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# CS251 - Computing Laboratory

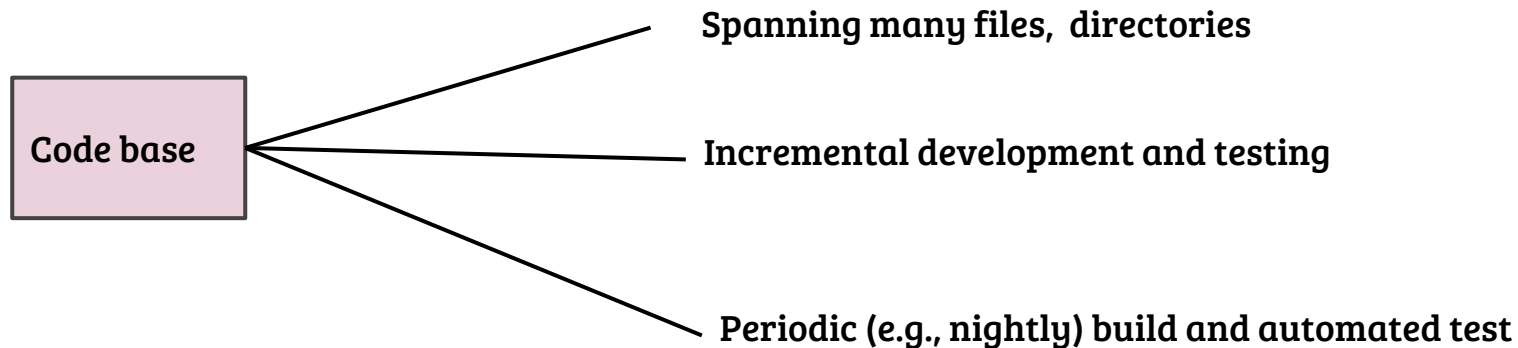
— GNU Make and GNU Plot —

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# GNU Make

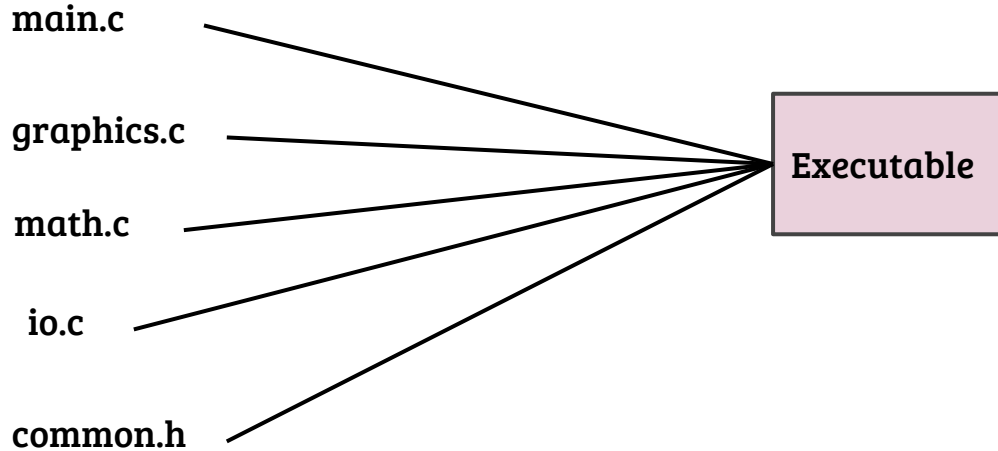
# Build environments



## → Challenges

- ◆ Resource efficient build process → automated, incremental
- ◆ Chance of build failure is high → fix and build

# Motivating make



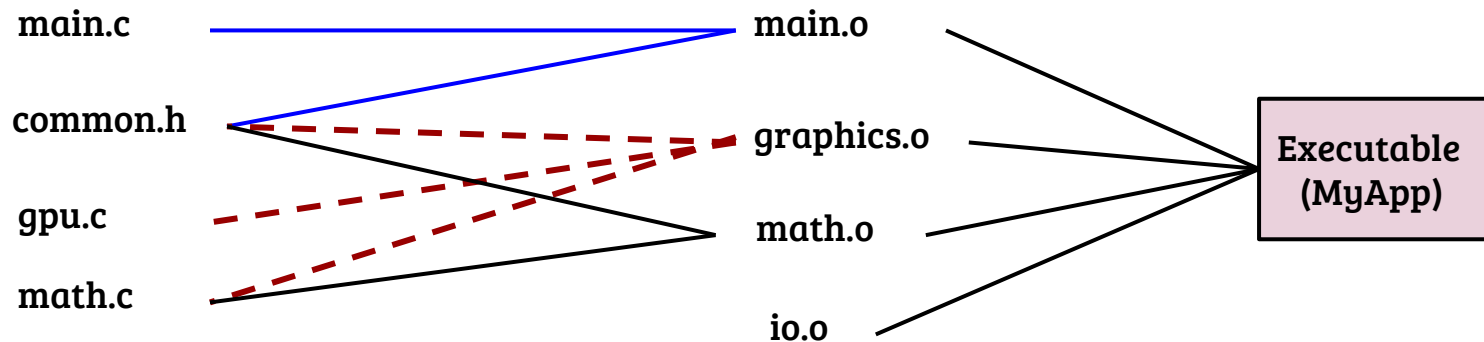
- Compilation using GCC, How?
  - ◆ What goes on in the background?
- What if you change only **main.c** file?

# What is make?

- A set of rules to build a program
  - ◆ Expressed in a file, typically named **Makefile**
  - ◆ Contains dependencies
  - ◆ Can build more than one **target**
- Basic elements
  - ◆ **Target**
  - ◆ Dependencies
  - ◆ Commands

```
MyApp : core.c gui.c common.h
└── gcc core.c gui.c -o MyApp
{TAB}
```

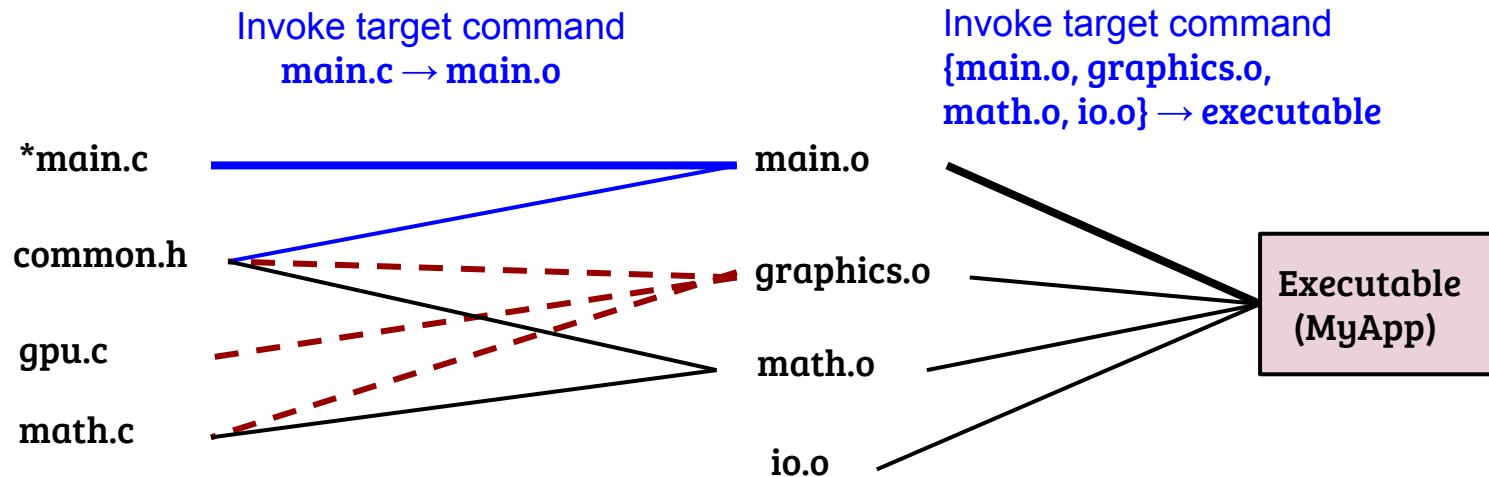
# Build dependency tree



```
main.o: main.c common.h
        gcc -c main.c -o main.o
gpu.o: gpu.c math.c
        gcc -c gpu.c -o gpu.o
.....
MyApp: main.o graphics.o math.o io.o
        gcc main.o graphics.o math.o io.c -o MyApp
```

- What if there are circular dependencies?
- How helpful in (re)building only the necessary?

# Targeted rebuilding



```
main.o: main.c common.h  
      gcc -c main.c -o main.o
```

```
gpu.o: gpu.c math.c  
      gcc -c gpu.c -o gpu.o
```

.....

```
MyApp: main.o graphics.o math.o io.o  
      gcc main.o graphics.o math.o io.c -o MyApp
```

# Makefile examples

## → **Makefile (basic)**

- ◆ All rules explicitly written
- ◆ No variables, wildcards, functions etc.

## → **Makefile.vars**

- ◆ Variables
- ◆ Rules using variables

## → **Makefile.abbrs, Makefile.more**

- ◆ `$@`, `$<`, `$^`, `%`

## → **Makefile.multi**

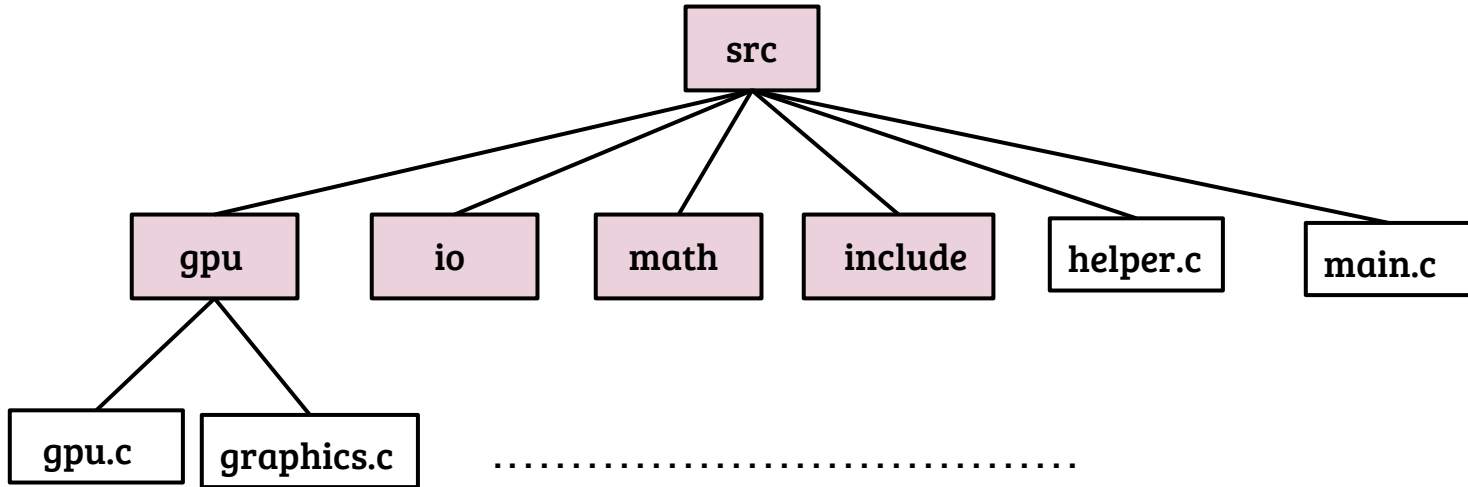
- ◆ Multiple targets
- ◆ Phony targets

## → **Makefile.wc**

- ◆ Functions: `patsubst`, `wildcard` ...



# Multi-directory build



→ Many strategies possible

- ◆ A single makefile at root-level with explicit rules
- ◆ Example: Makefile in each sub-folder invoked from root-level makefile (commonly used)
- ◆ **Makefile** for multi-directory

# GNU Plotting utilities (gnuplot)

# Gnuplot building blocks

## → Terminal

- ◆ Specify output format, size, color, font etc.
- ◆ Examples: jpg, eps, png ...

## → Plotting styles

- ◆ Scatter, line, bar, box ...

## → Commands

- ◆ Set axes (labels, values, ranges ...)
- ◆ key (legend) placement, spacing
- ◆ Data source and plot
- ◆ ....

## → Examples

- ◆ Scatter, CDF, lines, barchart, error bars