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General Tree
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General Tree

A general tree (a tree) is defined to be a nonempty finite set T of elements, called nodes such that

- (1) T contains a distinguished element R , called the root of T .
- (2) The remaining elements of T form an ordered collection of zero or more disjoint trees T_1, T_2, \dots, T_m .

• The trees T_1, T_2, \dots, T_m are called subtrees of root R and the roots of T_1, T_2, \dots, T_m are called successors of R .

• Example:

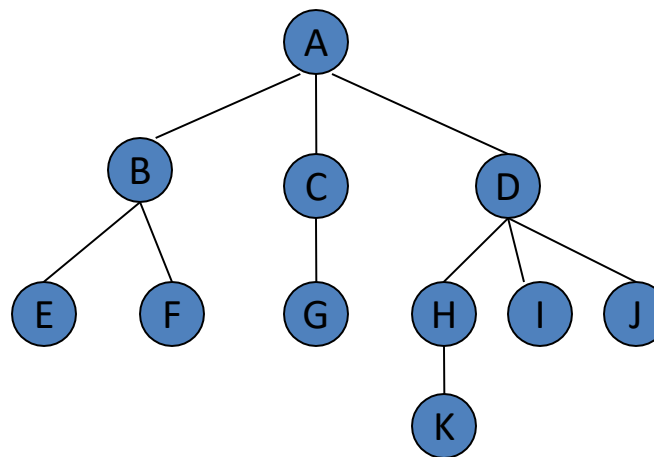
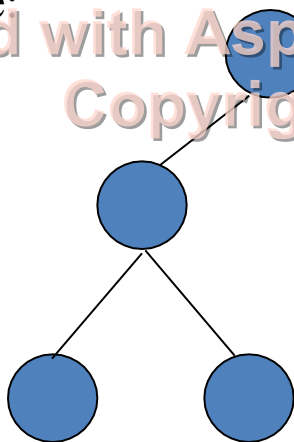


Figure: General Tree

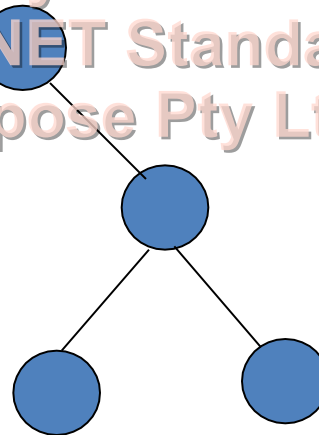
Difference between General Tree and Binary Tree

- (1) A binary tree T' is not a special case of a general tree T .
- (2) Suppose a node N has only one child. Then the child is identified as a left child or right child in binary tree T' , but no such distinction exists in a general tree T .

Example:



Tree T1



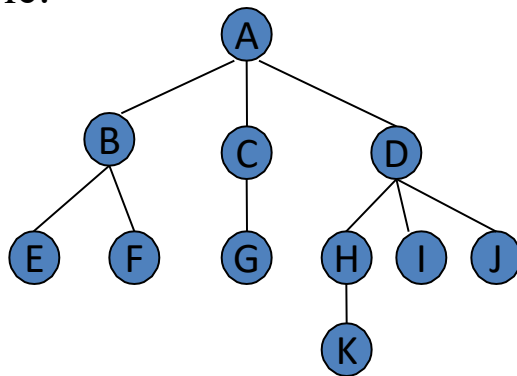
Tree T2

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Memory Representation of General Tree

- Suppose T is a general tree. T is maintained in memory by means of a linked representation that uses following three parallel arrays:
 1. INFO[K] = Information at node N
 2. CHILD[K] = location of the first child of N.
 3. SIBL[K] = location of next sibling of N
- Here K is the location of node N of T.
- Here ROOT is used as the root of T.
- Example:



ROOT

6

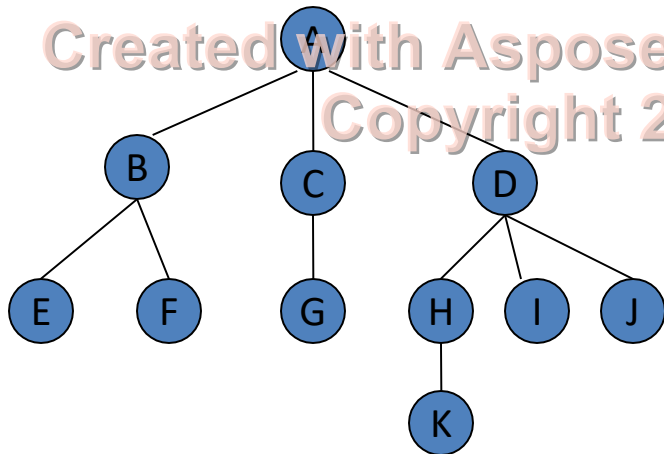
	INFO	CHILD	SIBL
1	C	3	13
2	B	5	1
3	G	0	0
4	K	0	0
5	E	0	9
6	A	2	0
7	I	0	12
8			
9	F	0	0
10			
11	H	4	7
12	J	0	0
13	D	11	0

Figure: General Tree and Its Memory Representation

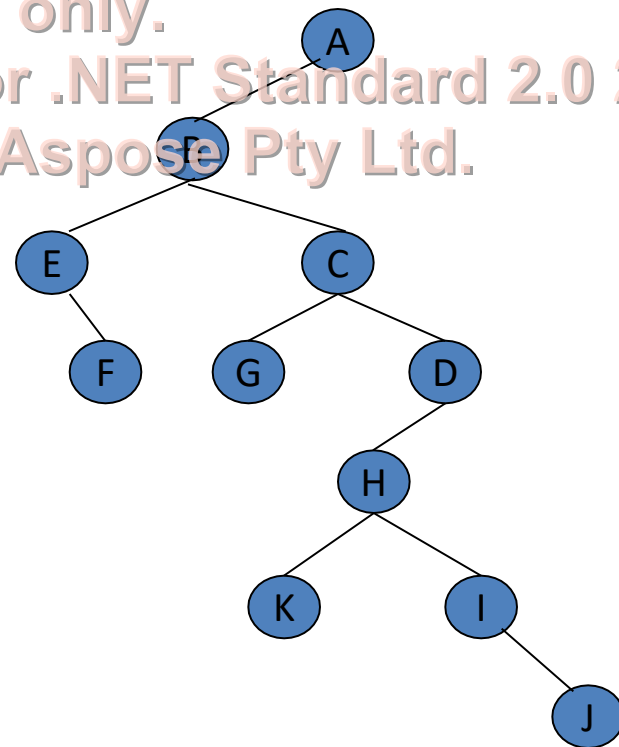
Correspondence between General Tree and Binary Tree

- (1) The root of T' will be the root of T.
- (2) The left child of N' in T' will be the first child of node N in T and the right child of N' in T' will be the next sibling of N in T.

General Tree T



Binary Tree T'



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END!!!
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