## **Python Screening Assignment**

def sub\_function():

1. A function in python to read the text file and replace specific content of the file.

```
import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv("example.txt")

df

type(df)

df.columns

df1 = df.rename(columns = {'placement':'screening'})

df1
```

2. Abstract Class, decorators and Multiple inheritance:

Abstract class: The class that contains abstract method is called abstract class. Abstract method is a method which has only declaration but no definition.

```
class ineuron(ABC):
  @abstractmethod
                       #Decorator
  def output(self):
    None
  @abstractmethod
                       #Decorator
  def show(self):
    None
class Demo(ineuron):
  def output(self):
    print("Abstract Class")
 def show(self):
    print("Abstract class is working")
obj=Demo()
obj.output()
obj.show()
Decorators: Decorator allows a used to add new functionality to an existing object without
modifying its structure.
def main_function(func):
```

```
print("Hi, this is Rakesh Adiga")
    func()
    return sub_function()
    @main_function #decorator
    def new_function():
        print("I study in ineuron")

Output: Hi, this is Rakesh Adiga
I study in ineuron
```

Multiple inheritance is the type of inheritance in which one class is inherited from two or more different base classes.

```
Example:
class A:
  def m1(self):
    print("A class")
class B(A):
  def m1(self):
    print("B class")
  def m2(self):
    print("B2")
class C(A):
  def m1(self):
    print("C class")
class D(B,C):
  def m1(self):
    print("D class")
    C.m1(self)
    B.m1(self)
    A.m1(self)
d=D()
d.m1()
Output: D class
C class
B class
```

A class