

## PHYSICS 601

### Homework Assignment 5

1. In class we have derived Stirling's Formula for real  $S$ ,

$$S! \approx \sqrt{2\pi S} S^S e^{-S}.$$

Show that the same result holds for arbitrary complex  $z$  as well, namely

$$\Gamma(z + 1) = z! \approx \sqrt{2\pi z} z^{z+1/2} e^{-z}.$$

2. Repeat the derivation given in class of the result

$$I = \Gamma(a)\Gamma(1-a) = \int_0^\infty du \frac{u^{a-1}}{1+u} = \frac{\pi}{\sin \pi a}.$$

Use the substitution  $u = e^x$  to write  $I$  in the form

$$I = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} dx \frac{e^{ax}}{1+e^x}.$$

Integrate around the rectangular contour with the four corners at  $+R$ ,  $+R+i2\pi$ ,  $-R+i2\pi$ , and  $-R$ . Determine that the residue at  $z = i\pi$  is  $-e^{ia\pi}$ .

## PHYSICS 601

### Homework Assignment 6

1. Consider the error function

$$\operatorname{erf}(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^x e^{-t^2} dt .$$

- a) Develop an asymptotic series for  $\operatorname{erf}(x)$ . [Hint: look at  $1 - \operatorname{erf}(x)$  and develop this in a series by partial integration]
  - b) Show that this series is not uniformly convergent.
2. In class we developed asymptotic expansions for  $C_i(x)$  and  $S_i(x)$ . Rederive the same expansions by a series of partial integrations. [Hint: Recall that

$$C_i(x) + iS_i(x) = - \int_x^\infty \frac{e^{it}}{t} dt .$$