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CS150 Lab  
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## **Lab 6 Report**

### **INTRODUCTION**

This lab introduces the use of iterative and linked lists. The main goal is to measure the execution time of a linear search using the classical for loop versus using iterative. The lab consists of creating a class called `MyLinkedList` which is a singly linked, non circular list where each node only has one link next and the list has a head and tail link. Another class `MyLinkedListIterator` is also created to implement the iterator interface. A class `MyListIntegerContainer` will inherit from `MyLinkedList` and is used to test the performance of the two different searching techniques.

### **Unit Tests**

The `Node`, `MyLinkedList` and `MyListIntegerContainer` were all unit tested to verify that they behave as they are intended to. Below is a screenshot of the unit test result. It is all working perfectly.

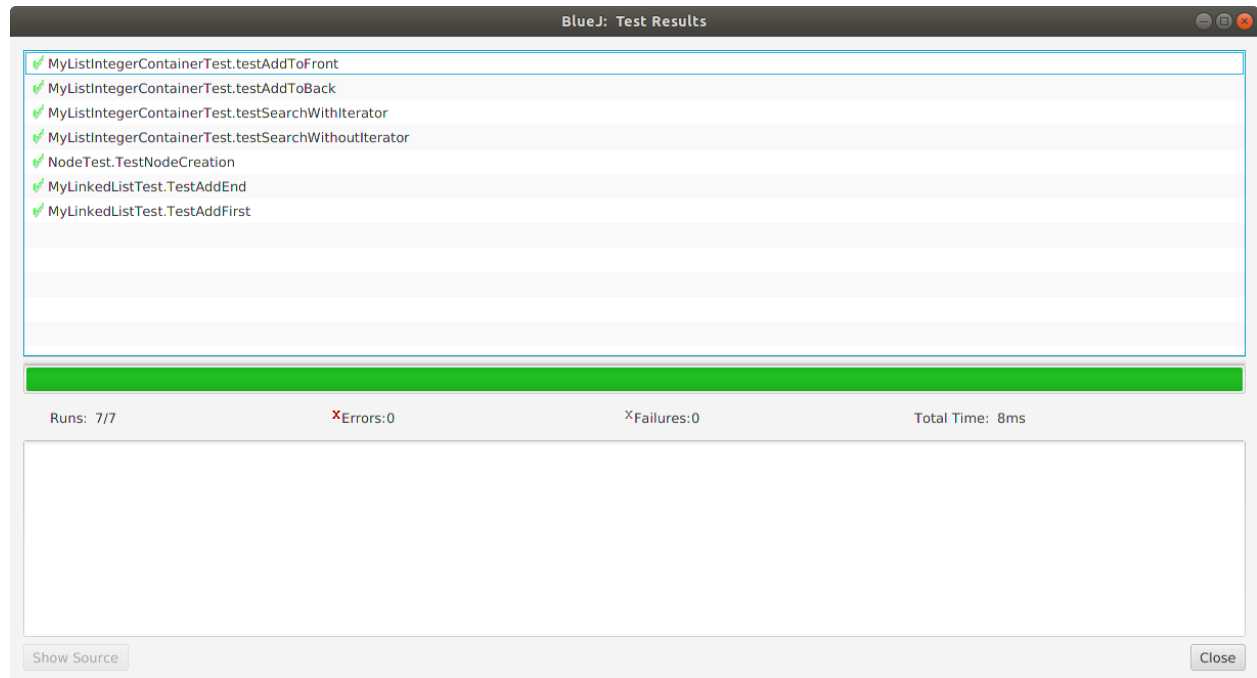


Figure 1: Screenshot Unit Testing Window

## Required Output

Theoretically, the performance of a linear search using the iterative and the regular for loop is the same with a big O of  $O(n)$ . Our expectation is that the two plots are linear and they are not far from each other.

When the experiment was realized, our assumption was correct because the two outputs were indeed linear. The result show that the searching with an iterator takes more time but the gap is not very big.

## Comparison between the execution time of linear search using Iterator vs ordinary for loop

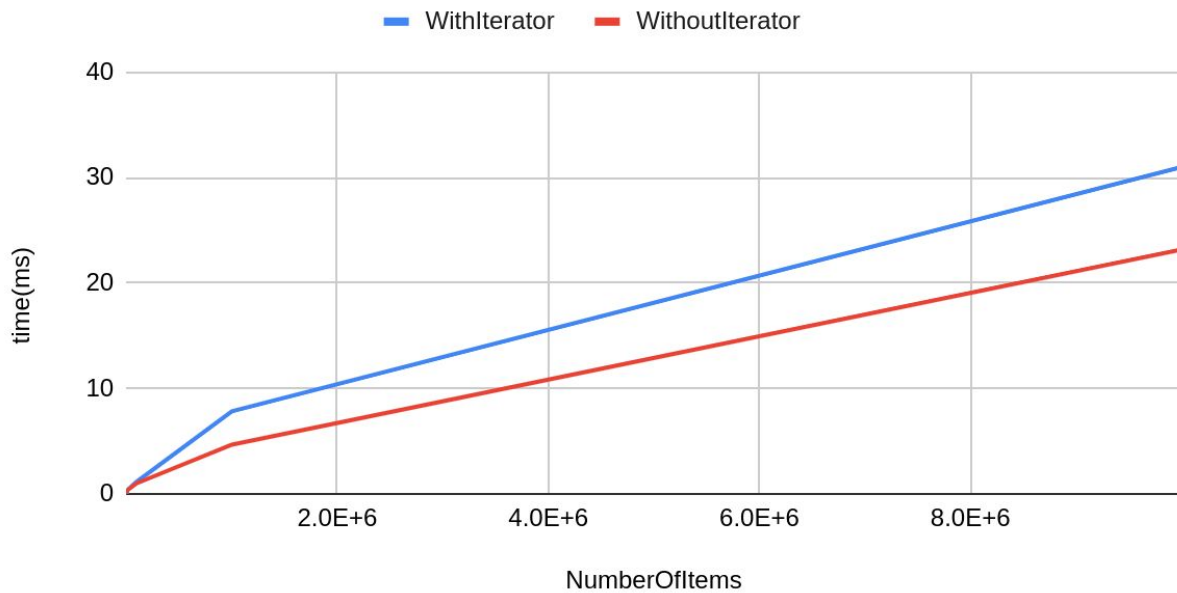


Figure 2: Comparison of the searching using iterator (blue) and using for loop (red)

When performing this measurement, the value of the item that was to be searched was supposed to be in the list. The two methods had to use the same container in order to compare them. In my design I used the last element as the item to search for. Note that the range of the generated number is 0-1000. It is possible that one number appears multiple times. The algorithm will consider the first one of them.

### Trouble Report

N/A

## References

*Michael Kölling (2015). Unit Testing in BlueJ <https://www.bluej.org/tutorial/testing-tutorial.pdf>*

*Oracle. (2014). Interface Iterator.*

*<https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/Iterator.html>*

*Weiss, M. A. (1998). Data structures and problem solving using Java. ACM SIGACT News, 29(2), 42-49.*