International Islamic University Chittagong Center for General Education (CGED) Final Examination, Autumn - 2021

1

Course Code: URIH - 4701

Course Title: A Survey of Islamic History and Culture

Full Marks: 50 Time: 2:30 Hours

Answer any five of the following questions. [All questions are of equal value]

- 17 Estimate the reforms of Abdul Malik bin Marwan in the history of Islam. How did these reforms contribute to world civilization?
- 2. Assess the policies of *Umar bin Abdul Aziz*. Why is he called the 'fifth pious *khalifah*' in Islam? Discuss.
- 3. Investigate the factors of the decline and fall of Umayyad Khilafah.
- 4. Evaluate the contributions of Khalifah Abu Zafar al-Mansur as the real founder of Abbasid Khilafah.
- 5. 'Manuan's reign was unquestionably the most brilliant and glorious of all the history of Islam's Estimate the statement with pragmatic reasons.
- 6. Appreciate the contributions of Muslims to the development of Medical Science or Geography. How is modern Medical Science or Geography indebted to this development?

- 7. Write short notes on any two of the following topics.
 - a) Social Stratification under Umayyads Khilafah
 - b) Conquest of Spain during Khalifah Al-Walid
 - c) Foreign Policy of Khalifah Harun al-Rashid
 - d) Fall of Baghdad in 1258 A.D.

International Islamic University Chittagong

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

B. Sc. in CSE

Final Exam, Autumn 2021

Course Code: CSE 3633

Course Title: Computer Networks

Time: 2 hours 30 minutes

Full Marks: 50

(i) The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks

(ii) Course Outcomes and Bloom's Levels are mentioned in additional Columns

	Course Outcomes (COs) of the Questions						
COL	Understand and analyze the architectures of different types of computer complex networks and protocols						
CO2	Evaluate the performance of protocols and networks						
CO3	Demonstrate a familiarity with major network and security algorithms and protocols						
CO4	Identify and apply applications of computer networks with determining suitable alternatives of the networks for the alternative conditions.						

Bloom's Levels of the Questions							
Letter Symbols	Re	Un	Ap	An	Ev	Cr	
Meaning	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create	

Part A
[Answer the questions from the followings]

1. a) Apply LSR algorithm on the following network in fig-1 to construct a routing table CO3 Ap 5 of router 'C'.

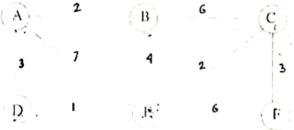


Fig-1

Dr.

- b) Apply DVR algorithm on the above network in fig-1 to construct a routing table of cost apply contents.
- a) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of flooding technique. How many packets will be generated if you apply the simple flooding technique on the network in the above diagram fig-1 to make sure that each of the nodes receives at least one copy of the packet?
- 2. b) With necessary details, write how can you regulate packet flow into a network from CO3 An 5 the host?

Write down the advantages and disadvantages of hierarchical routing with the help of 2 n) CO3 An appropriate network diagram. What is the token bucket algorithm? A token bucket scheme is used for traffic 5 CO₃ Ap shaping. A new token is put into the bucket every usec. Each token is good for one short packet, which contains 80 bytes of data. What is the maximum sustainable data rate? Part B [Answer the questions from the followings] 3. What is the necessity of transport layer? How does transport layer foil the delay and CO₄ Aπ 5 duplicate connection requests. 3. b) CO₄ 5 Is there any transport protocol for crash recovery truly? Do you have any suggestion An in this regard? Is there any security issue with TCP/IP? If so, write them. What problem can arise in CO₂ Εv 5 using TCP protocol and what is the reason behind it? Discuss. Briefly explain TCP and UDP. Write down the situations in which these two b) CO₂ 5 Εv protocols can be used. 5. Explain the hierarchical structure of DNS with figure. Why such a structure is a) CO₃ Un 5 useful? 5. Each of the protocol of application layer has its own role and importance. Find out b) CO₃ Un 5 the role and importance of SMTP, FTP and HTTP, Or, Show the encryption and decryption techniques by using RSA method. CO₃ 5 Ap Do you have any use of public key cryptography? How does it function for privacy CO₃ Ap 5 and authentication message? Give example.

International Islamic University Chittagong Department of Computer Science and Engineering

B. Sc. Engineering in CSE Final Exam, Autumn 2021

Course Code: CSE 4741

Course Title: Computer Graphics

Time: 2 hours 30 minutes

Full Marks: 50

[The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks]

<u>Part A</u>

1(a) What is viewing transformation? Why is it so important in computer graphics?

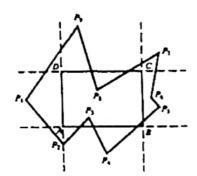
CO1 Ap

2

Find the workstation transformation with x extent 0 to 1 and y extent 0 to 34 in the normalized device space into a workstation viewport whose lower left corner is at (5,5) with same aspect ratio.

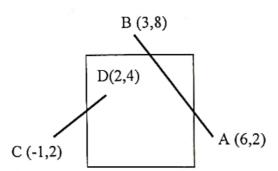
1(b) Find the clipping polygon using Sutherland-Hodgman and Waler-Atherton algorithm of the following image. Show the steps including vertex output list and subject polygon and clipping polygon.

CO1 Ap 2



CO₃ Ap 6

1(c)



Find the region codes for end point A(5,2); B(3,8); C(-1,2) and D(2,4). Then, Clip the line segments AB and CD using Cohen-Sutherland algorithm. (Assume $X_{min}=1$, $X_{max}=5$, $Y_{min}=1$, $Y_{max}=7$)

OR

Find the normalization transformation that maps a window whose lower left corner is at (0,0) and upper right corner is at (4,3) onto a viewport that is the entire normalized device screen. So that aspect ratios are preserved.

2(a) Find the transformation for mirror reflection with respect to xy plane.

CO2 U

2(b)	Given a 3D object A(1,2,3), B(4,5,6), C(5,6,7) and D(7,8,4). Find the mirror reflection about xy-plane, yz-plane and zx-plane.	COI	Ap	4
2(c)	Given a line AB in 3D space with coordinate points A $(0, 0, 0)$ and $\dot{B}(3, 5, 0)$	CO1	Ap	4
	3). Apply the rotation on AB, so that the line will completely align with Z axis (keeping the point A fixed). Find the new coordinates after rotation.			
	Or			,
	Find the align matrix which aligns a given vector V with the vector K			'
	along the positive z-axis.			
	Part B			
3(a)	The unit cube is projected onto the xy plane. Draw the projected image	CO1	Ap	3
()	using the standard perspective transformation with			
	$(i) \qquad s = 4$			
	(ii) s = 15			
20.	where s is distance from the view plane.	COI	An	3
3(b)	Suppose you are an artist and want to draw a three dimensional picture,	COI		
	which projection you will use to make a realistic view. Describe the			
	following states with necessary diagram.			
	i) In what situation object represents upside down?			
	ii) In what situation objects are appeared to meet a certain point?			
	iii) In what situation the object will appear small than original?			
	Or .			
	Briefly explain the anomalies on perspective projection.			
3(c)	Find the transformation for	CO3	Ap	4
	a) Cavalier with θ =45°			
	b) Cabinet projection with 0=30°			
	c) Draw the projection of the unit cube for each transformation.			•
4(a)	Describe the different ways of representing a polygonal net model.	CO1	U	3
4(b)	What is the working principle of z-buffer algorithm? Demonstrate with an	CO3	. 0	3
	example. Or			
	Describe Painters algorithm for hidden surface removal. Give necessary			
	example.			
4(c)	Given points $P_1(1,2,0)$, $P_2(3,6,20)$ and $P_3(2,4,6)$ and a viewpoint $C(0,0,-1)$	CO2	An	4
1	1), determine which points obscure the others when viewed from C.	CO2	All	4
5(a)	What is pinhole camera? Write the working principle of basic pinhole	CO1	R	3
	camera. In which fields pinhole camera are important? Describe in brief.		•	-
5(b)	What is light? What are the basic characteristics of light? Describe the	CO1	R	3
	visible band of electromagnetic spectrum.			
5(c)	If a point P ₁ on line 5 has an RGB color (1, 0.5, 0) and point p ₂ on line 15	CO3	Ap	4
	has an RGB color (0.2, 0.5, 0.6), what is the color for line 8?			·
	Or			
	Lines in two dimensional space can be represented by either the algebraic			
	equation y= mx+b or the parametric vector equation $L(t)$ = s+td, where - ∞ <t<+<math>\infty. For s=I+J and d=I-J, find the equivalent algebraic representation</t<+<math>			
	v v v v v v v v unu u-1-3. Imu ulc culivalcii videntala fareass-4-1'-			

International Islamic University Chittagong

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

B. Sc. in CSE

Final Exam, Autumn 2021

Course Code: CSE 4743

Course Title: Computer Security

Time: 2 hours 30 minutes

Full Marks: 50

(i) The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks

(ii) Course Outcomes and Bloom's Levels are mentioned in additional Columns

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-[THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY	Bloom's Lev	els of the Que	stions		-	-	
١	Letter Symbols	R	U	App	An	E	Croote	
	Meaning	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create	1

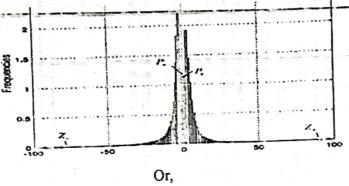
Part A [Answer the questions from the followings]

	[Answer the questions from the followings]			
1 a)	Explain CIA for computer security. Why passwords are used? What is the benefit of using salt in passwords?	CO2	App	5
	Or,			
1 a)	Explain a situation where Diffie-Hellman key exchange might be used. How can a recipient verify that a message came from you?	CO2	Арр	5
1. b)	Explain Euler's Totient function. Find $\varphi(13)$ and $\varphi(14)$.	COI	U	5
2a)	How Honey Pot-based Intrusion Detection works? How you will tune IPS signature alarms?	COI	U	5
2. b)	Alice is sending a message to Bob. The message is "I had my breakfast this morning". Eve wants to modify the message to "I did not have breakfast this morning" and wants to send this modified message to Bob. How can Eve be prevented from modifying this message with the help of Hash Function?	CO2	Арр	5
	Or,			
2 b)	Let the length of a password (L) is 4. Assume all symbols equally likely and $E(G) \ge (1/4)2^{H(X)} + 1$. Let password guessers can guess 2 million passwords in a second. Calculate:	CO2	Арр	5
	 I. Entropy II. Lower bound on expected guesses E(G) III. Strength of the password 			
	Part B			

Part B [Answer the questions from the followings]

3. a) Explain Pre-processing phase of the SHA-3 Hashing algorithm with suitable CO1 U 5 figure(s).

	-	No. with	COI	R	5
3.	b)	What is a digital signature? Why it is used? If a person P signs message of was signature S(P,M), what are the desired properties from security perspectives?		U	5
4.	a)	How does TLS (Transport Layer Security) start a secured communication involving	CO3		_
,	e.	two parties? How TLS 1.3 improves over TLS 1.27	CO3	An	5
4.	b)	Write down the IPSEC processing that would be applied to an incoming packet	003		
_		. a l'alla male et la the transport layer of a host	CO3	R_	3
5.	a)	What is Steganography? What are the drawbacks of Cryptography that can be overcome by Steganography?		U	5
5.	b)	Define embedding Payload and embedding capacity. Briefly explain the steps of			
		Basic pixel reference errors (BPRE) histogram based scheme.	-CO2-	- App -	2_
- 3	c)	Do you think an intruder can guess the existence of the secret message from the			
		histogram below? Justify your answer.		44	



Demonstrate some packet filtering policies that are configured in your firewall. 5.

CO4 App

b) Explain Proof of work in Blockchain. Why is it an expensive process? What makes forging of a block difficult in Blockchain? 5.

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Bismillaher Rahmanir Rahim International Islamic University Chittagong

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

B. Sc. in CSE

Final Exam, Autumn 2021

Course Code: CSE 4745

Course Title: Numerical Methods

Full Marks: 50

Time: 2 hours 30 minutes

Answer all questions. The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks

Course Outcomes and Bloom's Levels are mentioned in additional Columns

_	_			CO
-	+	Group A		
a	- 1	Solve the following system of linear equation by <i>Gauss-Jordan</i> method: 2x1 + 11x2 - 3x3 = 4 3x1 + 3x2 + 20x3 = 7	4.5	CO
. 1	5)	x1 + 28x2 + 80x3 = 20 Solve the following system of linear equation by <i>Gauss Seidel</i> method: 3x1 + 25x2 - x3 = 7 2x1 + 13x2 + 20x3 = 5	4.5	СО
1.	c)	x1 + 21x2 + 80x3 = 29 Write the difference between <i>Jacobi Iteration</i> and <i>Gauss Seidel method</i> in context of iteration.	1	СО
2.	a)	The observations from an experiment are as given below $x = 2 = 10 = 26 = 61$ $y = 600 = 500 = 4XX = 350$ [XX means the last two digits of your ID number. Example: for C191017, XX will be 17] It is known that a relation of type $Y = a + bX$ exists. Find the best possible values of a and b .	5	CO
•2.	a)	The observations from an experiment are as given below x 2 10 26 61 y 600 500 4XX 350 [XX means the last two digits of your ID number. Example: for C191017, XX will be 17]	5	СО

Find the best linear fit to the data (x, y) = (1,0.5), (2,2.5), (3,2), (4,4), (5,3.5), (6, (7,5.5)) OR Compare with appropriate example for fitting a polynomial n degree equation and a parabola.		CO4
b) Compare with appropriate example for fitting a polynomial p dog	ree 5	
b) Compare with appropriate example for fitting a polynomial n degreequation and a parabola.	ee 5	1
		CO3
Groups B		
a) Derive the equations of 1st order differentiation and discuss which equation	n 5	COL
is better than other?		
x 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	5	CO2
On		
b) From the following table find x, correct to two decimal places, for which y is maximum and find this value of y.	5	CO2
x 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 y 0.9320 0.9636 0.9855 0.9975 0.9996		
		1001
		CO1
Simpson's 1/3 rule? If yes then why or if no then why?	1 1	CO2
Evaluate $\int_{1}^{9} 1/3 x dx$ by i) Simpson's 1/3 and Simpson's 3/8 rule and compare	5	CO2
the result with the exact value loge9 of the integral.		
OP		
c) 45	5	CO2
Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\cos x} dx$ by Trapezoidal rule. Here both upper limit and lower lim	nit	
is in degree. The interval will be divided into 3 strips.		
a) A rod is rotating in a plane. The following table gives the angle θ in radians throw	ah 5	CO6
	5	CO6
θ-radians 0.0 0.22 0.48 1.10 2.0 3.2		
		CO6
	r.]	
b	Find y' and y'' from the following table for $x=2$: x 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 y 12.89 14.56 17.45 19.34 20.45 22.34 26.89 OR From the following table find x , correct to two decimal places, for which y is maximum and find this value of y . x 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 y 0.9320 0.9636 0.9855 0.9975 0.9996 a) Derive Trapezoidal rule for integration. Do you think Simpson's 3/8 rule is better to get the more accurate result that Simpson's 1/3 rule? If yes then why or if no then why? Evaluate $\int_{1}^{9} 1/3 x dx$ by i) Simpson's 1/3 and Simpson's 3/8 rule and compare the result with the exact value loge9 of the integral. OR OR	is better than other? Find y' and y'' from the following table for x=2: x 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 y 12.89 14.56 17.45 19.34 20.45 22.34 26.89 OR From the following table find x, correct to two decimal places, for which y is maximum and find this value of y. x 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 y 0.9320 0.9636 0.9855 0.9975 0.9996 Derive Trapezoidal rule for integration.

International Islamic University Chittagong

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

B. Sc. in CSE Final Examination, Autumn 2021

Course Code: CSE 4747 Course Title: Mathematical Analysis for Computer Science

Total marks: 50

Time: 2 hours 30 minutes

The figures in the right hand margin indicate full marks.
Course Outcomes and Bloom's Taxonomy Levels are mentioned in additional Column

Group A

- In a best-of-three tournament, the probability of the IIUC football team to win the first match is 50%. In subsequent games, their probability of winning is determined by the outcome of the previous game. If the IIUC team lost the previous game, then they work hard on tactics and win the current game with a probability of 60%. If they win the previous game, then they keep less focus on the game and win the current game with a probability of only 30%.
 - i) What is the probability that the first two matches decide the tournament champion?
 - ii) What is the probability that the IIUC team wins the tournament, given that they win the first game?
- 1b) Suppose that we flip three fair, mutually-independent coins and consider the CO2 An 4 following three events:
 - A1 is the event that coin 1 matches coin 2.
 - A2 is the event that coin 2 matches coin 3.
 - A3 is the event that coin 3 matches coin 1.

Now, illustrate that how pairwise independence does not necessarily imply the mutual independence.

0r

- Find the probability that in a family of 4 children there will be
 (a) at least 1 boy and
 (b) at least 1 boy and 1 girl. Assume that the probability of a male birth is 0.5
 - A computer program crashes at the end of each hour of use with probability *p*, if it has not crashed already. Now, formulate a procedure to estimate the expected time until the program crashes?
 - At an unknown railway station, a person arrived at a four-way intersection point. Now, he wants to find out the exit gate, but there is no proper signboard available in this station. Therefore, initially, he has to choose one of four directions. If he goes North, then he will find the exit gate after one minute of travelling. If he goes East, he will wander around the station for three minutes and will then return to his initial position. If he goes South, he will wander around the station for ten minutes and will then return to his initial position. If he goes West, then he will find the exit gate after five minutes of travelling. Assuming that the person is at all times equally likely to choose any of the four directions. Now, estimate the expected number of minutes that the person will be trapped in the station.

Suppose that whether or not it rains today depends on previous weather conditions through the last two days. Specifically, suppose that if it has rained for the past two days, then it will rain tomorrow with probability 0.8; if it rained today but not yesterday, then it will rain tomorrow with probability 0.6; if it rained yesterday but not today, then it will rain tomorrow with probability 0.3; if it has not rained in the past two days, then it will rain tomorrow with probability 0.1.

CO3 E 6

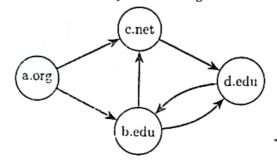
CO3

Ε

- (a) Represent the scenario with a four-state Markov chain transition probability matrix.
- (b) Given that it rained on Monday and Tuesday, what is the probability that it will rain on Thursday?

Group B

3a) 3b)	What is Markov property. A wireless channel is either bad (due to noise and interference) or good. A particular channel changes its states from slot to slot as follows: a good channel continues to be good in the next slot with probability 0.7, and turns bad with probability 0.3; a bad channel becomes good in the following slot with probability 0.6 and remains bad with probability 0.4. What is the probability that a channel will be found good in the eleventh slot if it is observed to be bad in the seventh slot? What are the probabilities that, in an arbitrary slot in the long run, the channel will be found in good or bad states?	CO3	R E	2 8
4a)	State the gambler's ruin problem. Formulate a mathematical model to estimate the	CO1	R	3
41.5	probability of avoiding ruins.			
_4b)	Formulate a procedure for robust calculation of the ranks of the pages in a Web-	CO3	U	3
	graph based on a random walk on that graph.			
	Illustrate how it is meant to work with the following Webgraph where (hyper)links			4
	are represented by directed edges.			



Make reasonable assumptions as necessary.

5a) 5b)	Explain the Simpson's paradox. Following slotted Aloha protocol, <i>n</i> contending nodes attempt to transmit via a shared channel to an access point. The probability that a given node transmits in a particular slot is <i>p</i> . The nodes act independently of each other, and the events across slots are also independent. Any slot that sees more than one (concurrent) transmission is wasted due to collision, and slots that don't have any transmission from any of the <i>n</i> nodes are also wasted idly. A single transmission from one and only one of the nodes results in a successful transmission. With this setup, find the followings:	CO1 CO3
	i) 16thons in a little of the control of the contro	

- i) If there is a collision in a slot, what is the expected number of nodes involved in the collision?
- ii) What is the probability that a given slot sees at least one transmission?

What is queueing model? Describe some of the characteristics of it.

A tool crib has exponential interarrival and service times, and it serves a very large group of mechanics. The mean time between arrivals is 4 times. It takes 3 minutes on the average for a tool-crib attendant to service a mechanic. The attendant is pain \$10 per hour and the mechanic is pain \$15 per hour. Would it be advisable to have a second tool-crib attendant?

CO1 R 3 CO3 Ap 7

3

7

Ap