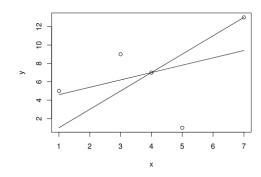


## Regression Exercises with R

```
1. Use R to calculate the example from pages 132-133.
> x < -c(1, 3, 4, 5, 7)
> y < -c(5, 9, 7, 1, 13)
> source("http://www.adjoint-functors.net/SDline.R")
> SDline(x, y)
$meanX=4, $meanY=7, $slope=2, $correlation=0.4
> linearModel <- lm(y\simx)
> summary(linearModel)
Coefficients:
            Estmate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
              3.800
                          4.733
                                  0.803
                                           0.481
              0.800
                          1.058
                                  0.756
                                           0.505
Residual standard error: 4.733 on 3 degrees of freedom
Multile R-squared: 0.16, Adjusted R-squared: -0.12
F-statistic: 0.5714 on 1 and 3 DF, p-value: 0.5046
```

- 2. Use R to plot the example from pages 132–133.
- > x < -c(1, 3, 4, 5, 7)
- > y <- c(5, 9, 7, 1, 13)
- > plot(x, y)
- > lines(x, 2\*x 1, type="l")
- > lines(x, 0.8\*x + 3.8, type="l")



- 3. Use the following to get the equation for the SD line of the cars data that is available in R.
- > SDline(cars\$speed, cars\$dist)
- > plot(cars\$speed, cars\$dist)

Add the SD line to your plot.

Use the following to get the regression line

> linearModel <- lm(cars\$dist~cars\$speed)</pre>

Add the regression line to your plot.



## Regression Exercises

1. Consider the following data.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{x:} & \text{average} \approx 100, \quad \text{SD} \approx 15 \\ \text{y:} & \text{average} \approx 110, \quad \text{SD} \approx 30, \quad r \approx 0.8 \end{array}$$

a) Predict the value of y if x = 85, x = 130 and x = unknown.

b) Predict the value of x if y = 95, y = 140 and y = unknown.

2. Consider the following data.

x: average 
$$\approx 10$$
, SD  $\approx 2$   
y: average  $\approx 12$ , SD  $\approx 6$ ,  $r \approx -0.2$ 

a) Predict the value of y if x = 6, x = 16 and x = unknown.

b) Predict the value of x if y = 18, y = 6 and y = unknown.

3. Consider the data from exercise 1.
a) Calculate the RMS error for regression.
b) Suppose $x = 85$ . In what range does 68% of the y-data fall?
c) Suppose $y = 140$ . In what range does 95% of the x-data fall?
of suppose g 1101 in that lange does 00% of the a data land
4. Consider the data from exercise 2.
a) Calculate the RMS error for regression.
a) Calculate the Italy circle for regression.
b) Suppose $x = 16$ . In what range does 68% of the y-data fall?
b) suppose $x = 10$ . In what range does $00\%$ of the $y$ data ran.
c) Suppose $y = 18$ . In what range does 95% of the x-data fall?
$c_j$ suppose $g=10$ . In what range does 30/0 of the $x$ -data lan: