

International Islamic University Chittagong
Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering

Final Examination Spring-2019

Course Code: Math-1107/1101

Time: 2 hours 30 minutes

Program: B.Sc. Engg. (EEE)

Course Title: Mathematics-I

Full Marks: 50

Part A

[Answer any two questions from the followings; figures in the right margin indicate full marks.]

1(a). If $u = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$, then find the value of $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$. 3

1(b). If z is a homogeneous function of x, y, z of degree n , then prove that 3

$$x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = nz$$

1(c) Show that the function $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 63(x + y) + 12xy$ is maximum at $(-7, -7)$ and minimum at $(3, 3)$ 4

2(a). What do you mean by integration? 2

2(b). Evaluate any two: 4×2

(i) $\int (\sqrt{\tan x} + \sqrt{\cot x}) dx$

(ii) $\int \frac{(x^2+2)}{(x+2)^3(x-1)} dx$

(iii) $\int \frac{x(\tan^{-1}x)^2}{(1+x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}(1+x)} dx$

3(a). Examine $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 3xy$ for maximum and minimum value. 5

3(b). Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{\sin x + \tan x}$ 5

Part B

[Answer any three questions from the followings; figures in the right margin indicate full marks.]

4(a). If $I_n = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \tan^n x \, dx$ then prove that $I_n + I_{n-2} = \frac{1}{n-1}$ 2

4(b). Evaluate $\int_a^b x \, dx$ as the limit of a sum. 4

4(c). Define Gamma and Beta function Show that (i) $\beta(m, n) = \frac{\Gamma m \Gamma n}{\Gamma(m+n)}$ and (ii) show that $\Gamma(n+1) = n\Gamma n$ 4

5(a). Evaluate $\iiint_R (x + y + 2z) dx dy dz$, where $R: 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1, 0 \leq z \leq 1$ 3

5(b). Evaluate $\iiint_R (x - 2y + z) dx dy dz$, where $R: 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq x^2, 0 \leq z \leq x + y$ 5

- 5(c) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 e^y dy dx$ 2
- 6(a). Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ about y axis. 6
- 6(b). Find the area between the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ and $x^2 = 4ay$ 4
- 7(a). Prove that $\Gamma(n + 1) = n\Gamma(n)$ 2
- 7(b). Evaluate $\iint_A xy dx dy$ Where A is the domain bounded by x axis ordinate $x = 2a$ and the curve $x^2 = 4ay$ 3
- 7(c). Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the cycloid $x = a(\theta - \sin\theta)$ and $y = a(1 - \cos\theta)$ about x axis. 5