

Management Information Systems

Management Information Systems (MIS)

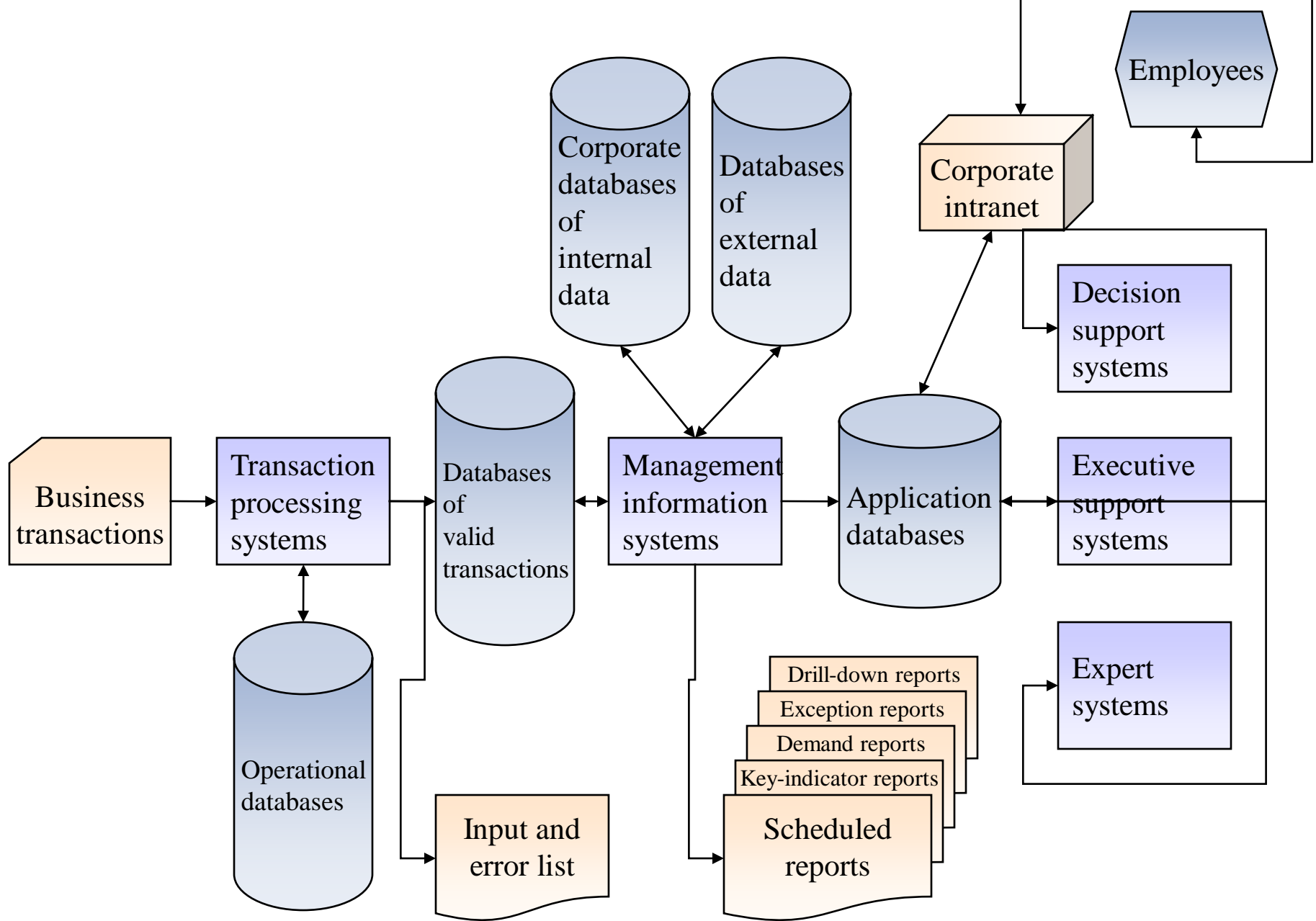
❑ Management information system (MIS)

- An MIS provides managers with information and support for effective decision making, and provides feedback on daily operations
- Output, or reports, are usually generated through accumulation of transaction processing data
- Each MIS is an integrated collection of subsystems, which are typically organized along functional lines within an organization

Sources of Management Information



Schematic



Outputs of a Management Information System

☐ Scheduled reports

- Produced periodically, or on a schedule (daily, weekly, monthly)

☐ Key-indicator report

- Summarizes the previous day's critical activities
- Typically available at the beginning of each day

☐ Demand report

- Gives certain information at a manager's request

☐ Exception report

- Automatically produced when a situation is unusual or requires management action

Scheduled Report Example

Daily Sales Detail Report						
Prepared: 08/10/xx						
Order #	Customer ID	Sales Rep ID	Ship Date	Quantity	Item #	Amount
P12453	C89321	CAR	08/12/96	144	P1234	\$3,214
P12453	C89321	CAR	08/12/96	288	P3214	\$5,660
P12453	C03214	GWA	08/13/96	12	P4902	\$1,224
P12455	C52313	SAK	08/12/96	24	P4012	\$2,448
P12456	C34123	JMW	08J/13/96	144	P3214	\$720

Key Indicator Report Example

Daily Sales Key Indicator Report			
	This Month	Last Month	Last Year
Total Orders Month to Date	\$1,808	\$1,694	\$1,014
Forecasted Sales for the Month	\$2,406	\$2,224	\$2,608

Demand Report Example

Daily Sales by Sales Rep Summary Report	
Prepared: 08/10/xx	
Sales Rep ID	Amount
CAR	\$42,345
GWA	\$38,950
SAK	\$22,100
JWN	\$12,350

Exception Report Example

Daily Sales Exception Report – ORDERS OVER \$10,000						
Prepared: 08/10/xx						
Order #	Customer ID	Sales Rep ID	Ship Date	Quantity	Item #	Amount
P12453	C89321	CAR	08/12/96	144	P1234	\$13,214
P12453	C89321	CAR	08/12/96	288	P3214	\$15,660
P12453	C03214	GWA	08/13/96	12	P4902	\$11,224
...
...

Outputs of a Management Information System

Drill Down Reports

Provide detailed data about a situation.

Earnings by Quarter (Millions)			
	Actual	Forecast	Variance
2 ND Qtr 1999	\$12.6	\$11.8	6.8%
1 st Qtr 1999	\$10.8	\$10.7	0.9%
4 th Qtr 1998	\$14.3	\$14.5	-1.4%
3 rd Qtr 1998	\$12.8	\$13.3	-3.0%

Etc. See Figure 9.2

Characteristics of a Management Information System

- ❑ Provides reports with fixed and standard formats
 - Hard-copy and soft-copy reports
- ❑ Uses internal data stored in the computer system
- ❑ End users can develop custom reports
- ❑ Requires formal requests from users

Management Information Systems for Competitive Advantage

- ❑ Provides support to managers as they work to achieve corporate goals
- ❑ Enables managers to compare results to established company goals and identify problem areas and opportunities for improvement

MIS and Web Technology

- ❑ Data may be made available from management information systems on a company's intranet
- ❑ Employees can use browsers and their PC to gain access to the data

Functional Aspects

- ❑ MIS is an integrated collection of functional information systems, each supporting particular functional areas.



Schematic

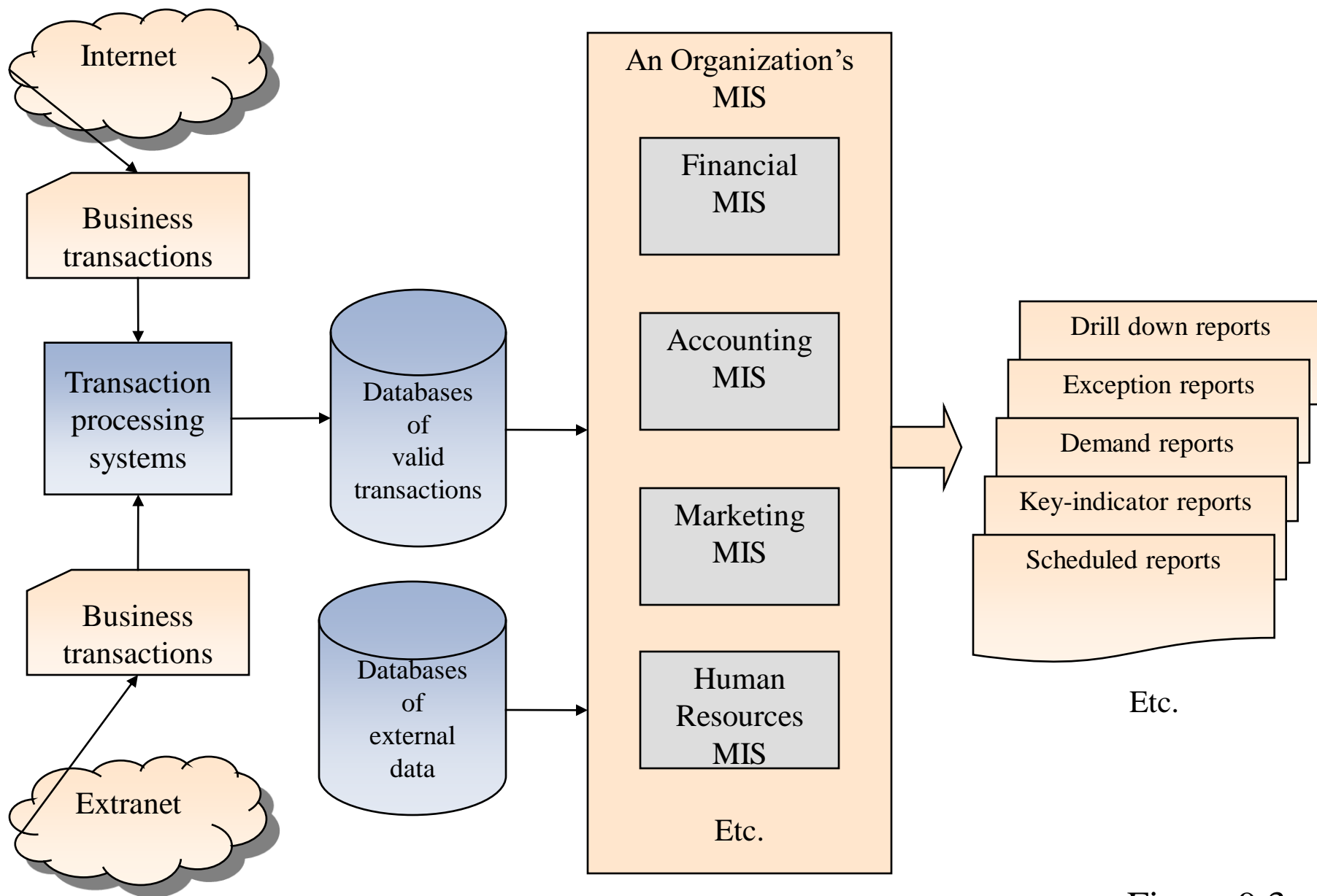


Figure 9.3

Financial MIS

- ❑ Provides financial information to all financial managers within an organization.



Schematic

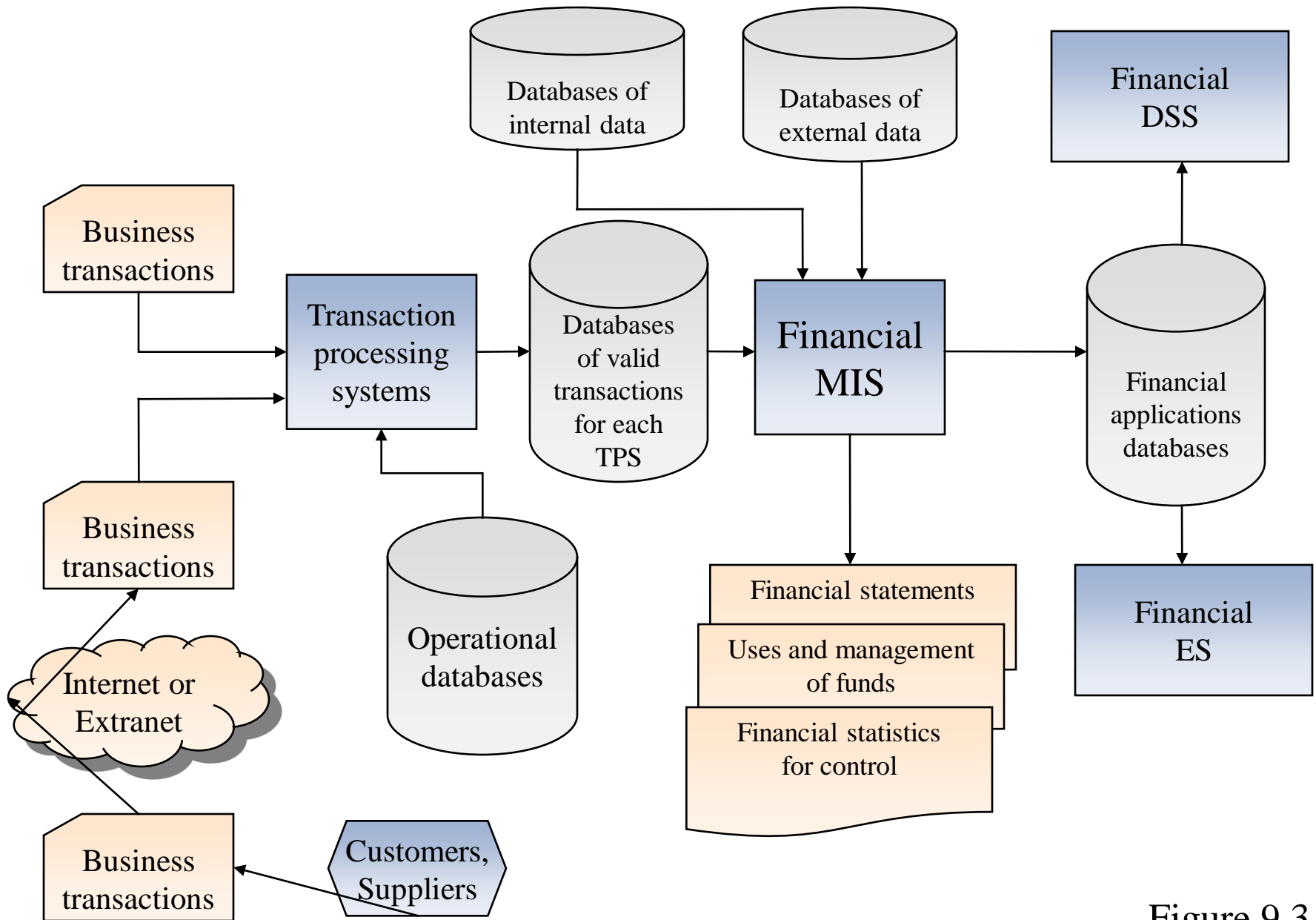


Figure 9.3

Inputs to the Financial Information System

- ❑ Strategic plan or corporate policies
 - Contains major financial objectives and often projects financial needs.
- ❑ Transaction processing system (TPS)
 - Important financial information collected from almost every TPS - payroll, inventory control, order processing, accounts payable, accounts receivable, general ledger.
 - External sources
 - Annual reports and financial statements of competitors and general news items.

Financial MIS Subsystems and Outputs

- ❑ Financial subsystems
 - Profit/loss and cost systems
 - Auditing
 - Internal auditing
 - External auditing
 - Uses and management of funds

Manufacturing MIS



Schematic

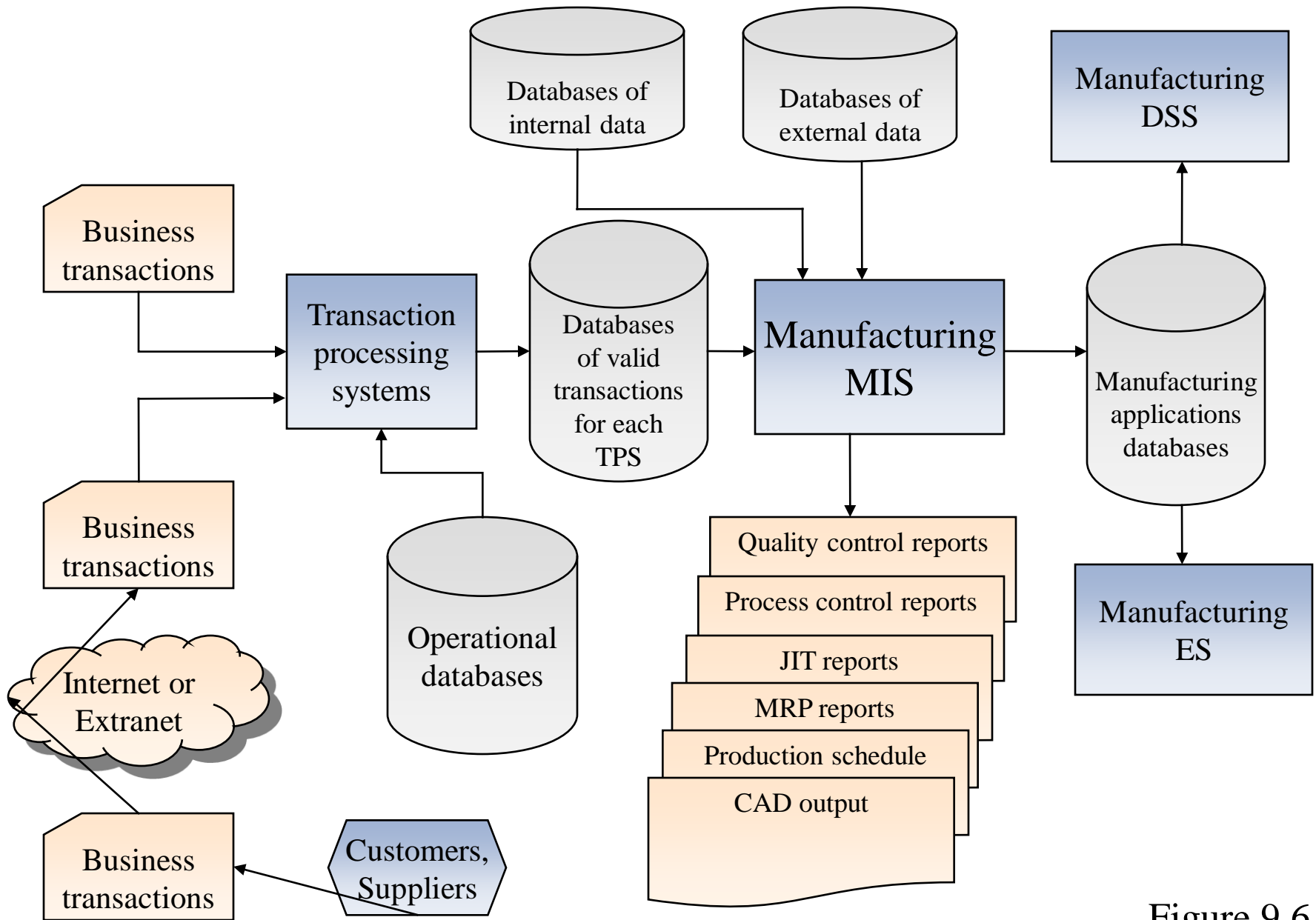


Figure 9.6

Inputs to the Manufacturing MIS

- ❑ Strategic plan or corporate policies.
- ❑ The TPS:
 - Order processing
 - Inventory data
 - Receiving and inspecting data
 - Personnel data
 - Production process
- ❑ External sources

Manufacturing MIS Subsystems and Outputs

- ☐ Design and engineering
- ☐ Master production scheduling
- ☐ Inventory control
- ☐ Manufacturing resource planning
- ☐ Just-in-time inventory and manufacturing
- ☐ Process control
- ☐ Computer-integrated manufacturing (CIM)
- ☐ Quality control and testing

Marketing MIS

- ❑ Supports managerial activities in product development, distribution, pricing decisions, and promotional effectiveness



Schematic

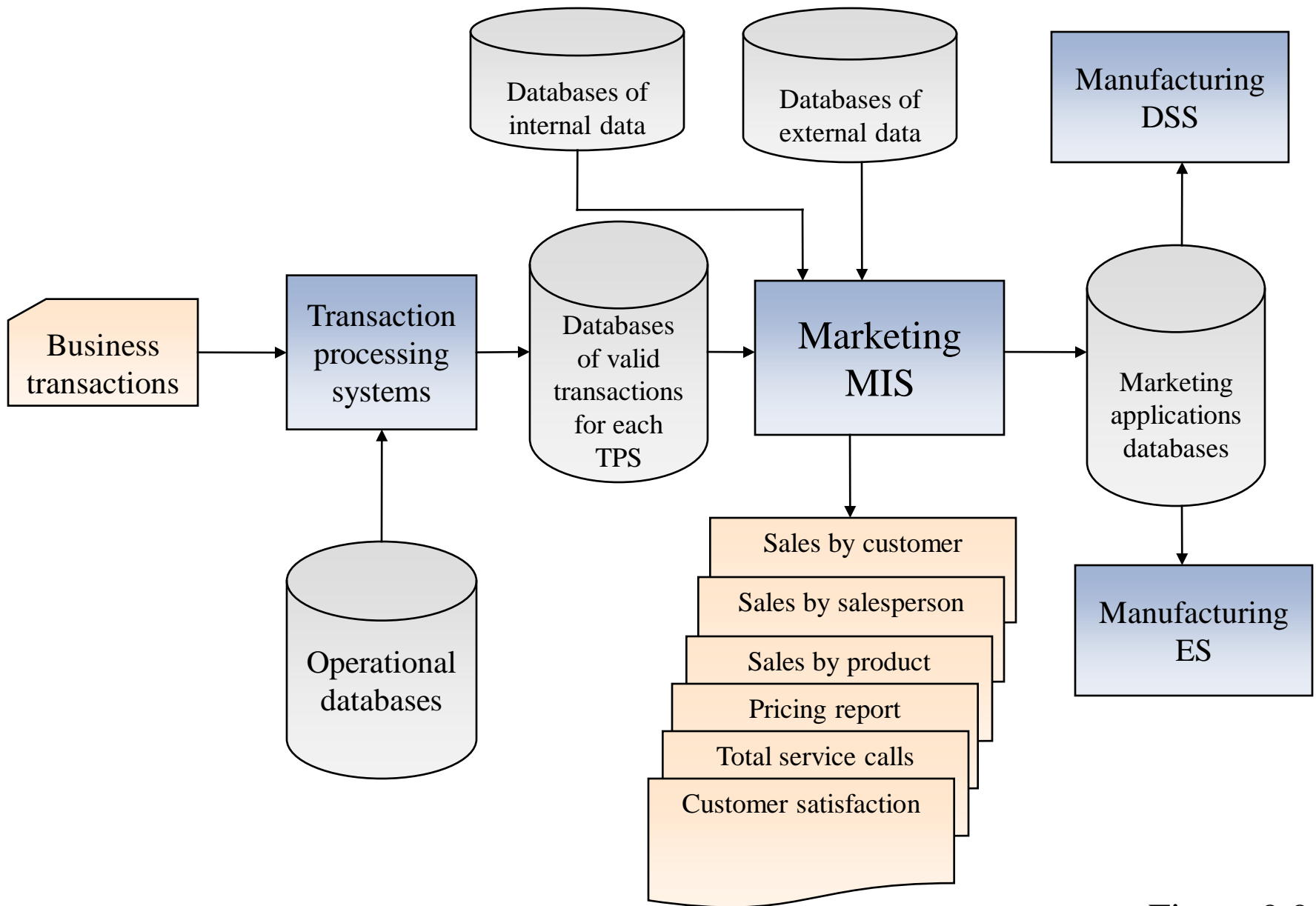


Figure 9.9

Inputs to Marketing MIS

- ❑ Strategic plan and corporate policies
- ❑ The TPS
- ❑ External sources:
 - The competition
 - The market

Marketing MIS Subsystems and Outputs

- ☐ Marketing research
- ☐ Product development
- ☐ Promotion and advertising
- ☐ Product pricing

Human Resource MIS

- ❑ Concerned with all of the activities related to employees and potential employees of the organization

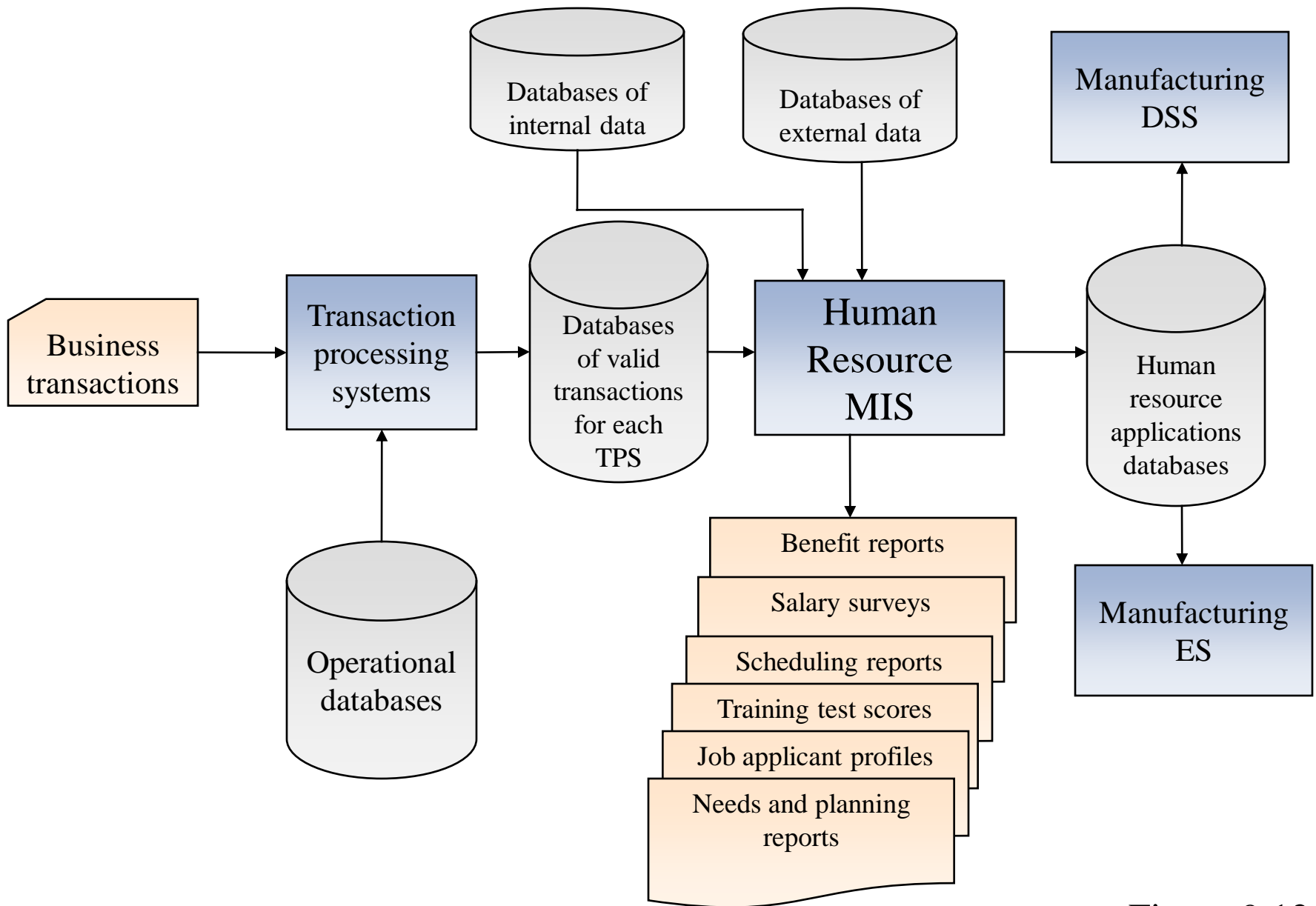


Figure 9.12

Inputs to the Human Resource MIS

- ❑ Strategic plan or corporate policies
- ❑ The TPS:
 - Payroll data
 - Order processing data
 - Personnel data
- ❑ External sources

Human Resource MIS Subsystems and Outputs

- ☐ Human resource planning
- ☐ Personnel selection and recruiting
- ☐ Training and skills inventory
- ☐ Scheduling and job placement
- ☐ Wage and salary administration

Other MISs

❑ Accounting MISs

- Provides aggregated information on accounts payable, accounts receivable, payroll, and other applications.

❑ Geographic information systems (GISs)

- Enables managers to pair pre-drawn maps or map outlines with tabular data to describe aspects of a particular geographic region.

End of Chapter 9

Chapter 10