## MCQ

1) What will be the output of the following code snippet? def func(a, b): return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a) print(func(30, 75)) a) 10 b) 20 c) 15 d) 0 **Ans:** c) 15 **2)** numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22) sorted\_numbers = sorted(numbers) even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0 even\_numbers = filter(even, sorted\_numbers) print(type(even\_numbers)) a) Int b) Filter c) List d) Tuple <u> Ans :-</u> b) Filter

3) As what datatype are the \*args stored, when passed intoa) Tuple

- b) Listc) Dictionaryd) none
- Ans:- a) Tuple
- 4) set1 = {14, 3, 55} set2 = {82, 49, 62} set3={99,22,17} print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))
  - a) 105
  - b) 270
  - c) 0
  - d) Error

Ans:- d) Error

- 5) What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?
  - a) raise
  - b) try
  - c) goto
  - d) except

Ans:- a) raise

6) Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in
Python?
a) timedate
b) date
c) datetime
d) time
Ans:- c) datetime
7) What will be the output of the following code snippet?
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
a) 248
b) 169
c) 208
d) 233
Ans:- c) 208
8) Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?
a) strptime
b) strftime
c) both a) and b)
d) None
Ans:- a) strptime
<b>9)</b> The python tuple is in nature.
a) mutable

b) immutable
c) unchangeable
d) none
Ans:- b) immutable
<b>10)</b> The is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers which we can iterate using a for loop.
a) range()
b) set()
c) dictionary{}
d) None of the mentioned above
Ans:- a) range()  11) Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?
a) Del function
b) Show function
c) Lambda function
d) None of the mentioned above
Ans :- d ) None of the mentioned above
12) The module Pickle is used to
a) Serializing Python object structure
b) De-serializing Python object structure
c) Both A and B
d) None of the mentioned above

<u> Ans :-</u> c) Both A and B 13) Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file? a) set() method b) dump() method c) load() method d) None of the mentioned above <u> Ans :-</u> b) dump() method 14) Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file? a) load() b) set() method c) dump() method d) None of the mentioned above Ans :a) load() **15)** A text file contains only textual information consisting of \_\_\_\_. a) Alphabets

b) Numbers

c) Special symbols

d) All of the mentioned above

<b>16)</b> Which Python code could replace the ellipsis () below to get the following output? (Select all that apply.)
captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant": "Sisko",}
Enterprise Picard,
Voyager Janeway
Defiant Sisko
a) for ship, captain in captains.items():
print(ship, captain)
b) for ship in captains:
print(ship, captains[ship])
c) for ship in captains:
print(ship, captains)
d) both a and b
Ans :- D) both a and b
17) Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named captains?
a) captains = {dict}
b) type(captains)
c) captains.dict()
d) captains = {}

```
Ans :- d) captains = {}
```

Now you have your empty dictionary named captains. It's time to add some data!

Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", and "Defiant": "Sisko".

Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing captains dictionary?

a) captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"}

captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"}

captains["Defiant" = "Sisko"}

b) captains["Voyager"] = "Picard"

captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"

captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"

c) captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant": "Sisko", }

d) None of the above

<u>Ans :-</u> c) captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant": "Sisko", }

**19)** You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have:

```
captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant": "Sisko", "Discovery"
"unknown", }
```

Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

```
a) for item in captains.items():
        print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")
    b) for ship, captain in captains.items():
         print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
    c) for captain, ship in captains.items():
         print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
    d) All are correct
          b) for ship, captain in captains.items():
Ans :-
         print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
20) You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it
with a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:
    captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant": "Sisko", "Discovery":
"unknown" }
    What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?
    a) del captains
    b) captains.remove()
    c) del captains["Discovery"]
    d) captains["Discovery"].pop()
          c) del captains["Discovery"]
<u> Ans :-</u>
```