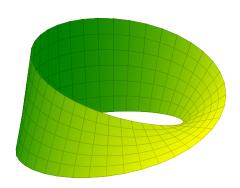
Quick Reference

PGFPLOTS

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\begin{axis}[
 hide axis,
  view = \{40\}\{40\},
\addplot3[
  surf,
  colormap/greenyellow,
  shader = faceted interp,
  z buffer = sort,
point meta = x,
  domain = 0:360,
  domain y = -0.5:0.5,
 samples = 40,
  samples y = 7,
\{(1 + 0.5 * y * \cos(x / 2))) * \cos(x)\},\
\{(1 + 0.5 * y * \cos(x / 2))) * \sin(x)\},\
\{0.5 * y * \sin(x/2)\});
\end{axis}
\end{tikzpicture}
```



Ralph Schleicher

Contents

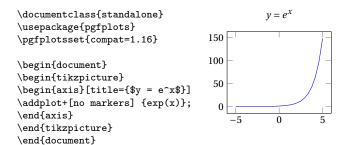
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Nomenclature

\foo	T _E X control sequence.
foo _{env}	LAT _E X environment foo.
foo_{sty}	PGFPLOTS style with key foo.
foo	Terminal symbol, literal text.
$\langle foo \rangle$	Non-terminal symbol, metasyntactic variable.
$\langle foo \rangle \rightarrow \langle bar \rangle$	Production rule; $\langle foo \rangle$ can be replaced by $\langle bar \rangle$,
	$\langle foo \rangle$ and $\langle bar \rangle$ are implicit groups.
⟨foo⟩ ⟨bar⟩	Sequence; $\langle foo \rangle$ followed by $\langle bar \rangle$.
$\langle foo \rangle \langle bar \rangle$	Choice; $\langle foo \rangle$ or $\langle bar \rangle$.
$\langle foo \rangle^*$	⟨foo⟩ can occur zero or more times.
$\langle foo \rangle^+$	$\langle foo \rangle$ can occur one or more times.
$\langle foo \rangle^?$	$\langle foo \rangle$ is optional.
()	Explicit group.
$\triangleright \langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle$	User option, $\langle key \rangle$ and $\langle value \rangle$ are implicit
	groups.
> ⟨key⟩	User option without a value.
<u>42</u>	Default value is 42.
↵	Line continuation mark.
$\langle empty \rangle$	Nothing.
⟨newline⟩	Newline character, ^^M in TEX.
⟨dimension⟩	A legitimate T _E X dimension.
⟨number⟩	$(-\infty,\infty)\cap\mathbb{R}$.
⟨positive number⟩	$(0,\infty)\cap\mathbb{R}.$
(non-negative number)	$[0,\infty)\cap\mathbb{R}.$
(integer)	$(-\infty,\infty)\cap\mathbb{Z}$.
⟨positive integer⟩	$(0,\infty)\cap \mathbb{Z}.$
⟨non-negative integer⟩	$[0,\infty)\cap\mathbb{Z}.$

1 General

1.1 Document Structure



1.2 PGFPLOTS Options

```
\label{eq:losset} $$ \left( \langle key/value \ list \rangle \right) $$ \left( \langle key/value \ list \rangle \rightarrow \left( \langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle \right)^* $$
```

Options are supplied as a \(\lambda key/value list\rangle\). The \(/\phigfplots/\) and \(/\tikz/\) prefixes in \(\lambda key\rangle\) can be omitted in the scope of PGFPLOTS commands. Please note that a trailing comma in \(\lambda key/value list\rangle\) does no harm.

1.3 Key Handlers

```
\pgfplotsset{\key\/.style = {\key\value list\}}
Define or replace style \key\.

\pgfplotsset{\key\/.append style = {\key\value list\}}
Append to style \key\.

\pgfplotsset{\key\/.code = {\TeX code\}}
Define or replace \key\/.tat - when run - takes one argument; \TeX code\)
can refer to the supplied argument as #1. Invoke as \hat{\pgfplotsset{\key\}.code 2 args = {\TeX code\}}
Like \key\/.code but with two arguments; \TeX code\) can refer to the supplied arguments as #1 and #2. Invoke as \hat{\pgfplotsset{\key\}.code} can refer to the supplied arguments as #1 and #2. Invoke as \hat{\pgfplotsset{\key\}.code} \cap {\first argument\} \{\key cond argument\}}'.

\pgfplotsset{\key\/.cd}
Make \key\/.cd}
Make \key\/.texleft to default prefix.
```

1.4 Mathematical Expressions

See the ${
m Ti}{\it k}{
m Z/PGF}$ manual for a detailed description.

Use parenthesis, (and), for grouping. Arguments and values of trigonometric functions are in degree angle.

Arithmetic Operators: +, - (also unary minus), *, /, ^ (exponentiation),

! (factorial, postfix operator), r (radian, postfix operator, see deg).

Relational Operators: ==, !=, <, <=, >, >=

Logical Operators: ! (not, prefix operator), | | (or), && (and).

 $Conditionals: \langle condition \rangle ? \langle true \rangle : \langle false \rangle.$

Constants: pi, e, false, true.

Unary Functions: abs, sign, int, frac (fractional part), round, floor, ceil, factorial (see!), iseven, isodd, isprime, sqrt, exp, ln, log10, log2, sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, cosec, asin, acos, atan, deg (degree from radian), rad (radian from degree), sinh, cosh, tanh.

Binary Functions: div (integer division), mod, Mod (unsigned result), gcd, pow (see $\hat{}$), atan2, veclen (vector length in \mathbb{R}^2).

n-ary Functions: min, max.

 $Pseudo-Random\ Number\ Functions\ (Uniform\ Distribution)\colon \mathtt{rnd}\ ([0,1]\cap\mathbb{R}),\\ \mathtt{rand}\ ([-1,1]\cap\mathbb{R}),\mathtt{random}(n)\ ([1,n]\cap\mathbb{N}),\mathtt{random}(m,n)\ ([m,n]\cap\mathbb{Z}).$

2 Axis Environments

```
\begin{axis} [\langle axis \ options \rangle]^?
\(\lambda axis \ options \rangle \rightarrow \lambda key/value \ list \rangle
```

 $\mathtt{axis}_{\mathtt{env}}$ can also be $\mathtt{semilogxaxis}_{\mathtt{env}}$, $\mathtt{semilogyaxis}_{\mathtt{env}}$, or loglogaxisenv.

 \triangleright every $\langle type \rangle^?$ axis $\langle type \rangle \rightarrow (linear | semilogx | semilogy | loglog)$

Define default axis options.

▷ xmode|ymode|zmode = normal|linear|log option Customize axis scaling; linear is a synonym for normal.

 \triangleright log basis $(x|y|z) = \langle empty \rangle | \langle positive\ number \rangle$

option

style

The basis for logarithmic axis scaling. Empty means to apply the natural logarithm (base e) to any input coordinate – if the axis scaling is logarithmic – and use the decadic/common logarithm (base 10) for displaying tick labels. Any non-empty value causes both, coordinates and tick labels, to use the logarithm with base $\langle number \rangle$.

3 Plots

\addplot [\langle plot options \rangle] \langle \text{(input data) \langle trailing TikZ path commands \rangle; \addplot (without options) and \addplot+[\langle plot options \rangle] utilize default options from the cycle list. \addplot [\langle plot options \rangle] only use the manually provided options.

 \triangleright every axis plot (no n)?

style

Define $\langle plot\ options \rangle$ for all plots or for the n^{th} plot of every axis. Plot numbers are zero-based.

3.1 Input Data

 \triangleright empty line = $\underline{auto} | none | scanline | jump$

How to handle empty lines in (coordinates list), none means to do nothing, jump means to insert a discontinuity.

3.1.1 Coordinates List

```
⟨input data⟩ → coordinates {⟨coordinates list⟩}
\langle coordinates \, list \rangle \rightarrow \langle coordinates \rangle^*
\langle coordinates \rangle \rightarrow (x, y, z) (+-(u, v, w))^{?} ([\langle meta data \rangle])^{?}
```

Read input data from a sequence of coordinates. x, y, and z are the point coordinates. u, v, and w are the error coordinates (reliability bounds) for error bar plots. Coordinate z and w are only mandatory for 3D plots. Empty lines in the \(\lambda coordinates \list\) indicate discontinuities; use \\ when gathering coordinates in a TEX macro.

⊳ plot coordinates/math parser = true|false

option

Whether or not to enable mathematical expressions in every coordinate inside of a (coordinates list).

3.1.2 Table Data

```
\langle input \, data \rangle \rightarrow table \, [\langle table \, options \rangle]^{?} \, \{\langle table \, data \rangle\}
\langle table\ data \rangle \rightarrow \langle file\ name \rangle \mid \langle inline\ table \rangle
```

Read input data from table columns.

```
\triangleright table/\langle coordinate \rangle = \langle column \ name \rangle
                                                                                                  option
▶ table/⟨coordinate⟩ index = ⟨column index⟩
                                                                                                  option
▶ table/⟨coordinate⟩ expr = ⟨expression⟩
                                                                                                  option
\langle coordinate \rangle \rightarrow x | y | z | (x | y | z) \text{ error } (plus | minus)^{?} | meta
```

Column names are case sensitive and have to exist. Use {(column name)} to quote non-trivial column names. The first column has index zero. Within (expression) \thisrow{(column name)} and $\verb|\thisrowno|| column index|| yields the cell value of the specified column.$ Likewise, \coordindex yields the index of the current set of coordinates and \lineno yields the total line number. Both numbers start counting at zero.

```
\triangleright table/header = \underline{\text{true}}|\text{false}|
```

option

Whether or not to check (table data) for column names. If enabled, the first non-comment line is checked for column names. That means if any element is not a number, all entries are treated as column names.

 \triangleright table/skip first n = $0 \mid \langle non\text{-}negative integer \rangle$ Don't process the first n lines in $\langle table\ data \rangle$.

option

```
▶ table/ignore chars = {}|⟨comma-separated list⟩
                                                                                    option
▶ table/white space chars = {}|⟨comma-separated list⟩
                                                                                    option
\triangleright table/comment chars = \{\} | \langle \overline{comma} \cdot separated | list \rangle
                                                                                    option
```

Extra characters to be ignored, treated like a whitespace character (beside space and tab), or treated like a comment start character (beside # and %).

```
▷ table/row sep = ⟨newline⟩|\\
                                                                  option
```

Use \\ as the row seperator if you experience problems with \(\(newline\)\), for example with inline table data or when gathering table data in a TeX macro.

```
> table/col sep = space|tab|comma|semicolon|colon →
                                                              option
        |braces|&|ampersand
```

A space column separator means one or more space or tab characters. With braces, every table cell looks like {(contents)} and whitespace characters between adjacent table cells is ignored. A & column separator implies 'table/trim cells = true'.

```
    ▶ table/read completely = <u>auto</u>|true|false
                                                                             option
```

Whether or not to read the whole table into memory. Use with care!

```
▶ table/search path = {}|⟨comma-separated list⟩
                                                                  option

> table/search path/implicit . = true | false
                                                                  option
```

Search path for input files, . means to use the standard TEX procedure.

```
\verb|\pgfplotstableread{| \langle file \, name \rangle \} \\ | foo
\addplot table [\langle table options \rangle] {\foo};
```

Read table data once so that you can use it multiple times; \foo is a user-defined command sequence.

3.1.3 Mathematical Expressions

```
(input data) → expression? {(expression)}
\langle input \, data \rangle \rightarrow (\langle x\text{-expression} \rangle, \langle y\text{-expression} \rangle, \langle z\text{-expression} \rangle)
```

Create input data by sampling a mathematical expression over an argument domain. The second form can be used to create parametric plots. Say $\{\langle x\text{-}expression \rangle\}\$ if $\langle x\text{-}expression \rangle$ contains parenthesis or commas. The (z-expression) is only mandatory for 3D plots.

```
\triangleright domain = -5:5 |\langle x_1 \rangle: \langle x_2 \rangle
                                                                                                                                                                         option
\triangleright domain y = \langle empty \rangle | \langle y_1 \rangle : \langle y_2 \rangle
                                                                                                                                                                          option
```

Define the argument domain for the x-axis to the closed interval $[x_1, x_2]$. Likewise for the y-axis for 3D plots. If domain y is empty, use the value of domain.

```
\triangleright samples = 25 | \langle non\text{-}negative integer \rangle
                                                                                                                              option
\triangleright samples y = \langle empty \rangle | \langle non-negative\ integer \rangle
                                                                                                                              option
```

The number of samples to be generated. Samples are equally spaced over the corresponding argument domain. If 'samples y' is empty, use the value of samples.

```
▷ samples at = {}|⟨comma-separated list of numbers⟩
                                                                    option
```

Explicit argument values for sampling (expression). This option always overrides the domain and samples options.

 $\langle comma\text{-}separated\ list\ of\ numbers \rangle\ can\ contain\ \dots\ expressions,\ for\ example$ '{-2, -1.8, ..., 2}'.

```
\triangleright variable = \underline{\mathbf{x}} \mid \langle variable \ name \rangle
                                                                                                                                             option
\triangleright variable y = y|\langle variable\ name \rangle
                                                                                                                                             option
```

The variable name containing the argument value when evaluating $\langle expression \rangle$.

3.2 Line Plots



smooth

const plot



Connect points by straight lines. This is the default.

option

option

```
\triangleright /tikz/tension = 0.55|\langle number \rangle
                                                                            option
```

Connect points by a smooth curve. For best results, points should be equidistant and the bending angles should be less than about 30°. The tension option controls the sharpness of the corners; 0 yields sharp corners and 1 yields a circle if the path is a square.

 \triangleright /tikz/const plot mark (<u>left</u>|mid|right)

option option

Connect points with horizontal and vertical line segments. 'const plot' is an alias for 'const plot mark left'. Markers are placed on the left corner, in the middle, or on the right corner of the horizontal line segments. Use 'const plot, no markers' to omit the markers.

▷ /tikz/jump mark (left|mid|right)

option

Like 'const plot' but omit the vertical line segments.

3.3 Bar Plots









/tikz/ybar option option

Render coordinates as horizontal or vertical bars respectively.

/pgf/bar width = 10pt|\langle dimension\rangle | \langle number \rangle

Width of a single bar. (dimension) is a TFX dimension and (number) is in axis units. Value can be a mathematical expression. The fully computed value is then available in \pgfplotbarwidth .

 $/pgf/bar shift = Opt|\langle dimension \rangle|\langle number \rangle$

option

Off-center distance for the bars. (dimension) is a TFX dimension and (number) is in axis units. Value can be a mathematical expression. The fully computed value is then available in \pgfplotbarshift.

```
⊳ xbar
▷ xbar( = 2pt|⟨dimension⟩|⟨number⟩)?
⊳ ybar
```

style option style

 \triangleright ybar(= 2pt|\langle dimension\rangle |\langle number\rangle)^?

option

Predefined axis style for bar plots; implies /tikz/xbar or /tikz/ybar respectively, bar shift $auto_{sty}$, and $bar\ cycle\ list_{sty}$. The default handler takes one optional argument which is passed on to bar shift autosty.

▷ bar shift auto

style

ightharpoonup bar shift auto = 2pt| $\langle dimension \rangle$ | $\langle number \rangle$

option

Predefined axis style setting /pgf/bar shift to the correct value based on the current plot number and the total number of plots. Argument is the distance between adjacent bars of a group.

When n bar plots are added to an axis, the total width for a group of bars is $n \times \langle bar \ width \rangle + (n-1) \times \langle bar \ shift \ auto \rangle$.

▷ bar cycle list

style

Predefined axis style installing a cycle list for bar plots.

 \triangleright bar direction = $\underline{auto} |x|y$

option

Explicitly set the bar plot direction. Not needed if you say, for example 'ybar, bar width = 1', because the direction is clear from the context.

option option

Like /tikz/xbar or /tikz/ybar respectively, but draw the bar width as an interval from this point to the next point. You need one extra point to define the interval for the last bar.

xbar interval(= $1 | \langle relative\ width \rangle)^?$

style option

⊳ ybar interval

style option

ybar interval(= 1|⟨relative width⟩)[?]

Predefined axis style for interval bar plots; implies /tikz/xbar interval or $/ {
m tikz/ybar}$ interval respectively and bar cycle ${
m list_{sty}}.$ The default handler takes one optional argument to scale the intervals.

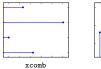
▷ xticklabel interval boundaries

style

ightharpoonup yticklabel interval boundaries ▷ zticklabel interval boundaries style style

Axis style to display the interval bounds in the tick labels.

3.4 Comb Plots





option

option

Render coordinates as horizontal or vertical lines respectively.

3.5 Quiver Plots

▷ quiver = {⟨quiver options⟩}

option

Render coordinates as small arrows. The origin of the arrow is at the final point coordinates (x, y, z) and the direction and length of the arrow is defined by the direction coordinates (u, v, w).

The quiver/ prefix can be omitted within \(\lambda quiver options\rangle.\)

```
\triangleright quiver/(u|v|w) = \underline{0}|\langle expression\rangle
```

option

The direction coordinates of the arrows. Within (expression), x, y, and z are bound to the final point coordinates.

For parametric plots use 'variable = t' and 'quiver/u = f(t)' and 'quiver/v = g(t)' to access the parameter.

```
\addplot[
  variable = t,
quiver = {u = {-sin(t)}, v = {cos(t)}},
({cos(t)}, {sin(t)});
```

 \triangleright quiver/(u|v|w) value = $\underline{0}$ | $\langle number \rangle$

option

Like quiver/u, quiver/v, and quiver/w respectively but without parsing mathematical expressions. However, \thisrow{\column name}} and similar code works.

```
▶ quiver/colored
```

option

ightharpoonup quiver/colored = mapped color| $\langle color \rangle$

option

Set a different color for each arrow. quiver/colored is an alias for 'quiver/colored = mapped color'. Please note that ' $\langle color \rangle$, quiver = ...' is more efficient if $\langle color \rangle$ is constant.

▷ quiver/scale arrows = 1|⟨number⟩

option

Scale all arrows by a constant factor. ▷ quiver/update limits = true|false

Whether or not the coordinates of the arrow heads shall be considered when determining the axis limits.

⊳ quiver/every arrow

style

Style to customize arrows individually at visualization time.

puiver/before arrow

code

⊳ quiver/after arrow

code

Run (TEX code) before and after drawing a single arrow. Empty by default.

⊳ quiver/quiver legend

style

Style that redefines legend image code in order to produce a suitable legend for quiver plots.

4 Lines and Markers

4.1 Line Width

	sty
<pre>▷ /tikz/very thin</pre>	sty
<pre>▷ /tikz/thin</pre>	sty
	sty
<pre>▷ /tikz/thick</pre>	sty
	sty
	sty
Predefined line widths.	

▷ /tikz/line width = 0.4pt|⟨dimension⟩ Set the line width.

option

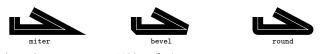
4.2 Line Cap

▷ /tikz/line cap = butt|rect|round option Set the line cap style. round

rect

4.3 Line Join

▷ /tikz/line join = miter|bevel|round option Set the line join style.



 $/\text{tikz/miter limit} = \underline{10} | \langle number \rangle$

option

When the ratio of the miter length to the line width is greater than \(number \), the miter join is replaced by a bevel. A miter limit $\ell = 1/\sin(\alpha/2)$ for $\alpha \in (0^{\circ}, 180^{\circ}]$ will create a bevel join for angles less than $\alpha = 2 \cdot \arcsin(1/\ell)$.

4.4 Dash Pattern

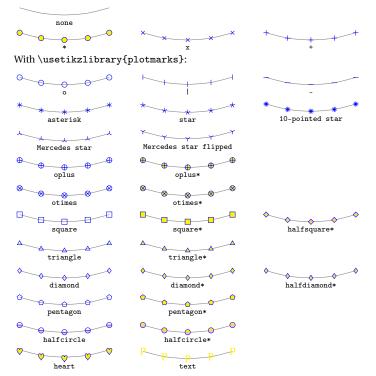
		style
		style
Predefined line styles.		

 \triangleright /tikz/dash pattern = $((on|off) \langle dimension \rangle)^+$ option Set the dash pattern (line style) for drawing lines, e.g., 'dash pattern = on 3.5mm off 0.7mm'.

 \triangleright /tikz/dash phase = Opt| $\langle dimension \rangle$ option Start the dash pattern at offset (dimension).

4.5 Markers

Standard markers:



```
All markers plotted with 
'mark options = {draw = blue, fill = yellow}' and
```

'mark options = {draw = blue, fill = yellow}'an
'mark color = pink'. You can rotate makers with, e.g.,

'mark options = {rotate = 90}'.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} $ \begin{tabular}{ll} $ \begin{tabular}{ll}$

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} $ $ \not \to \tikz/mark $ phase = \underline{1} | \langle integer \rangle $ & option \\ Draw the first marker at the $\langle integer \rangle$ th sample; $\langle integer \rangle$ is one based. \\ \end{tabular}$

▷ /tikz/mark indices = {} | {⟨comma-separated list of integers⟩} option
Explicit sample indices for drawing markers.
⟨comma-separated list of integers⟩ can contain . . . expressions, for example
'mark indices = {1, 2, . . . , 7}'.

> /tikz/mark options = {⟨options⟩}
Redefine 'every mark' so that it sets ⟨options⟩.

▶ /pgfplots/no markers style Disable markers; even for cycle lists that contain markers.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} $\triangleright \protect\pro$

▷ /pgf/text mark as node = false true option Whether or not to draw text markers as nodes.

▷ /pgf/text mark style = {⟨options⟩} option Customize the appearance of text markers. When 'text mark as node' is true, 'text mark style' are \node options. Otherwise, 'text mark style' are \pgftext options.

5 Color Data

5.1 Colors

Color support is provided by the xcolor package. Standard color names:



> /tikz/color = ⟨color⟩ option

Set the color for drawing and filling. You can omit the option key if $\langle color \rangle$ is a color name.

 $ightharpoonup / tikz/draw = \langle color \rangle$ option $ightharpoonup / tikz/fill = \langle color \rangle$ option

Set the color for drawing or filling respectively. You can use none as $\langle color \rangle$ to disable drawing or filling.

```
\definecolor{\langle name \rangle} {\langle model \rangle} {\langle spec \rangle}
 \langle model \rangle \rightarrow \texttt{rgb} \, | \, \texttt{cmy} \, | \, \texttt{cmyk} \, | \, \texttt{hsb} \, | \, \texttt{Hsb} \, | \, \texttt{gray} \, | \, \texttt{RGB} \, | \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} \, | \, \texttt{HTML} \, \downarrow \, \texttt{HSB} \, | \, \texttt{Gray} 
                       wave
 \langle rgb spec \rangle \rightarrow x, x, x
 \langle \text{cmy } spec \rangle \rightarrow x, x, x
 \langle \text{cmyk } spec \rangle \rightarrow x, x, x, x
 \langle hsb spec \rangle \rightarrow x, x, x
 \langle \text{Hsb } spec \rangle \rightarrow H, x, x
 \langle \mathsf{tHsb} \, spec \rangle \to H, \, x, \, x
 \langle \operatorname{gray} \operatorname{spec} \rangle \to x
 \langle RGB \ spec \rangle \rightarrow L, L, L
 \langle HSB \ spec \rangle \rightarrow M, M, M
 \langle \operatorname{Gray} spec \rangle \to N
 \langle \text{HTML } spec \rangle \rightarrow [000000_{16}, \text{FFFFFF}_{16}]
\langle \text{wave } spec \rangle \rightarrow [363, 814]
      x = [0, 1], H = [0, 360], L = [0, 255] \cap \mathbb{Z}, M = [0, 240] \cap \mathbb{Z}, \text{ and } N = [0, 15] \cap \mathbb{Z}. All
colors are defined in the sRGB color space. HSB is a synonym for HSL.
unired
                                                   unigreen
                                                                                              uniblue
                                                                                                                                              unigray1
   uniorange
                                                  unisea
                                                                                              univiolet
                                                                                                                                             unigray3
univellow
                                                                                                                                              unigray2
                                                   unicyan
                                                                                              unimagenta
unilawn
                                                   unisky
                                                                                                   unirose
                                                                                                                                              unigray3
 \definecolor{unired}{HTML}{D82F00}
 \definecolor{uniorange}{HTML}{DC7500}
 \definecolor{uniyellow}{HTML}{D8AB00}
 \definecolor{unilawn}{HTML}{7D9700}
 \definecolor{unigreen}{HTML}{007C00}
 \definecolor{unisea}{HTML}{00AC9B}
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 \definecolor{univiolet}{HTML}{B565FF}
 \definecolor{unimagenta}{HTML}{FF83FF}
 \definecolor{unirose}{HTML}{FF3687}
 \definecolor{unigray1}{HTML}{6C6C6C}
 \definecolor{unigray2}{HTML}{B6B6B6}
 \definecolor{unigray3}{HTML}{919191}
      These colors are perceptually uniform, i.e., the primary colors red, green, and
blue have similar lightness in the CIE L*a*b* color space. Likewise for the
secondary colors cyan, magenta and yellow. They also satisfy the RGB and CMY
color models. The gray levels have the same lightness as the primary, secondary,
and tertiary colors.
5.2 Color Maps
                                                                                                                                                                      option
▷ /pgfplots/colormap name = hot | ⟨color map name⟩
      Select a predefined color map.
▶ /pgfplots/colormap/viridis
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▷ /pgfplots/colormap/hot
                                                                                                                                                                         style
    /pgfplots/colormap/hot2
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▷ /pgfplots/colormap/cool
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▶ /pgfplots/colormap/blackwhite
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▶ /pgfplots/colormap/greenyellow
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▶ /pgfplots/colormap/redyellow
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▷ /pgfplots/colormap/jet
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▶ /pgfplots/colormap/bluered
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▷ /pgfplots/colormap/violet
                                                                                                                                                                         style
      Standard styles which install the corresponding color map.
▶ /pgfplots/colormap/gray
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▷ /pgfplots/colormap/bone
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▶ /pgfplots/colormap/copper
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▷ /pgfplots/colormap/copper2
                                                                                                                                                                         style
⊳ /pgfplots/colormap/sepia
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▷ /pgfplots/colormap/spring
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▶ /pgfplots/colormap/summer
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▶ /pgfplots/colormap/autumn
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▷ /pgfplots/colormap/winter
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▶ /pgfplots/colormap/cold
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▷ /pgfplots/colormap/temp
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▷ /pgfplots/colormap/thermal
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▷ /pgfplots/colormap/earth
                                                                                                                                                                         style
▷ /pgfplots/colormap/pink
                                                                                                                                                                         style
```

style

style

/pgfplots/colormap/bled

▷ /pgfplots/colormap/hsv

- ▶ /pgfplots/colormap/hsv2
- ▷ /pgfplots/colormap/bright
- ▷ /pgfplots/colormap/pastel



style

style

style Styles provided by \usepgfplotslibrary{colormaps} which install the corresponding color map.

- $ightharpoonup /pgfplots/color of colormap = (value) (of (colormap))^?$ option Set the color for drawing and filling from a color map. $\langle value \rangle$ is a number in the closed interval [0,1000]. $\langle color map \rangle$ is either a color map name or a color map style.
- > /pgfplots/const color of colormap = ⟨value⟩ → option $(of \langle color map \rangle)^?$

Like color of colormap but with piecewise constant interpolation.

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