String Matching

➤ Using Finite Automata

Example (I)

Q is a finite set of states

- $q_0 \in \mathbf{Q}$ is the start state
- Q is a set of accepting sates
- Σ: input alphabet
- δ : Q × Σ \rightarrow Q: transition function



(1)

States



4

3

input: a b a b b a a

Example (II)

Q is a finite set of states

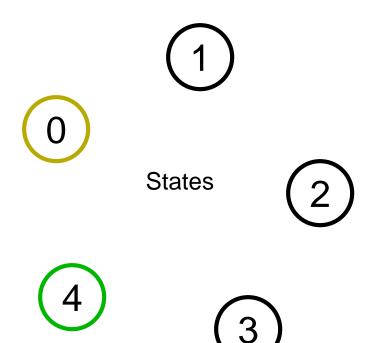
 $q_0 \in \mathbf{Q}$ is the start state

Q is a set of accepting sates

Σ: input alphabet

 δ : Q × Σ \rightarrow Q: transition function

input		
state	а	b
0	1	0
1	1	2
2	1	3
3	4	0
4	1	2



Example (III)

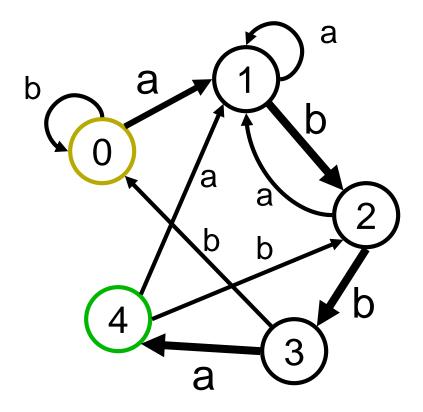
Q is a finite set of states

 $q_0 \in \mathbf{Q}$ is the start state

Q is a set of accepting sates

Σ: input alphabet

input		
state	а	b
0	1	0
1	1	2
2	1	3
3	4	0
4	1	2



Example (IV)

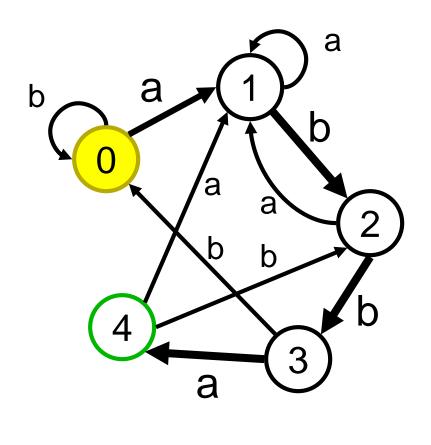
Q is a finite set of states

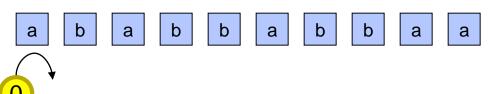
 $q_0 \in \mathbf{Q}$ is the start state

Q is a set of accepting sates

Σ: input alphabet

input		
state	а	b
0	1	0
1	1	2
2	1	3
3	4	0
4	1	2





Example (V)

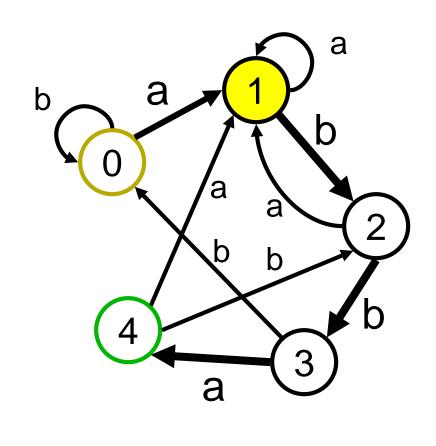
Q is a finite set of states

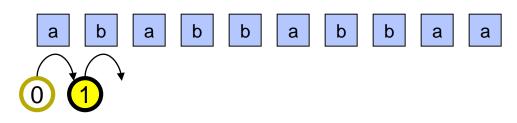
 $q_0 \in \mathbf{Q}$ is the start state

Q is a set of accepting sates

Σ: input alphabet

input		
state	а	b
0	1	0
1	1	2
2	1	3
3	4	0
4	1	2





Example (VI)

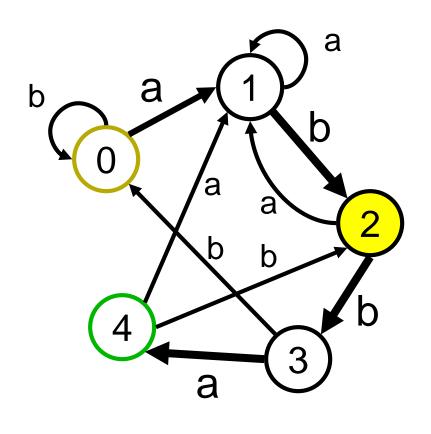
Q is a finite set of states

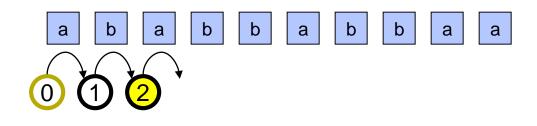
 $q_0 \in \mathbf{Q}$ is the start state

Q is a set of accepting sates

Σ: input alphabet

input		
state	а	b
0	1	0
1	1	2
2	1	3
3	4	0
4	1	2





Example (VII)

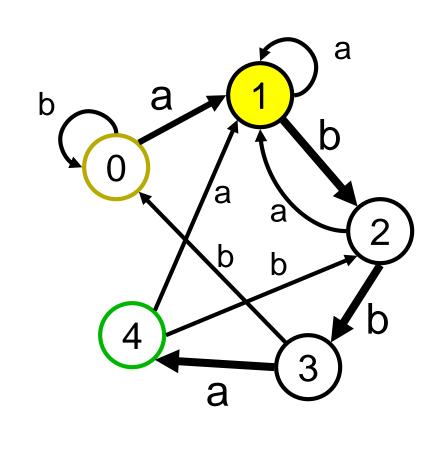
Q is a finite set of states

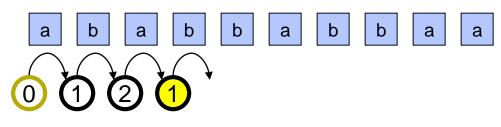
 $q_0 \in \mathbf{Q}$ is the start state

Q is a set of accepting sates

Σ: input alphabet

input		
state	а	b
0	1	0
1	1	2
2	1	3
3	4	0
4	1	2





Example (VIII)

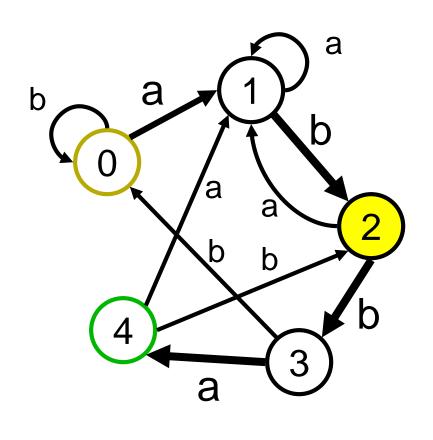
Q is a finite set of states

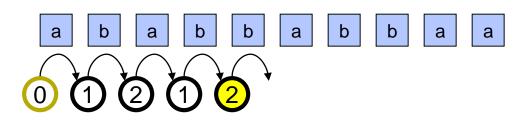
 $q_0 \in \mathbf{Q}$ is the start state

Q is a set of accepting sates

Σ: input alphabet

input		
state	а	b
0	1	0
1	1	2
2	1	3
3	4	0
4	1	2





Example (IX)

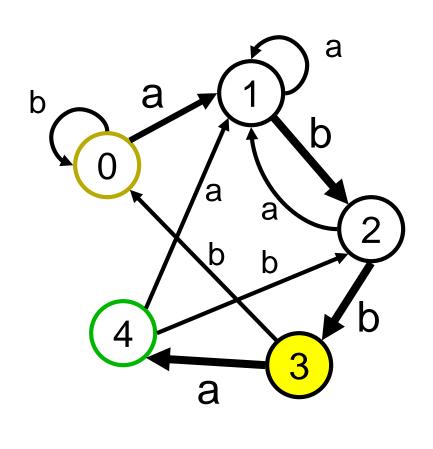
Q is a finite set of states

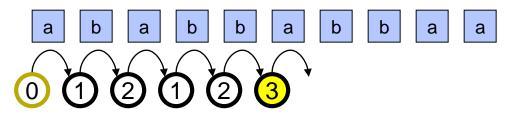
 $q_0 \in \mathbf{Q}$ is the start state

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Example (X)

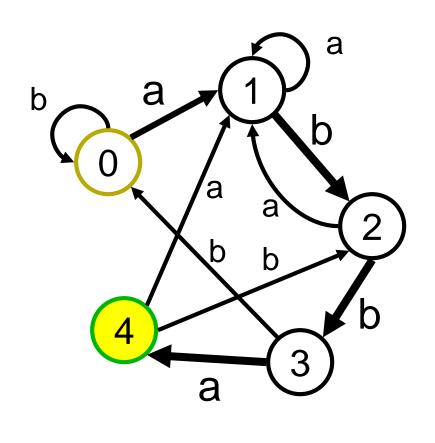
Q is a finite set of states

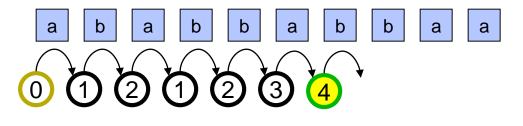
 $q_0 \in \mathbf{Q}$ is the start state

Q is a set of accepting sates

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input		
state	а	b
0	1	0
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3	4	0
4	1	2





Example (XI)

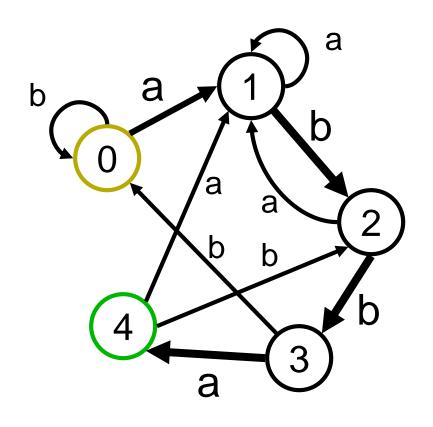
Q is a finite set of states

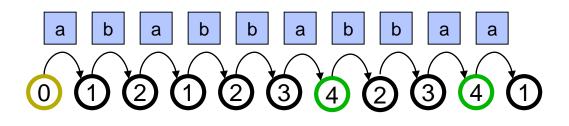
 $q_0 \in \mathbf{Q}$ is the start state

Q is a set of accepting sates

Σ: input alphabet

input		
state	a	b
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Finite-Automaton-Matcher

- The example automaton accepts at the end of occurrences of the pattern abba
- ➤ For every pattern of length m there exists an automaton with m+1 states that solves the pattern matching problem with the following algorithm:

Finite-Automaton-Matcher(T, δ ,P)

- 1. $n \leftarrow length(T)$
- 2. $q \leftarrow 0$
- 3. for $i \leftarrow 1$ to n do
- 4. $q \leftarrow \delta(q,T[i])$
- 5. if q = m then
- 6. $s \leftarrow i m$
- 7. return "Pattern occurs with shift" s

How to Compute the Transition Function?

- A string u is a prefix of string v if there exists a string a such that:
 ua = v
- A string u is a **suffix** of string v if there exists a string a such that: au = v
- ➤ Let P_k denote the first k letter string of P

Compute-Transition-Function(P, Σ)

- 1. $m \leftarrow length(P)$
- 2. for $q \leftarrow 0$ to m do
- 3. for each character $a \in \Sigma$ do
- 4. $k \leftarrow 1+\min(m,q+1)$
- 5. repeat

$$k \leftarrow k-1$$

- 6. until P_k is a suffix of P_q a
- 7. $\delta(q,a) \leftarrow k$

Example

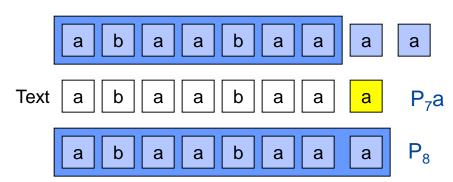
- A string *u* is a **prefix** of string *v* if there exists a string *a* such that: *ua* = *v*
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Compute-Transition-Function(P, Σ)

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- 3. for each character $a \in \Sigma$ do
- 4. $k \leftarrow 1+\min(m,q+1)$
- 5. repeat

- 6. until P_k is a suffix of P_{α}
- 7. $\delta(q,a) \leftarrow k$
- 8.

Pattern



Example

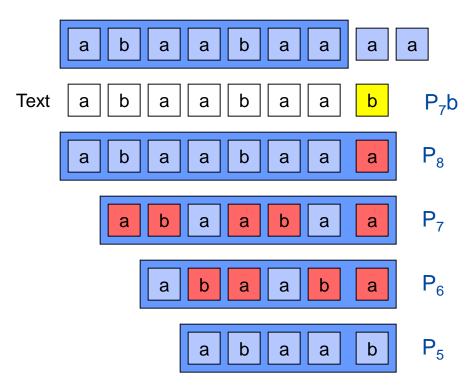
- A string *u* is a **prefix** of string *v* if there exists a string *a* such that: ua = v
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- 6. until P_k is a suffix of P_{α}
- 7. $\delta(q,a) \leftarrow k$
- 8.

Pattern



Running time of Compute Transition-Function

- A string u is a prefix of string v if there exists a string a such that: ua = v
- A string u is a suffix of string v if there exists a string a such that: au = v
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