## **Problem 1:** Binary Tree to Double Linked List

```
class Node:
  def __init__(self, data):
    self.data = data
    self.left = None
    self.right = None
def binary_tree_to_dll(root):
  if root is None:
    return None
  left_head = binary_tree_to_dll(root.left)
  while left_head is not None and left_head.right is not None:
    left_head = left_head.right
  if left_head is not None:
    left_head.right = root
    root.left = left_head
  right_head = binary_tree_to_dll(root.right)
  if right_head is not None:
    right_head.left = root
    root.right = right_head
  return root if root.left is None else root.left
def print_dll(head):
  while head is not None:
    print(head.data, end=" ")
```

```
head = head.right
  print()
root = Node(4)
root.left = Node(2)
root.right = Node(5)
root.left.left = Node(1)
root.left.right = Node(3)
root.right.right = Node(6)
dll_head = binary_tree_to_dll(root)
print("Doubly Linked List:")
print_dll(dll_head)
                                           input
 Doubly Linked List:
 ...Program finished with exit code 0
 Press ENTER to exit console.
```

**Problem 2:** Find median in a stream of running integer

```
class TreeNode:
  def __init__(self, val):
    self.val = val
    self.left = None
    self.right = None
class MedianFinder:
  def __init__(self):
    self.root = None
    self.count = 0
  def addNum(self, num):
    if self.root is None:
      self.root = TreeNode(num)
    else:
      self._insert(self.root, num)
    self.count += 1
  def _insert(self, node, num):
    if num < node.val:
      if node.left is None:
         node.left = TreeNode(num)
      else:
         self._insert(node.left, num)
    else:
      if node.right is None:
         node.right = TreeNode(num)
      else:
```

```
def findMedian(self):
    if self.count == 0:
      return None
    if self.count % 2 == 1:
      return self._find_kth_smallest(self.root, (self.count + 1) // 2)
    else:
      left = self._find_kth_smallest(self.root, self.count // 2)
      right = self._find_kth_smallest(self.root, self.count // 2 + 1)
      return (left + right) / 2
  def _find_kth_smallest(self, node, k):
    left_count = self._count_nodes(node.left)
    if k == left_count + 1:
      return node.val
    elif k <= left_count:
      return self._find_kth_smallest(node.left, k)
    else:
      return self._find_kth_smallest(node.right, k - left_count - 1)
  def _count_nodes(self, node):
    if node is None:
      return 0
    return 1 + self._count_nodes(node.left) + self._count_nodes(node.right)
mf = MedianFinder()
mf.addNum(5)
mf.addNum(10)
```

self.\_insert(node.right, num)

```
mf.addNum(1)
mf.addNum(7)
mf.addNum(3)
median = mf.findMedian()
print("Median:", median)
```

```
input

Median: 5

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

## **Problem 3:** Find K-th largest element in a stream

import heapq

```
class TreeNode:
  def __init__(self, val):
    self.val = val
    self.left = None
    self.right = None
class KthLargest:
  def __init__(self, k, nums):
    self.k = k
    self.heap = []
    for num in nums:
       self.add(num)
  def add(self, val):
    if len(self.heap) < self.k:</pre>
       heapq.heappush(self.heap, val)
    else:
       heapq.heappushpop(self.heap, val)
  def find_kth_largest(self):
    return self.heap[0]
# Test case
nums = [4, 5, 8, 2]
k = 3
kth_largest = KthLargest(k, nums)
print(kth_largest.find_kth_largest())
```

```
input

input

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

## Problem 4: Distinct numbers in Window

```
class TreeNode:
  def __init__(self, value):
    self.value = value
    self.left = None
    self.right = None
def distinctNumbersInWindow(root, window_size):
  distinct_numbers = set()
  window_numbers = set()
  def traverse(node):
    if not node:
      return
    window_numbers.add(node.value)
    distinct_numbers.add(node.value)
    if len(window_numbers) > window_size:
      window_numbers.remove(node.value)
    traverse(node.left)
    traverse(node.right)
  traverse(root)
  return len(distinct_numbers)
root = TreeNode(1)
root.left = TreeNode(2)
root.right = TreeNode(3)
root.left.left = TreeNode(2)
```

```
root.left.right = TreeNode(4)
root.right.left = TreeNode(3)
root.right.right = TreeNode(5)

window_size = 3
distinct_count = distinctNumbersInWindow(root, window_size)
print("Distinct numbers in the window:", distinct_count)
```

```
input

Distinct numbers in the window: 5

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

```
Problem 5: K-th largest element in an unsorted array.
```

```
def find_kth_largest(nums, k):
    nums.sort(reverse=True)
    return nums[k - 1]

arr = [3, 1, 5, 2, 4]
k_value = 2
kth_largest = find_kth_largest(arr, k_value)
print(f"The {k_value}th largest element is: {kth_largest}")
```

```
input

Distinct numbers in the window: 5

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

```
Problem 6: Flood-fill Algorithm
def flood_fill(image, sr, sc, new_color):
  if image[sr][sc] == new_color:
    return image
  rows, cols = len(image), len(image[0])
  original_color = image[sr][sc]
  def dfs(row, col):
    if (
      row < 0
      or row >= rows
      or col < 0
      or col >= cols
      or image[row][col] != original_color
    ):
      return
    image[row][col] = new_color
    dfs(row + 1, col)
    dfs(row - 1, col)
    dfs(row, col + 1)
    dfs(row, col - 1)
```

```
return image
image = [
  [1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
  [1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
  [1, 1, 0, 0, 1],
  [1, 0, 1, 0, 1],
  [1, 0, 0, 1, 1],
]
sr = 2
sc = 2
new_color = 2
filled_image = flood_fill(image, sr, sc, new_color)
for row in filled_image:
  print(row)
```

dfs(sr, sc)

```
input

[1, 1, 1, 1, 1]

[1, 1, 1, 1, 1]

[1, 1, 2, 2, 1]

[1, 0, 1, 2, 1]

[1, 0, 0, 1, 1]

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```