

Performance Measurement for Segment Routing Networks with MPLS Data Plane

draft-gandhi-mpls-rfc6374-sr-02

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Agenda

- Requirements and Scope
- History of the Draft
- Updates Since IETF-106
- Summary
- Next Steps

Requirements and Scope

Requirements:

- Delay and Loss Performance Measurement (PM)
 - SR Links and end-to-end P2P/ P2MP SR Policies
- Delay and Loss extended TE link metrics advertisement in the network
- One-way, two-way and loopback measurement modes

Scope:

- Segment Routing (SR) with MPLS data plane
- RFC 6374 for probe query and response messages
- RFC 7876 (UDP return path) for probe response messages

History of the Draft

- Feb 14, 2018
 - Draft was published *draft-gandhi-spring-sr-mpls-pm-00*
- July 2018
 - Draft was introduced at IETF 102 Montreal in SPRING WG
- Nov 2018
 - Presented *draft-gandhi-spring-sr-mpls-pm-03* at IETF 103 Bangkok in SPRING and IPPM WGs
- Feb 14, 2019
 - Draft was renamed to *draft-gandhi-spring-rfc6374-srpm-mpls-00*
- Mar 2019
 - Presented *draft-gandhi-spring-rfc6374-srpm-mpls-00* at IETF 104 Prague in SPRING WG
- Oct 2019
 - **Chairs agreed to progress the work in MPLS WG**
 - Draft renamed to *draft-gandhi-mpls-rfc6374-sr-00*
- Nov 2019
 - Presented *draft-gandhi-mpls-rfc6374-sr-00* at IETF 106 Singapore in MPLS WG

Updates Since IETF-106 (Version 00)

Updates:

- ✓ Updated procedure for Two-way measurement mode
- ✓ Identify the Return Path TLV and Block Number TLV as mandatory TLVs
- ✓ Added Destination Address TLV handling
- ✓ Addressed various review comments
- ✓ Various editorial changes

Open Items:

- None

Measurement Modes for SR Policy

- One-way Measurement Mode
 - Reply sent out of band IP/UDP path using RFC 7876 mechanisms
- Two-way Measurement Mode
 - **Reply sent in-band using the RFC 6374 mechanisms (using Control code)**
 - **Return Path TLV can be used from the probe query message for SR Policies**
- Loopback Measurement Mode
 - Probe message carries the return path label stack in the header of the message

Block Number TLV for Loss Measurement

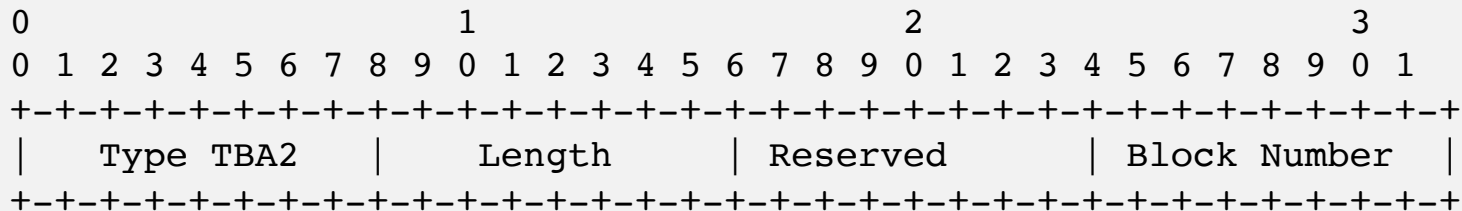


Figure: Block Number TLV

- Carry the Block Number (8-bit) of the traffic counters in the probe query and response messages for loss measurement
- Correlate the counters from two end-points
- **TLV is mandatory when used and if responder does not support, it MUST return Error 0x17: Unsupported Mandatory TLV Object**

Destination Address TLV (Type 129) Handling

- To ensure that the probe query message is processed by the intended responder node, Destination Address TLV [RFC6374] can be sent in the probe query message.
- The responder node only replies with Success in Control Code if it is the intended destination for the probe query.
- Otherwise, it MUST return 0x15: Error - Invalid Destination Node Identifier.

Next Steps

- Welcome your comments and suggestions
- Implementation exists
- Requested adoption in MPLS WG

Thank you

PM Probes for SR Links

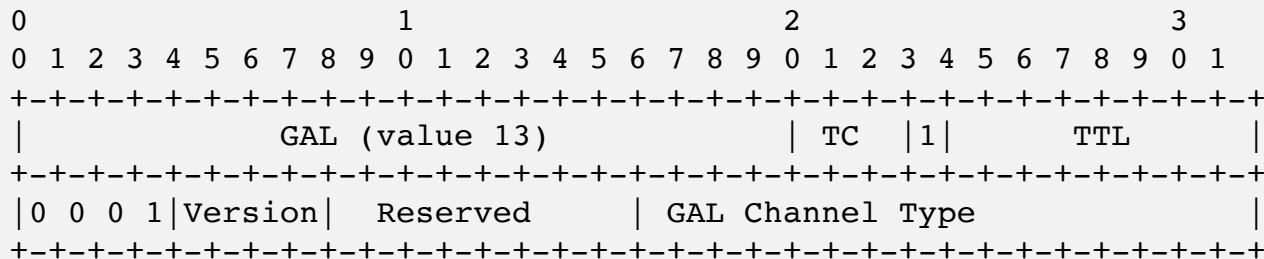


Figure: Probe Message Header for an SR-MPLS Link

- For SR links, the PM probe query messages for link delay and packet loss measurements are sent using MPLS GAL/GAch header as defined in [RFC6374].

SR Link Extended TE Metrics Advertisement

- Measure delay and loss performance of SR Links.
- Compute SR Link Delay metrics (minimum-delay, maximum-delay, average-delay, delay-variance) and SR Link Packet Loss metric.
- SR link extended TE metrics advertised in the network using the TLVs defined in the following RFCs/Drafts:
 - OSPF [RFC7471]
 - ISIS [RFC7810] [RFC8570]
 - BGP-LS [RFC8571]

PM Probes for SR Policy

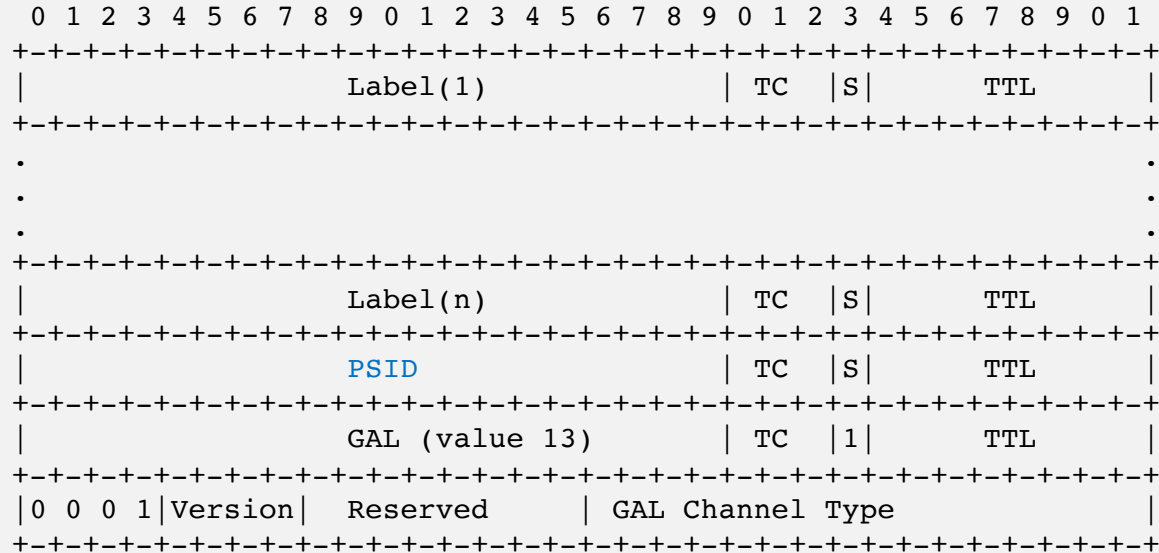


Figure: Probe Message Header for an End-to-end SR-MPLS Policy

- For end-to-end measurement of SR Policy, the PM probe query messages for delay and loss measurements are sent on the congruent path with data traffic using MPLS GAL/Gach header as defined in [RFC6374] and SR-MPLS label stack of the SR Policy.

PM Probes for P2MP SR Policy

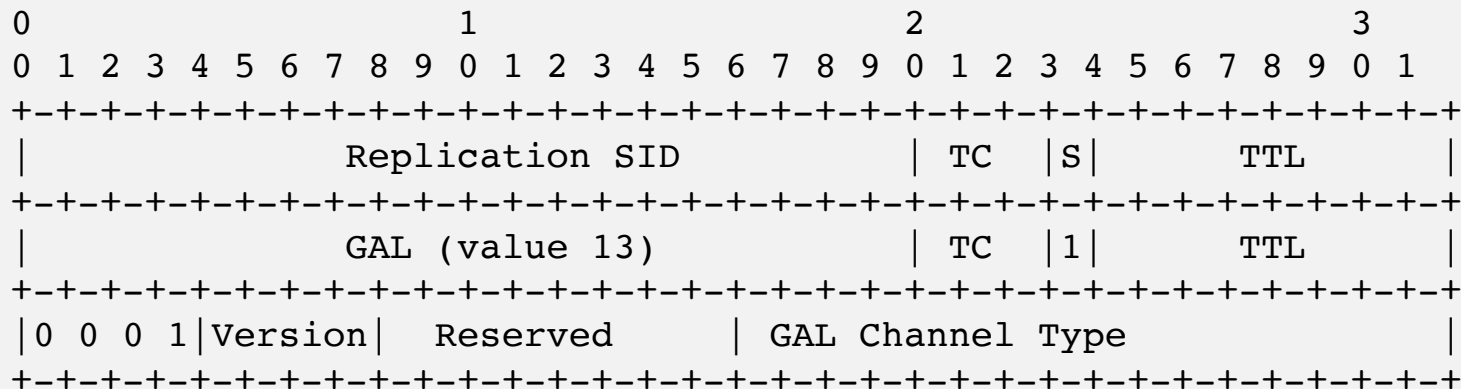


Figure: P2MP SR-MPLS Policy

- The sender root node sends probe query messages using the Replication Segment for the P2MP SR Policy
- Each responder leaf node adds the "Source Address" TLV (Type 130) [RFC6374] with its IP address in the probe response messages
 - This TLV allows the sender root node to identify the responder leaf nodes of the P2MP SR Policy

WG Co-ordination Plan

- IANA code-points to be allocated by MPLS WG
- Draft to progress in MPLS WG
- From Bruno:
 - Please keep SPRING in the loop for the SPRING specific content

Thank you