# Al Suggestion for Task A

The AI suggestion below was obtained by asking a large language model (LLM¹) how to address Task A:

To address Task A, here's a step-by-step approach:

## 1. Explore the data:

- Look for correlations between variables that might indicate why customers become inactive.
- Calculate means, medians, and standard deviations for numeric variables to understand their distribution.

# 2. Identify key differences between inactive and active customers:

- Compare the mean age of inactive and active customers to see if there's a significant difference.
- Examine the credit rating distribution of inactive and active customers to identify any patterns or correlations.
- Analyze the number of banking products held by inactive and active customers to see if there's a correlation between product holdings and customer activity.

#### 3. Visualize the data:

 Create histograms, bar charts, or scatter plots to visualize the age distribution, credit rating distribution, and number of banking products held by inactive and active customers.

### 4. Draw conclusions and identify potential actions:

- Based on the insights gained from exploring the data, identifying key differences, and visualizing the data, draw conclusions about why some customers become inactive.
- Identify potential actions that the bank can take to prevent or reduce customer inactivity.

Some specific questions you might want to ask yourself while addressing Task A include:

- Are there any demographic or credit-related factors that are associated with customer inactivity?
- Do customers who hold more banking products tend to be more active than those who hold fewer products?
- Is there a correlation between account balances and customer activity?

By following this approach, you should be able to identify key differences between inactive and active customers and provide actionable insights for the bank.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Large language model used: Llama 3.1 (7b) released by *Meta*.