

Unemployment analysis with python

Unemployment is measured by the unemployment rate which is the number of people who are unemployed as a percentage of the total labour force. We have seen a sharp increase in the unemployment rate during Covid-19, So analysing the unemployment rate can be a good data science project.

Steps

**1. Importing required libraries

2. Loading of dataset

3. Display Summary Statistics

4. Data Visualization

Used plots are pair plots, histograms, scatter plots, line plots 5. Correlation matrix 6. Analysis with Sunburst Plot

Python Plotly Library is an open-source library that can be used for data visualization and understanding data simply and easily. Plotly supports various types of plots like line charts, scatter plots, histograms, cox plots, etc.

```
In [60]: !pip install plotly.express
```

```
Collecting plotly.express
```

```
  Downloading plotly_express-0.4.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (2.9 kB)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=0.18 in c:\users\meghana\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from plotly.express) (1.7.1)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: patsy>=0.5 in c:\users\meghana\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from plotly.express) (0.5.2)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: statsmodels>=0.9.0 in c:\users\meghana\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from plotly.express) (0.12.2)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.20.0 in c:\users\meghana\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from plotly.express) (1.3.4)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.11 in c:\users\meghana\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from plotly.express) (1.20.3)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: plotly>=4.1.0 in c:\users\meghana\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from plotly.express) (5.12.0)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7.3 in c:\users\meghana\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas>=0.20.0->plotly.express) (2.8.2)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.3 in c:\users\meghana\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas>=0.20.0->plotly.express) (2021.3)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: six in c:\users\meghana\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from patsy>=0.5->plotly.express) (1.16.0)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: tenacity>=6.2.0 in c:\users\meghana\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from plotly>=4.1.0->plotly.express) (8.1.0)
```

```
Installing collected packages: plotly.express
```

```
Successfully installed plotly.express-0.4.1
```

```
In [1]: #importing libraries
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import plotly.express as px
```

```
In [2]: #Loading Unemployment in India dataset
df = pd.read_csv('Unemployment in India.csv')
df
```

```
Out[2]:
```

	Region	Date	Frequency	Estimated Unemployment Rate (%)	Estimated Employed	Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)	Area
0	Andhra Pradesh	31-05-2019	Monthly	3.65	11999139.0	43.24	Rural
1	Andhra Pradesh	30-06-2019	Monthly	3.05	11755881.0	42.05	Rural
2	Andhra Pradesh	31-07-2019	Monthly	3.75	12086707.0	43.50	Rural
3	Andhra Pradesh	31-08-2019	Monthly	3.32	12285693.0	43.97	Rural
4	Andhra Pradesh	30-09-2019	Monthly	5.17	12256762.0	44.68	Rural
...
763	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
764	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
765	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
766	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
767	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

768 rows × 7 columns

```
In [3]: #Loading Unemployment rate upto 2020 dataset
df1 = pd.read_csv('Unemployment_Rate_upto_11_2020.csv')
df1
```

```
Out[3]:
```

	Region	Date	Frequency	Estimated Unemployment Rate (%)	Estimated Employed	Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)	Region.1	long
--	--------	------	-----------	---------------------------------------	-----------------------	--	----------	------

0	Andhra Pradesh	31-01-2020	M	5.48	16635535	41.02	South	15
1	Andhra Pradesh	29-02-2020	M	5.83	16545652	40.90	South	15
2	Andhra Pradesh	31-03-2020	M	5.79	15881197	39.18	South	15
3	Andhra Pradesh	30-04-2020	M	20.51	11336911	33.10	South	15
4	Andhra Pradesh	31-05-2020	M	17.43	12988845	36.46	South	15
...
262	West Bengal	30-06-2020	M	7.29	30726310	40.39	East	22
263	West Bengal	31-07-2020	M	6.83	35372506	46.17	East	22
264	West Bengal	31-08-2020	M	14.87	33298644	47.48	East	22
265	West Bengal	30-09-2020	M	9.35	35707239	47.73	East	22
266	West Bengal	31-10-2020	M	9.98	33962549	45.63	East	22

267 rows × 9 columns



In [4]:

```
#First and Last rows of Unemployment in India dataset
print("Rows from start are: ")
print(df.head(6))
print("\n")
print("Rows from bottom: ")
print(df.tail(8))
```

Rows from start are:

	Region	Date	Frequency	Estimated Unemployment Rate (%) \
0	Andhra Pradesh	31-05-2019	Monthly	3.65
1	Andhra Pradesh	30-06-2019	Monthly	3.05
2	Andhra Pradesh	31-07-2019	Monthly	3.75
3	Andhra Pradesh	31-08-2019	Monthly	3.22

3	Andhra Pradesh	31-08-2019	Monthly	3.32
4	Andhra Pradesh	30-09-2019	Monthly	5.17
5	Andhra Pradesh	31-10-2019	Monthly	3.52

	Estimated Employed	Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)	Area
0	11999139.0	43.24	Rural
1	11755881.0	42.05	Rural
2	12086707.0	43.50	Rural
3	12285693.0	43.97	Rural
4	12256762.0	44.68	Rural
5	12017412.0	43.01	Rural

Rows from bottom:

	Region	Date	Frequency	Estimated Unemployment Rate (%)	\
760	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
761	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
762	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
763	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
764	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
765	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
766	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
767	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	

	Estimated Employed	Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)	Area
760	NaN	NaN	NaN
761	NaN	NaN	NaN
762	NaN	NaN	NaN
763	NaN	NaN	NaN
764	NaN	NaN	NaN
765	NaN	NaN	NaN
766	NaN	NaN	NaN
767	NaN	NaN	NaN

```
In [5]: #First and last rows in the dataset "umemployment rate till 2020"
print("Rows from start are: ")
print(df1.head(6))
print("\n")
print("Rows from bottom: ")
print(df1.tail(8))
```

Rows from start are:

	Region	Date	Frequency	Estimated Unemployment Rate (%)	\
0	Andhra Pradesh	31-01-2020	M	5.48	
1	Andhra Pradesh	29-02-2020	M	5.83	
2	Andhra Pradesh	31-03-2020	M	5.79	
3	Andhra Pradesh	30-04-2020	M	20.51	
4	Andhra Pradesh	31-05-2020	M	17.43	
5	Andhra Pradesh	30-06-2020	M	3.31	

	Estimated Employed	Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)	Region.1	\
0	16635535	41.02	South	
1	16545652	40.90	South	
2	15881197	39.18	South	
3	11336911	33.10	South	
4	12988845	36.46	South	
5	19805400	47.41	South	

	longitude	latitude
0	15.9129	79.74

1	15.9129	79.74
2	15.9129	79.74
3	15.9129	79.74
4	15.9129	79.74
5	15.9129	79.74

Rows from bottom:

	Region	Date	Frequency	Estimated Unemployment Rate (%) \
259	West Bengal	31-03-2020	M	6.92
260	West Bengal	30-04-2020	M	17.41
261	West Bengal	31-05-2020	M	17.41
262	West Bengal	30-06-2020	M	7.29
263	West Bengal	31-07-2020	M	6.83
264	West Bengal	31-08-2020	M	14.87
265	West Bengal	30-09-2020	M	9.35
266	West Bengal	31-10-2020	M	9.98

	Estimated Employed	Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)	Region.1 \
259	35903917	47.27	East
260	26938836	39.90	East
261	28356675	41.92	East
262	30726310	40.39	East
263	35372506	46.17	East
264	33298644	47.48	East
265	35707239	47.73	East
266	33962549	45.63	East

	longitude	latitude
259	22.9868	87.855
260	22.9868	87.855
261	22.9868	87.855
262	22.9868	87.855
263	22.9868	87.855
264	22.9868	87.855
265	22.9868	87.855
266	22.9868	87.855

```
In [6]: #Summary statistics of Unemployment in India dataset
print("Shape of the data set ",df.shape)
print("Size of the data set",df.size)
print("\n")
print("Info of the dataset \n",df.info)
print("\n")
print("Descriptive statistics of the dataset \n",df.describe)
```

Shape of the data set (768, 7)
Size of the data set 5376

Info of the dataset

	Region	Date	Frequency	Est
<bound method DataFrame.info of				
imated Unemployment Rate (%) \				
0	Andhra Pradesh	31-05-2019	Monthly	3.65
1	Andhra Pradesh	30-06-2019	Monthly	3.05
2	Andhra Pradesh	31-07-2019	Monthly	3.75
3	Andhra Pradesh	31-08-2019	Monthly	3.32
4	Andhra Pradesh	30-09-2019	Monthly	5.17
..
763	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

764	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
765	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
766	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
767	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

	Estimated Employed	Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)	Area
0	11999139.0	43.24	Rural
1	11755881.0	42.05	Rural
2	12086707.0	43.50	Rural
3	12285693.0	43.97	Rural
4	12256762.0	44.68	Rural
..
763	NaN	NaN	NaN
764	NaN	NaN	NaN
765	NaN	NaN	NaN
766	NaN	NaN	NaN
767	NaN	NaN	NaN

[768 rows x 7 columns]>

Descriptive statistics of the dataset

<bound method NDFrame.describe of					Region	Date	Frequency	E
stimated Unemployment Rate (%) \								
0	Andhra Pradesh	31-05-2019	Monthly				3.65	
1	Andhra Pradesh	30-06-2019	Monthly				3.05	
2	Andhra Pradesh	31-07-2019	Monthly				3.75	
3	Andhra Pradesh	31-08-2019	Monthly				3.32	
4	Andhra Pradesh	30-09-2019	Monthly				5.17	
..	
763	NaN	NaN	NaN				NaN	
764	NaN	NaN	NaN				NaN	
765	NaN	NaN	NaN				NaN	
766	NaN	NaN	NaN				NaN	
767	NaN	NaN	NaN				NaN	

	Estimated Employed	Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)	Area
0	11999139.0	43.24	Rural
1	11755881.0	42.05	Rural
2	12086707.0	43.50	Rural
3	12285693.0	43.97	Rural
4	12256762.0	44.68	Rural
..
763	NaN	NaN	NaN
764	NaN	NaN	NaN
765	NaN	NaN	NaN
766	NaN	NaN	NaN
767	NaN	NaN	NaN

[768 rows x 7 columns]>

In [7]:

```
#Summary statistics in the dataset "umemployment rate till 2020"
print("Shape of the data set ",df1.shape)
print("Size of the data set",df1.size)
print("\n")
print("Info of the dataset \n",df1.info)
print("\n")
print("Descriptive statistics of the dataset \n",df1.describe)
```

Shape of the data set (767, 9)

```

Shape of the data set (207, 9)
Size of the data set 2403

```

```

Info of the dataset

```

```

<bound method DataFrame.info of
imated Unemployment Rate (%) \
0    Andhra Pradesh    31-01-2020    M    5.48
1    Andhra Pradesh    29-02-2020    M    5.83
2    Andhra Pradesh    31-03-2020    M    5.79
3    Andhra Pradesh    30-04-2020    M    20.51
4    Andhra Pradesh    31-05-2020    M    17.43
..    ...
262    West Bengal    30-06-2020    M    7.29
263    West Bengal    31-07-2020    M    6.83
264    West Bengal    31-08-2020    M    14.87
265    West Bengal    30-09-2020    M    9.35
266    West Bengal    31-10-2020    M    9.98

```

```

Estimated Employed Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%) Region.1 \
0    16635535    41.02    South
1    16545652    40.90    South
2    15881197    39.18    South
3    11336911    33.10    South
4    12988845    36.46    South
..    ...
262    30726310    40.39    East
263    35372506    46.17    East
264    33298644    47.48    East
265    35707239    47.73    East
266    33962549    45.63    East

```

```

longitude latitude
0    15.9129    79.740
1    15.9129    79.740
2    15.9129    79.740
3    15.9129    79.740
4    15.9129    79.740
..    ...
262    22.9868    87.855
263    22.9868    87.855
264    22.9868    87.855
265    22.9868    87.855
266    22.9868    87.855

```

```

[267 rows x 9 columns]>

```

```

Descriptive statistics of the dataset

```

```

<bound method NDFrame.describe of
estimated Unemployment Rate (%) \
0    Andhra Pradesh    31-01-2020    M    5.48
1    Andhra Pradesh    29-02-2020    M    5.83
2    Andhra Pradesh    31-03-2020    M    5.79
3    Andhra Pradesh    30-04-2020    M    20.51
4    Andhra Pradesh    31-05-2020    M    17.43
..    ...
262    West Bengal    30-06-2020    M    7.29
263    West Bengal    31-07-2020    M    6.83
264    West Bengal    31-08-2020    M    14.87
265    West Bengal    30-09-2020    M    9.35

```

266 West Bengal 31-10-2020 M 9.98

	Estimated Employed	Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)	Region.1 \
0	16635535	41.02	South
1	16545652	40.90	South
2	15881197	39.18	South
3	11336911	33.10	South
4	12988845	36.46	South
..
262	30726310	40.39	East
263	35372506	46.17	East
264	33298644	47.48	East
265	35707239	47.73	East
266	33962549	45.63	East

	longitude	latitude
0	15.9129	79.740
1	15.9129	79.740
2	15.9129	79.740
3	15.9129	79.740
4	15.9129	79.740
..
262	22.9868	87.855
263	22.9868	87.855
264	22.9868	87.855
265	22.9868	87.855
266	22.9868	87.855

[267 rows x 9 columns]>

In [8]:

```
#Names of columns in both datasets
print("Column names in the dataset umemployment in India: \n",df.columns)
print("\n \n")
print("Column names in the dataset umemployment rate till 2020: \n",df1.columns)
```

Column names in the dataset umemployment in India:

```
Index(['Region', ' Date', ' Frequency', ' Estimated Unemployment Rate (%)',
       ' Estimated Employed', ' Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)',
       'Area'],
      dtype='object')
```

Column names in the dataset umemployment rate till 2020:

```
Index(['Region', ' Date', ' Frequency', ' Estimated Unemployment Rate (%)',
       ' Estimated Employed', ' Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)',
       'Region.1', 'longitude', 'latitude'],
      dtype='object')
```

In [9]:

```
#To check if both the datasets are null or not
print(df.isnull())
print("\n")
print(df1.isnull())
```

	Region	Date	Frequency	Estimated Unemployment Rate (%) \
0	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False
3	False	False	False	False

4	False	False	False	False
..
763	True	True	True	True
764	True	True	True	True
765	True	True	True	True
766	True	True	True	True
767	True	True	True	True

	Estimated	Employed	Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)	Area
0		False	False	False
1		False	False	False
2		False	False	False
3		False	False	False
4		False	False	False
..	
763		True	True	True
764		True	True	True
765		True	True	True
766		True	True	True
767		True	True	True

[768 rows x 7 columns]

	Region	Date	Frequency	Estimated Unemployment Rate (%) \
0	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False
3	False	False	False	False
4	False	False	False	False
..
262	False	False	False	False
263	False	False	False	False
264	False	False	False	False
265	False	False	False	False
266	False	False	False	False

	Estimated	Employed	Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)	Region.1 \
0		False	False	False
1		False	False	False
2		False	False	False
3		False	False	False
4		False	False	False
..	
262		False	False	False
263		False	False	False
264		False	False	False
265		False	False	False
266		False	False	False

	longitude	latitude
0	False	False
1	False	False
2	False	False
3	False	False
4	False	False
..
262	False	False
263	False	False
264	False	False
265	False	False

```
265      False      False
266      False      False
```

```
[267 rows x 9 columns]
```

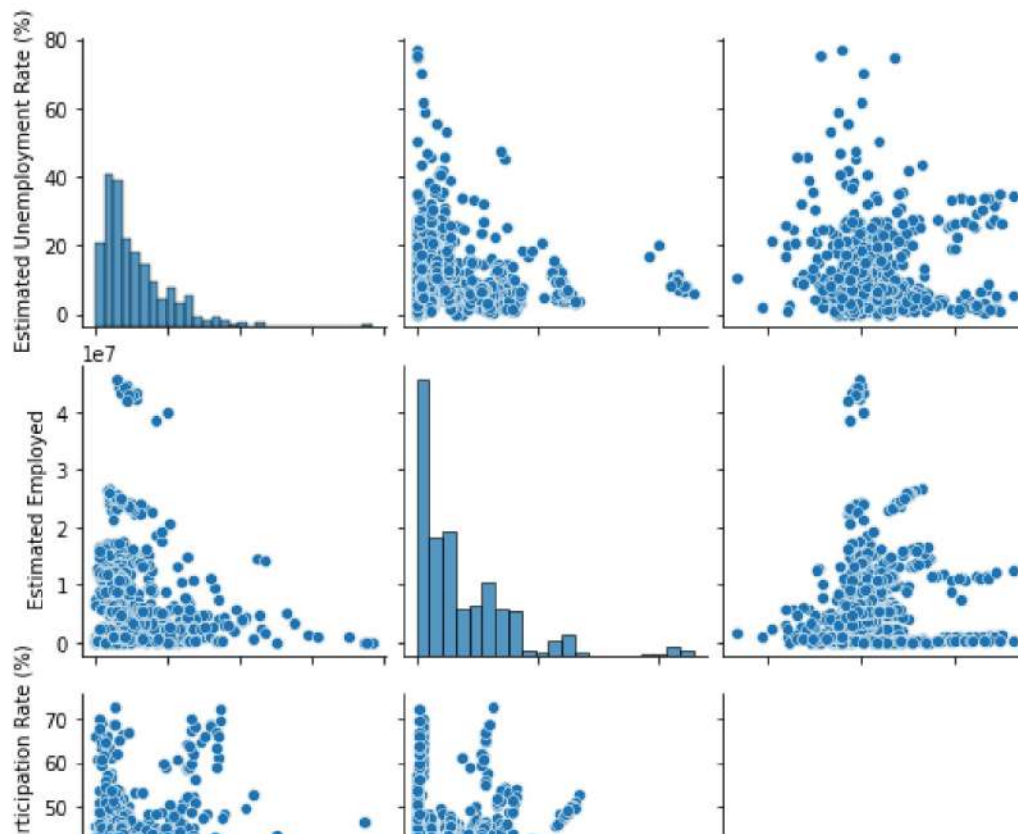
```
In [10]: #Value counts for dataset
print("For the dataset-Unemployment in India: ")
print(df.isnull().value_counts())
print("\n")
print("For the dataset-Unemployment rate till 2020: ")
print(df1.isnull().value_counts())
```

```
For the dataset-Unemployment in India:
Region Date Frequency Estimated Unemployment Rate (%) Estimated Employed
Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%) Area
False False False False False
False True True False 740
True True True True True
True True True True 28
dtype: int64
```

```
For the dataset-Unemployment rate till 2020:
Region Date Frequency Estimated Unemployment Rate (%) Estimated Employed
Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%) Region.1 longitude latitude
False False False False False
False False False False 267
dtype: int64
```

```
In [11]: sns.pairplot(df)
```

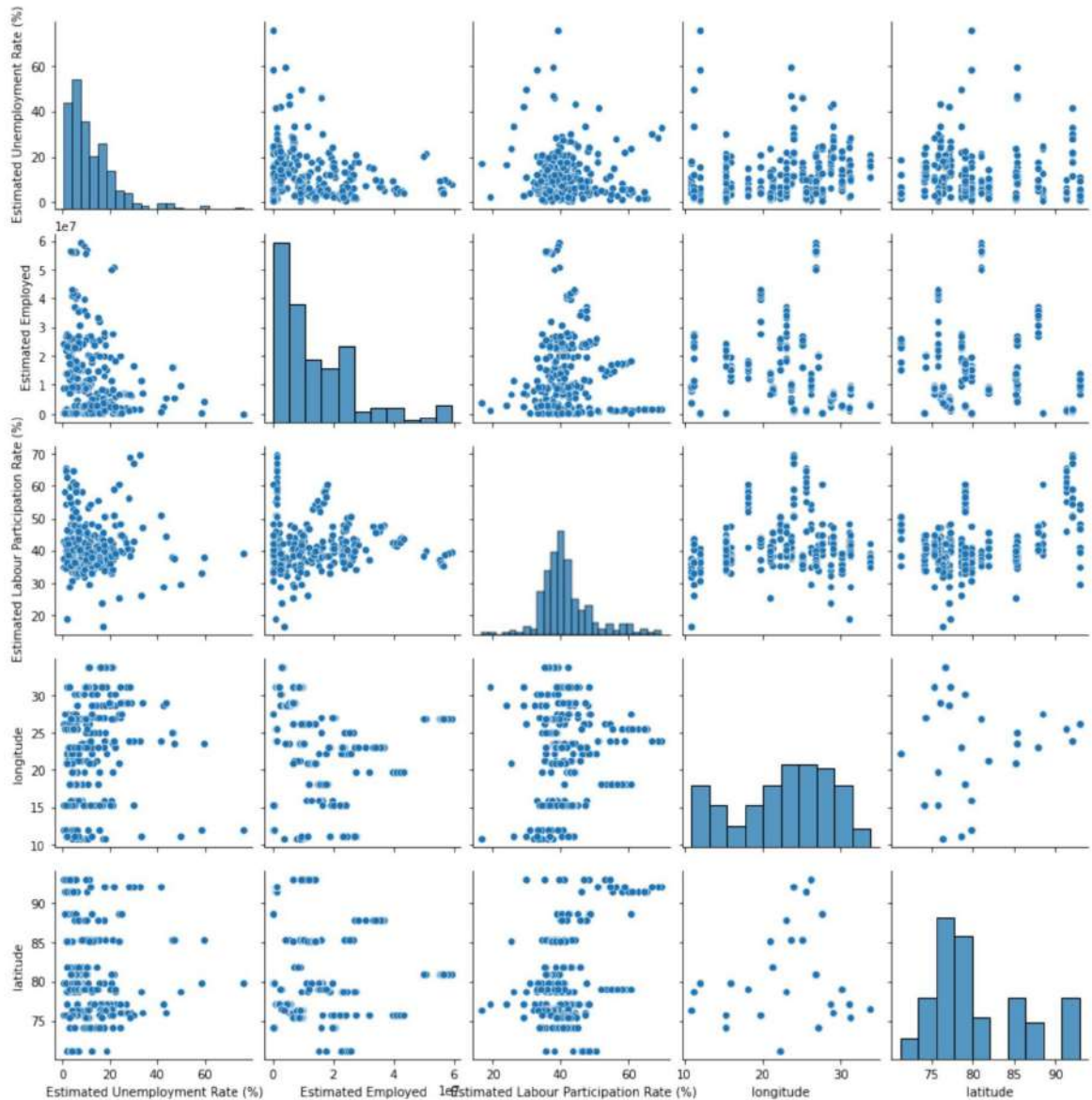
```
Out[11]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1b3d44dae80>
```





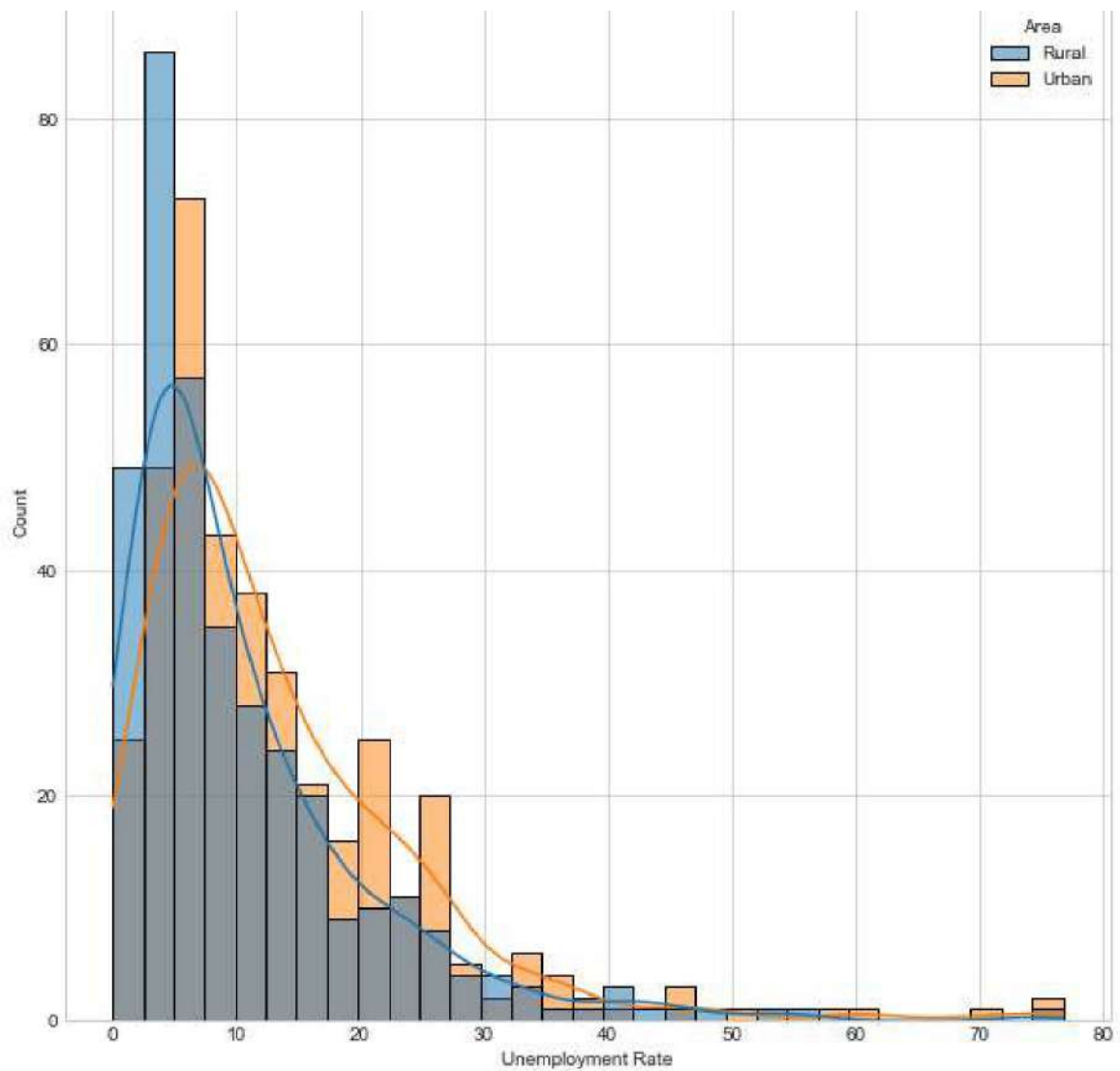
```
In [12]: sns.pairplot(df1)
```

```
Out[12]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1b3d979c460>
```

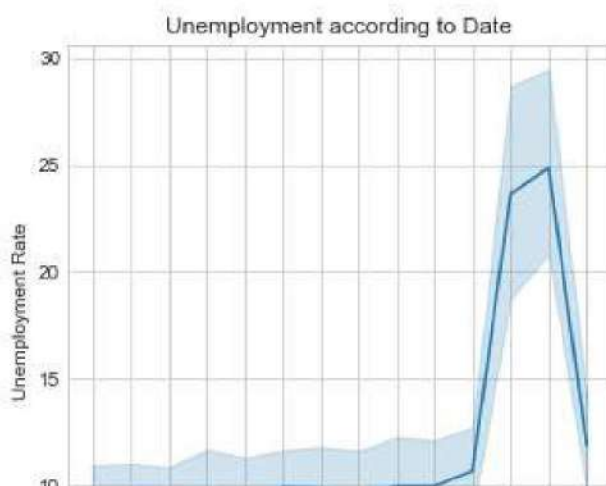


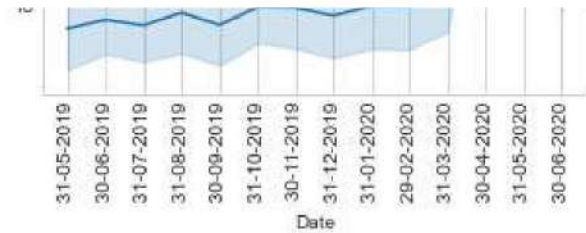
```
In [69]: fig = plt.figure(figsize = (10, 10))
sns.histplot(x=' Estimated Unemployment Rate (%)', data=df, kde=True, hue='Area')
plt.title('Unemployment according to Area')
plt.xlabel('Unemployment Rate')
plt.show()
```

Unemployment according to Area



```
In [70]: fig = plt.figure(figsize = (5, 5))
sns.lineplot(y=' Estimated Unemployment Rate (%)', x=' Date', data=df)
plt.title('Unemployment according to Date')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.ylabel('Unemployment Rate')
plt.show()
```



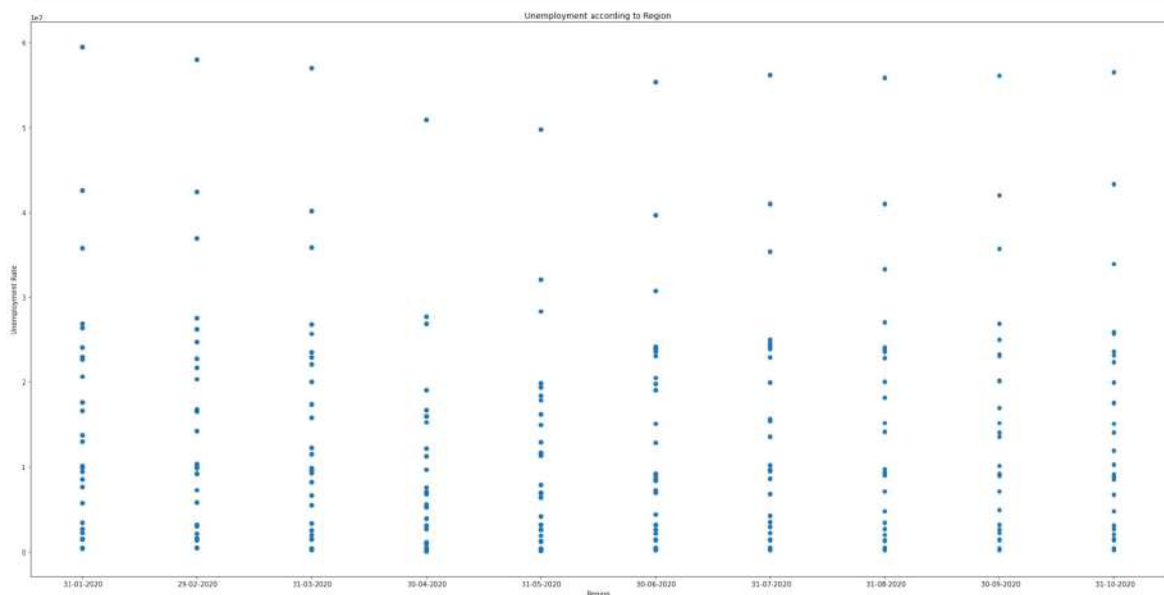


In [22]: `df1.columns`

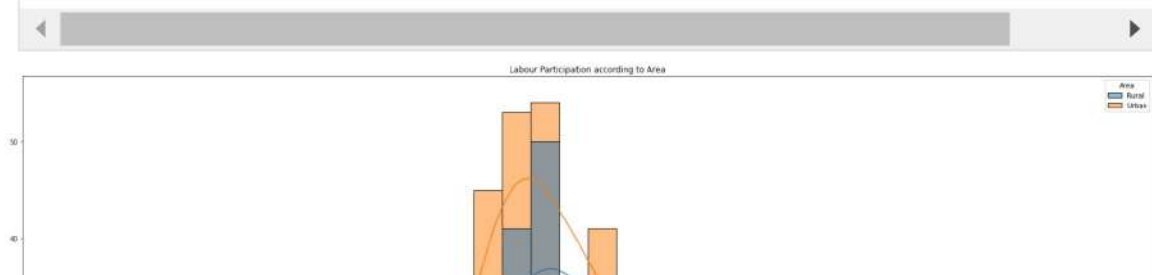
Out[22]: Index(['Region', 'Date', 'Frequency', 'Estimated Unemployment Rate (%)',
'Estimated Employed', 'Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)',
'Region.1', 'longitude', 'latitude'],
dtype='object')

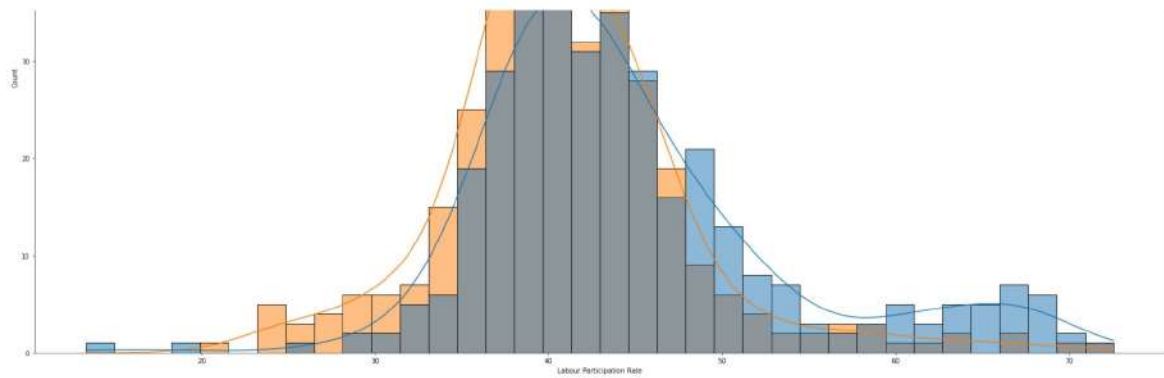
In [32]: `fig = plt.figure(figsize = (30, 15))
plt.scatter(df1['Date'], df1['Estimated Employed'])

plt.title('Unemployment according to Region')
plt.xlabel('Region')
plt.ylabel('Unemployment Rate')
plt.show()`



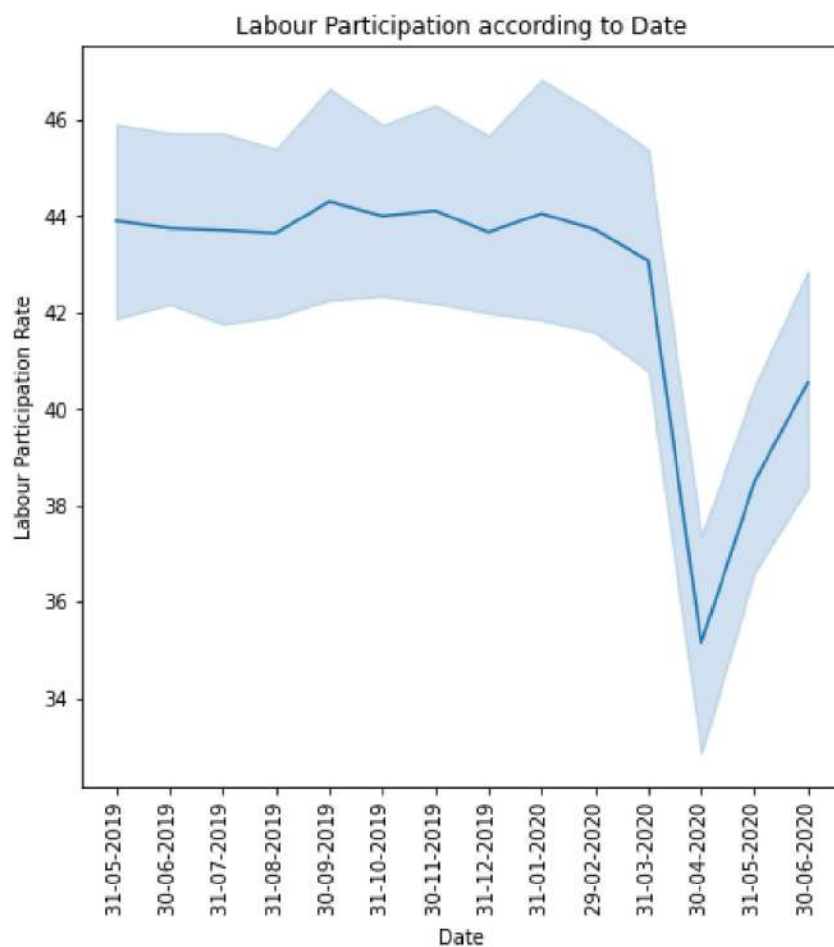
In [34]: `fig = plt.figure(figsize = (30, 15))
sns.histplot(x='Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)', data=df, kde=True, hu
plt.title('Labour Participation according to Area')
plt.xlabel('Labour Participation Rate')
plt.show()`





In [36]:

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize = (7, 7))
sns.lineplot(y=' Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)', x=' Date', data=df)
plt.title('Labour Participation according to Date')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.ylabel('Labour Participation Rate')
plt.show()
```

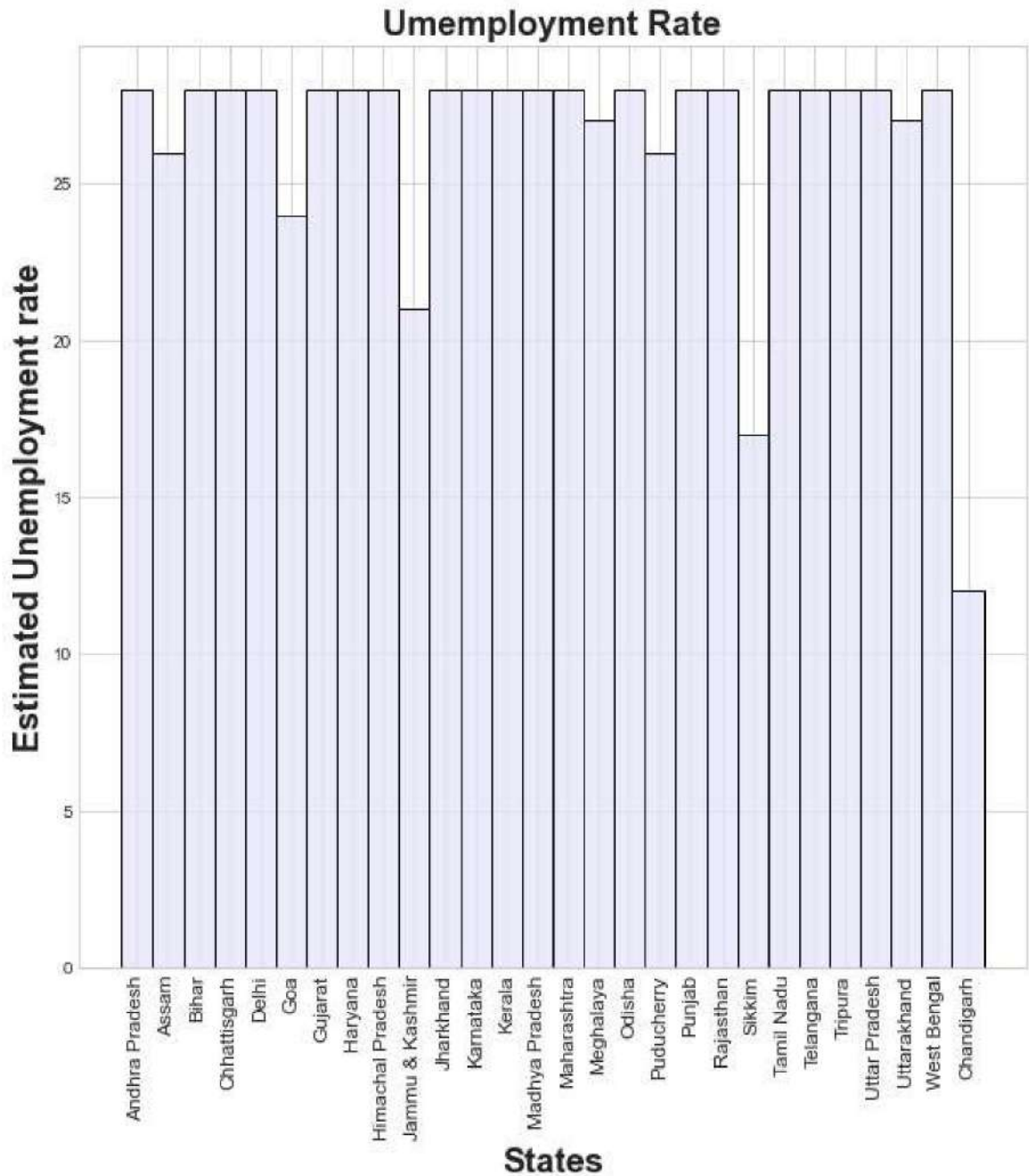


In [71]:

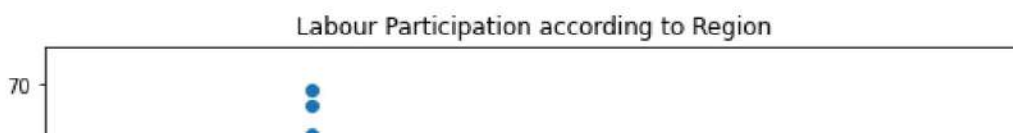
```
y=df[' Estimated Unemployment Rate (%)']
x=df['Region']
plt_1 = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
plt.title('Unemployment Rate', fontweight='bold' ,fontsize=20)
plt.xlabel("States",fontweight='bold',fontsize=20)
plt.ylabel("Estimated Unemployment rate",fontweight='bold',fontsize=20)
plt.xticks(rotation='vertical',fontsize=12)
```

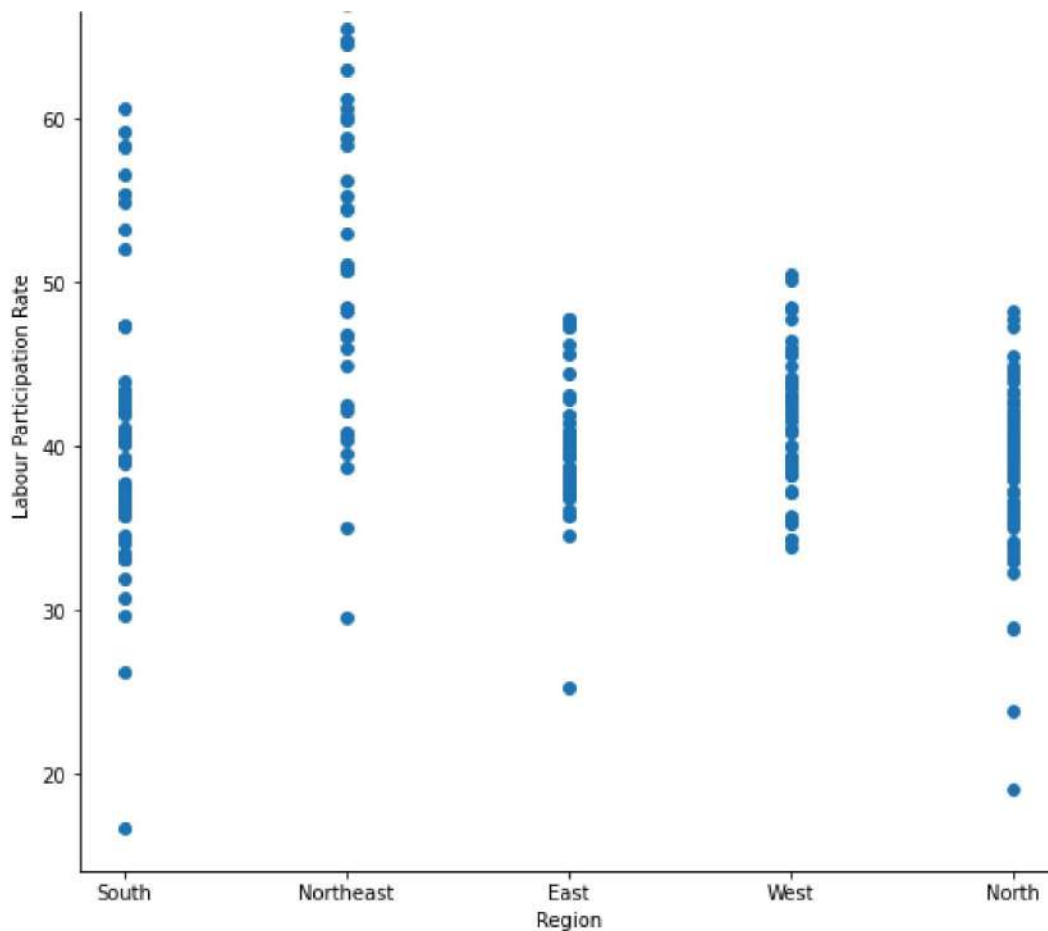
```
sns.histplot(x, color='lavender')
```

Out[71]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Unemployment Rate'}, xlabel='States', ylabel='Estimated Unemployment rate'>

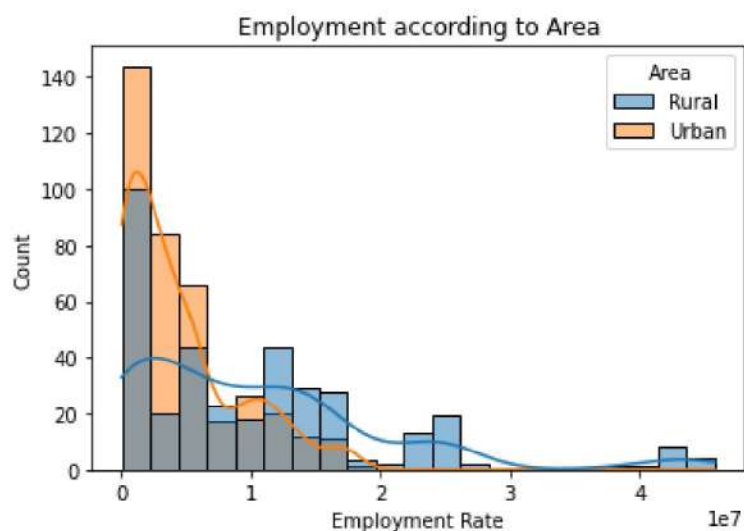


```
In [47]: fig = plt.figure(figsize = (9, 9))
plt.scatter(df1['Region.1'], df1[' Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)'])
plt.title('Labour Participation according to Region')
plt.xlabel('Region')
plt.ylabel('Labour Participation Rate')
plt.show()
```





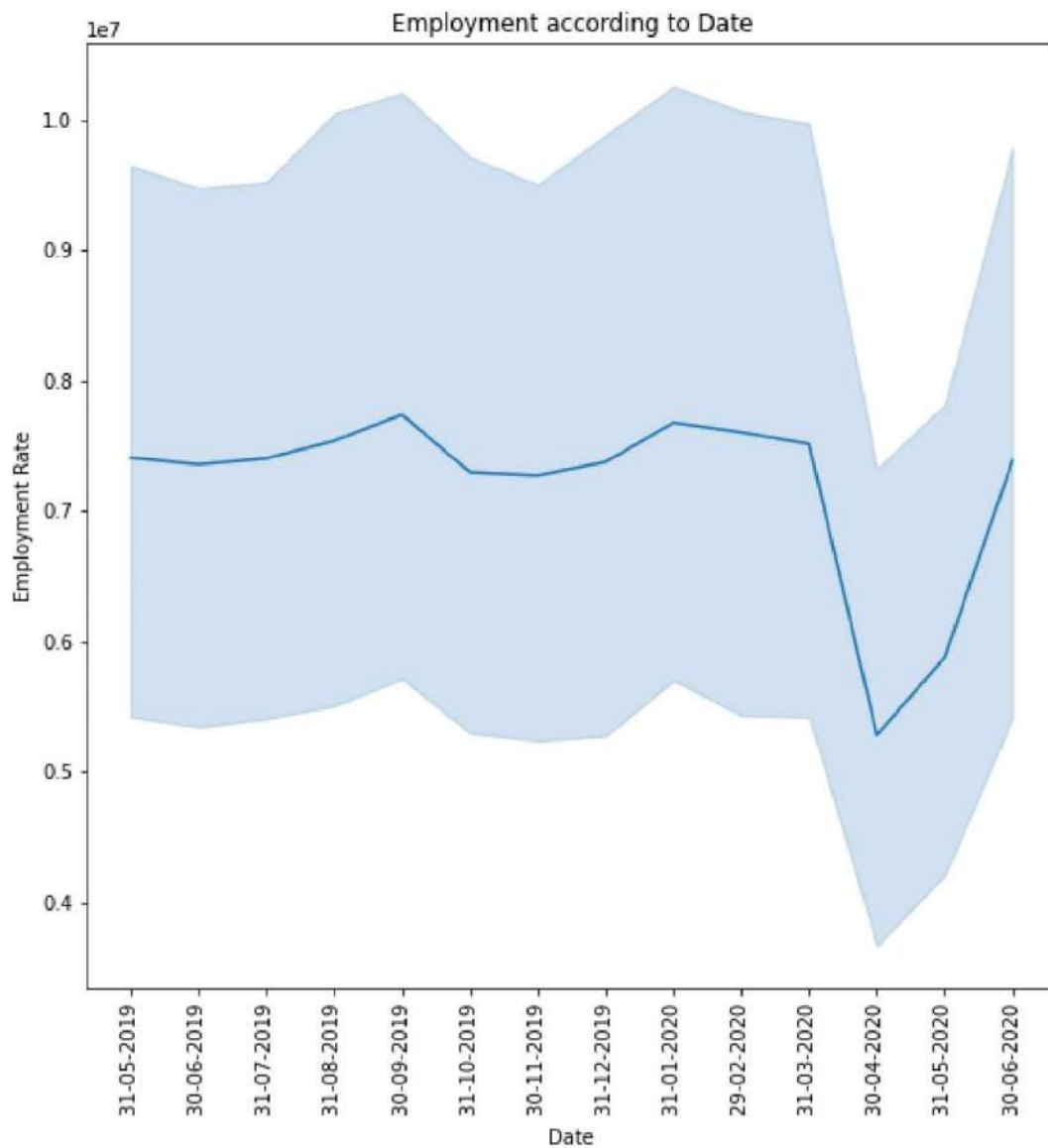
```
In [19]: sns.histplot(x=' Estimated Employed', data=df, kde=True, hue='Area')
plt.title('Employment according to Area')
plt.xlabel('Employment Rate')
plt.show()
```



```
In [53]: fig = plt.figure(figsize = (9, 9))
sns.lineplot(y=' Estimated Employed', x=' Date', data=df)
plt.title('Employment according to Date')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
```



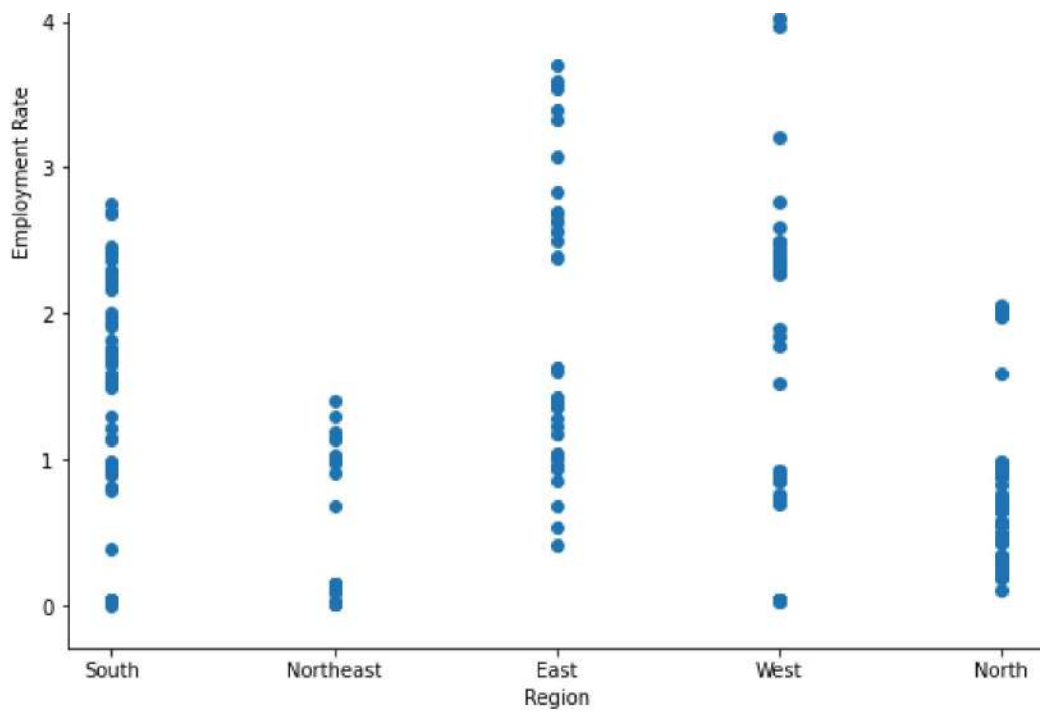
```
plt.ylabel('Employment Rate')
plt.show()
```



In [54]:

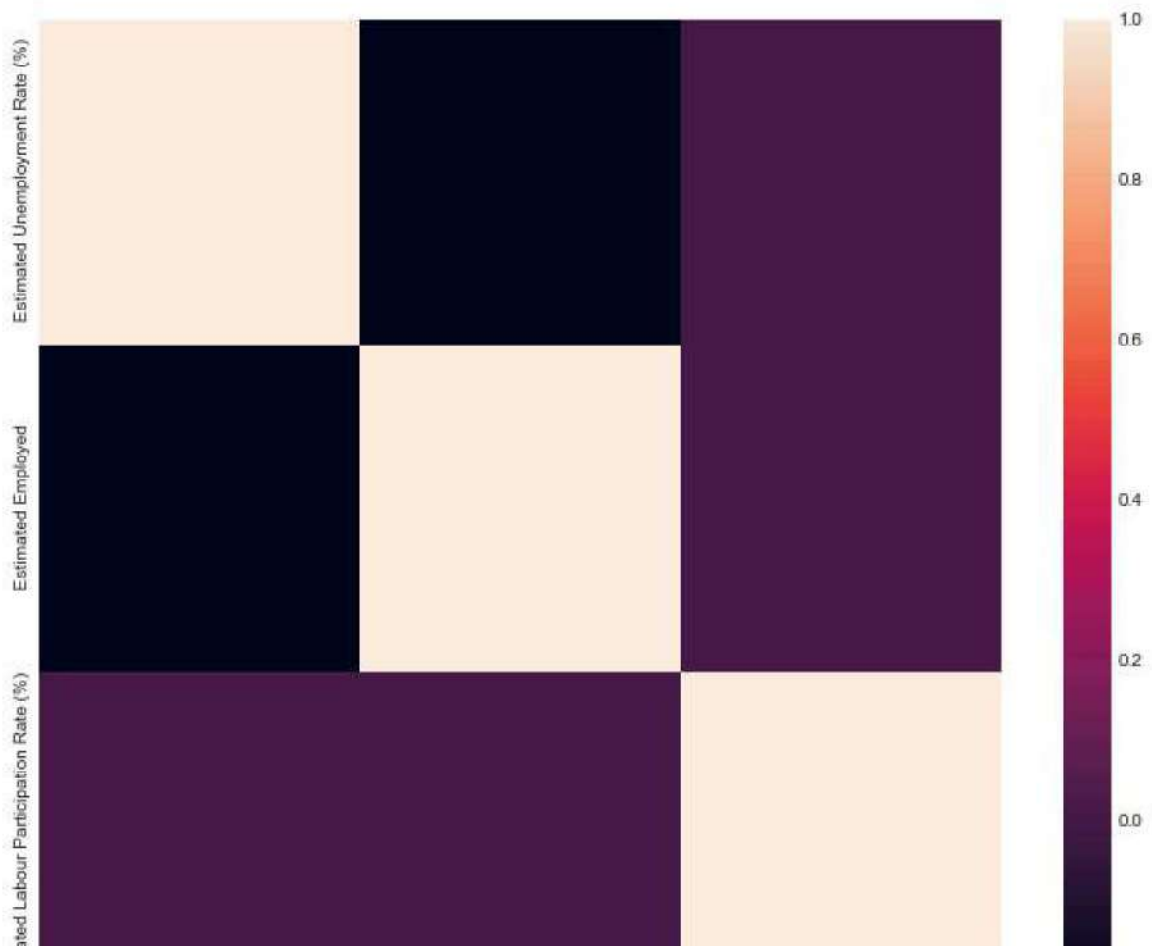
```
fig = plt.figure(figsize = (9, 9))
plt.scatter(df1['Region.1'], df1[' Estimated Employed'])
plt.title('Employment according to Region')
plt.xlabel('Region')
plt.ylabel('Employment Rate')
plt.show()
```





In [55]:

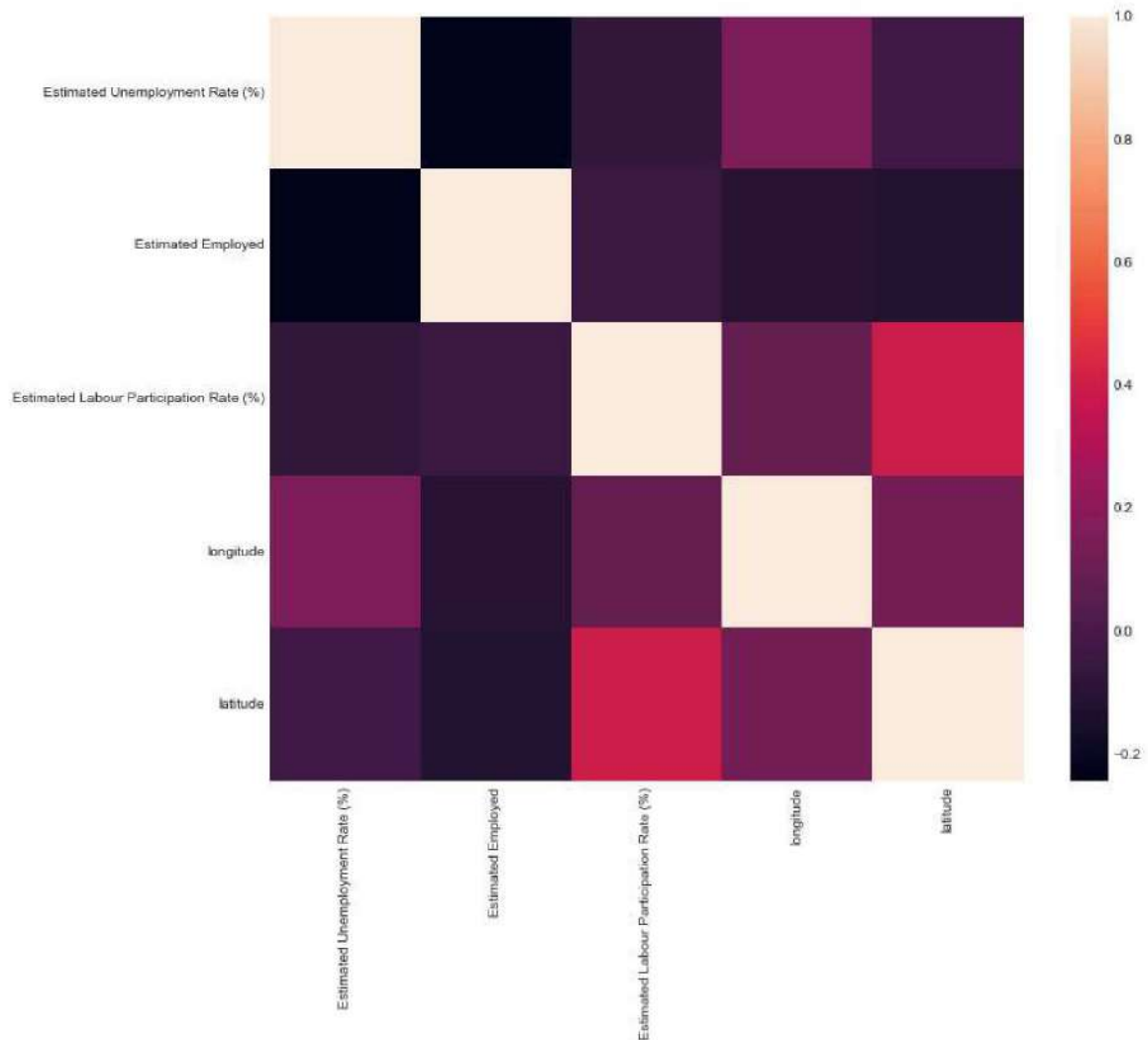
```
#Now Let's have a Look at the correlation between the features of this dataset:
plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))
sns.heatmap(df.corr())
plt.show()
```





In [56]: *#Now Let's have a Look at the correlation between the features of this dataset:*

```
plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))
sns.heatmap(df1.corr())
plt.show()
```



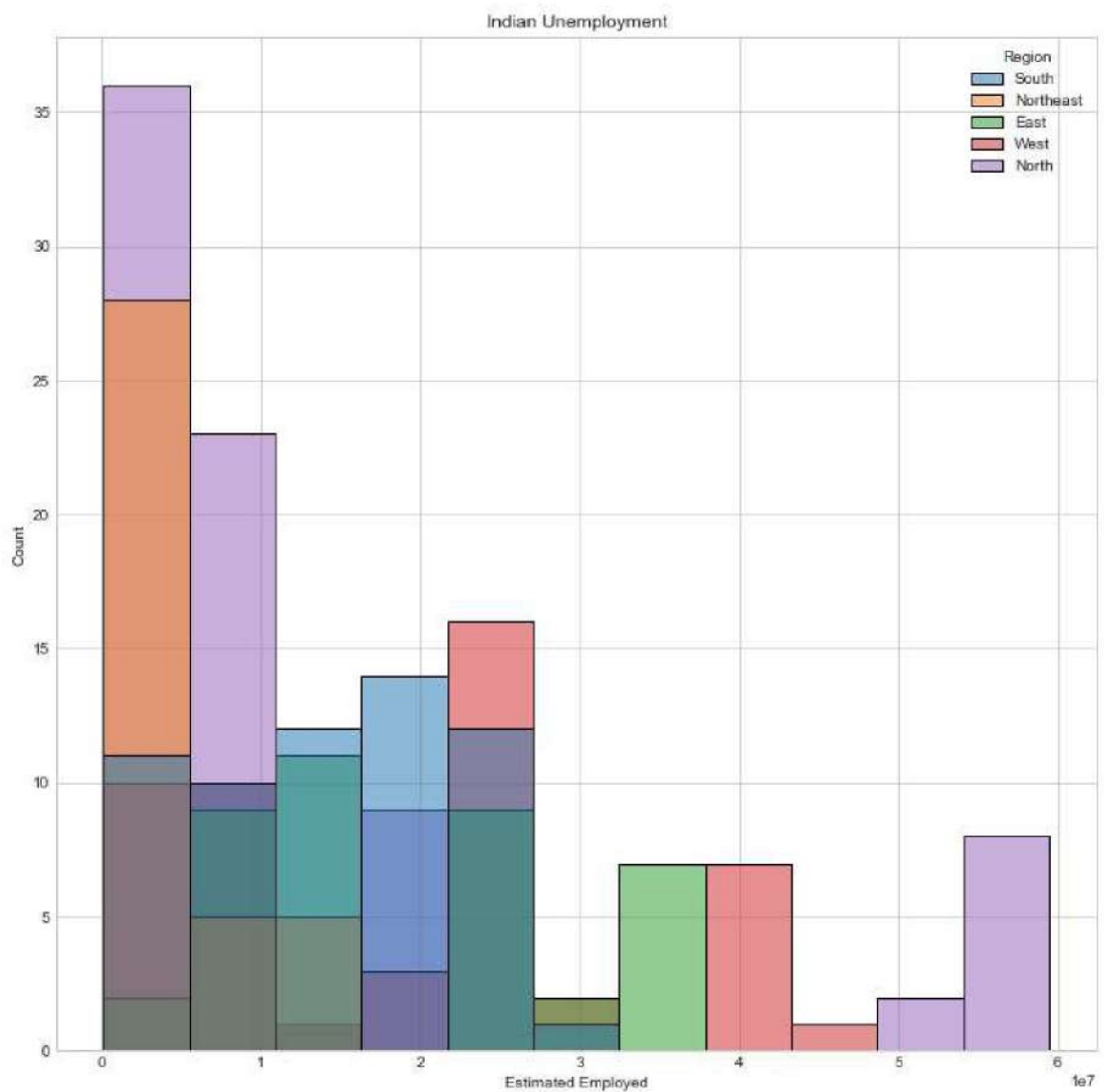
In [61]: `df.columns`

Out[61]: Index(['Region', ' Date', ' Frequency', ' Estimated Unemployment Rate (%)',
' Estimated Employed', ' Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)',
'Area'],
dtype='object')

In [65]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 12))
df1.columns= ["States", "Date", "Frequency",
              "Estimated Unemployment Rate", "Estimated Employed",
              "Estimated Labour Participation Rate", "Region",
              "longitude", "latitude"]
plt.title("Indian Unemployment")
sns.histplot(x="Estimated Employed" hue="Region" data=df1)
```

```
sns.histplot(x="Estimated Employed", hue="Region", data=df1,
plt.show())
```



In [66]:

```
#Now Let's see the unemployment rate according to different regions of India:
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 11))
plt.title("Indian Unemployment")
sns.histplot(x="Estimated Unemployment Rate", hue="Region", data=df1)
plt.show()
```

