# Performance Measurement Using TWAMP Light for Segment Routing Networks

draft-gandhi-spring-twamp-srpm-08

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### Agenda

- Requirements and Scope
- History of the Draft
- Updates Since IETF-106
- Summary
- Next Steps

#### Requirements and Scope

#### Requirements:

- Delay and Loss Performance Measurement (PM)
  - ✓ Links and End-to-end P2P/P2MP SR Policies
  - ✓ Applicable to SR-MPLS/SRv6 data planes
- No need to bootstrap PM session (e.g. to negotiate UDP port) spirit of SR
  - ✓ Stateless on egress node spirit of SR
- Handle ECMP for SR Policies
- Support stand-alone direct-mode loss measurement

#### Scope:

- RFC 5357 (TWAMP) defined probe messages TWAMP Light
- User-configured IP/UDP path for probe messages

## History of the Draft

- Feb 2019
  - Draft was first published draft-gandhi-spring-twamp-srpm-00
- May 2019
  - Added STAMP TLV for Return Path
- Mar 2019
  - Presented revision-00 at IETF 104 Prague in SPRING WG
- July 2019
  - Presented revision-01 at IETF 105 Montreal in IPPM WG
    - Slide 9 Titled Applicability of STAMP STAMP is supported
- Aug 2019
  - Revision-02 updates included a section stand-alone LM messages
- Nov 2019
  - SPRING Chairs announced in the meeting the agreement with IPPM chairs to progress the draft in SPRING WG
  - Presented revision-04 at IETF 106 Singapore in SPRING WG
- Mar 2020
  - Moved STAMP support to draft-gandhi--spring-stamp-srpm-00
  - Scope TWAMP Light support as informational in draft-gandhi-spring-twamp-srpm-08

## Updates Since IETF-106 (Revision-04)

#### **Updates:**

- 1. Defined Control Code for "In-band Response Requested" for TWAMP Light
  - ✓ Updated Two-way mode procedure using the Control Code
- 2. Moved STAMP support to a new draft draft-gandhi-spring-stamp-srpm
- Informational draft as TWAMP Light is informational, see Appendix I in RFC 5357 and Appendix A RFC 8545
- 4. Various editorial changes

#### Open Items:

None

#### TWAMP Light Control Code Field

#### For a Query: Sender Control Code

0x0: Out-of-band Response Requested.

This is also the default behavior.

0x1: In-band Response Requested.

Indicates that this guery has been sent over a bidirectional path and the probe response is required over the same path in the reverse direction.

The bidirectional path does not have to be an SR path.

#### For a Response: Reflector Control Code

0x1: Error - Invalid Message.

Indicates that the operation failed because the received

query message could not be processed.

0xN: Additional Frror will be defined in future

```
Error Estimate
Se Control Code
   Figure 6: Control Code in TWAMP Light Query Message
```

```
Session-Sender Error Estimate | MBZ
Ses-Sender TTL
```

Figure 6: Control Code in TWAMP Light Response Message

#### Performance Measurement Modes

- One-way Measurement Mode
  - Reply sent "out of band" on IP/UDP path default
- Two-way Measurement Mode
  - Reply sent "in-band" on reverse SR path
    - Based on Control Code from the probe query message
- Loopback Measurement Mode
  - Probe message carries the return path in the header of the packet

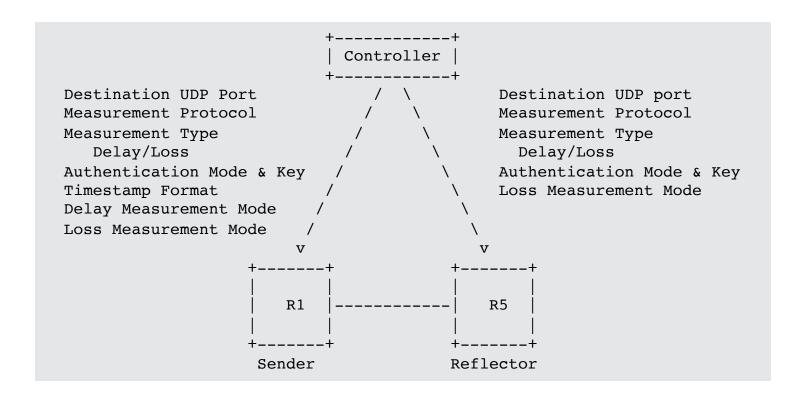
#### Next Steps

- Welcome your comments and suggestions
- Implementation exists
- In WG adoption (SPRING WG) queue
- Keep IPPM WG in the loop about the milestones

## Thank you

## Backup

#### Example Provisioning Model



### Probe Query for Links

• User-configured destination UDP **port1** is used for DM probe messages in unauthenticated mode and **port2** is used for LM probe messages in unauthenticated mode.

```
IP Header
. Source IP Address = Sender IPv4 or IPv6 Address
  Destination IP Address = Reflector IPv4 or IPv6 Address
. Protocol = UDP
UDP Header
 Source Port = As chosen by Sender
  Destination Port = User-configured Port
| Payload = DM Message as specified in Section 4.2.1 of RFC 5357|
. Payload = DM Message as specified in Section 4.1.2 of RFC 5357.
. Payload = LM Message as specified in this document
                  Figure: Probe Query Message
```

## Probe Query for SR-MPLS and SRv6 Policy

For **end-to-end** performance delay/loss measurement of SR Policy, the probe query messages are sent on the SR Policy path with:

- 1. MPLS label stack for SR-MPLS Policies
- 2. SRv6 SRH [RFC 8754] with SID list for SRv6 Policies

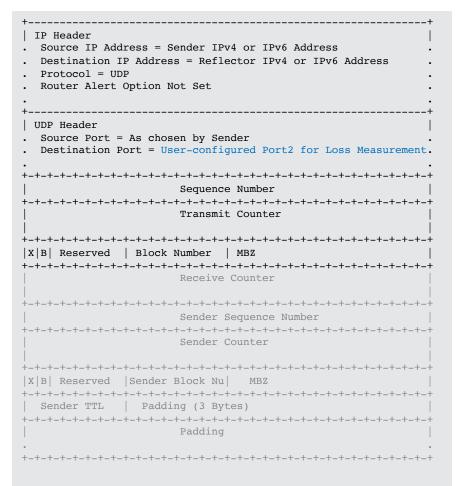
### Probe Response Message

 The probe response message is sent using the IP/UDP information from the probe query message.

```
IP Header
 Source IP Address = Reflector IPv4 or IPv6 Address
 Destination IP Address = Source IP Address from Ouery
Protocol = UDP
UDP Header
 Source Port = As chosen by Reflector
. Destination Port = Source Port from Ouery
DM Payload as specified in Section 4.2.1 of RFC 5357, or
. LM Payload as specified in this document
                 Figure: Probe Response Message
```

## Stand-alone LM Message Format for TWAMP Light

- Loss Measurement (LM) message defined
  - Hardware efficient counter-stamping
    - Well-known locations for transmit and receive traffic counters
  - Stand-alone LM message, not tied to DM
- LM message format is also defined for authenticated mode
- User-configured destination UDP port2 is used for identifying LM probe packets
- Does not modify existing TWAMP Light (which is for DM) procedure as different UDP destination port2 is used for LM.



### ECMP Support for SR Policy

- SR Policy can have ECMP between the ingress and transit nodes, between transit nodes and between transit and egress nodes.
- Sending PM probe queries that can take advantage of the hashing function in forwarding plane.
- Existing forwarding mechanisms are applicable to PM probe messages:
  - For IPv4
    - Destination addresses in IP header (e.g. 127/8)
  - For IPv6
    - Destination addresses in IP header (e.g. FFFF:7F00/104)
    - Flow label in IPv6 header

## Thank you