None):

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```