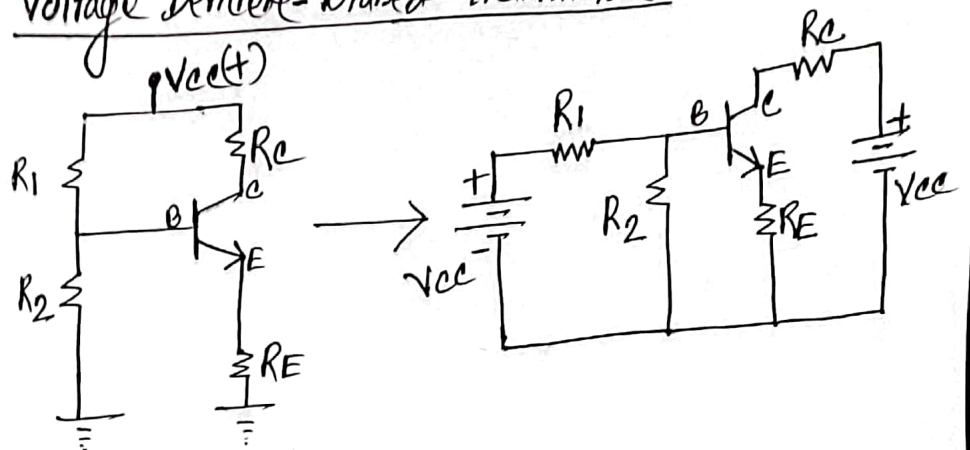


## Voltage Divider-Biased Transistor



### Ic Derivation $\Rightarrow$

From Base (B) to Emitter (E) Loop,

Applying voltage Divider Rule according  $R_2$ ,

$$V_2 = \frac{R_2}{R_2 + R_1} \times V_{cc}$$

Applying KVL according to loop (B-E)

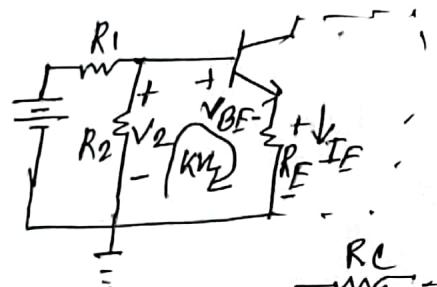
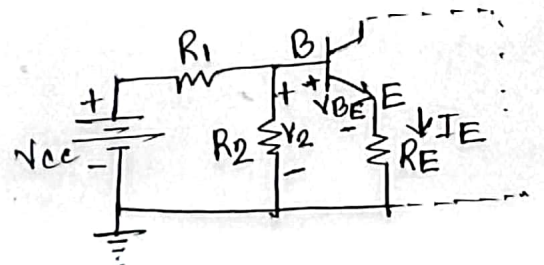
$$V_2 - V_{BE} - V_E = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_2 - V_{BE} - I_E R_E = 0$$

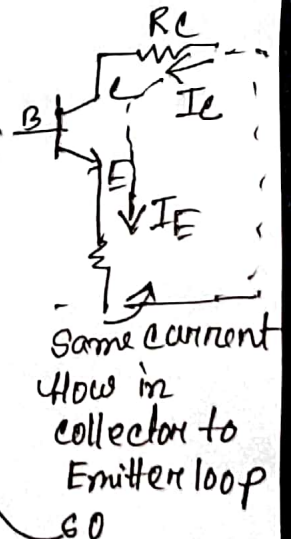
$$\Rightarrow I_E R_E = V_2 - V_{BE}$$

$$\therefore I_E = \frac{V_2 - V_{BE}}{R_E}$$

$$\text{So, } I_C = \frac{V_2 - V_{BE}}{R_E}$$



while  $I_E \approx I_C$



### VCE Derivation $\Rightarrow$

From Collector to Emitter loop,

Applying KVL in this loop,

$$V_{cc} - I_C R_C - V_{CE} - I_E R_E$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{CE} = V_{cc} - I_C (R_C + R_E)$$

while  $I_C \approx I_E$

