## **WEB COMPONENTS**

Problems in current implementation

- Style markup
- Nesting of divs
- Undescriptive markup(Uses divs and spans)
- no native templates, each template has its own aprroach
- no bundling (bundling of html, css and js)
- no standards for building components

## WEB COMPONENT

- Templates
- Custom elements
- Shadow DOM
- Imports
- Bundling

## Supported in Chrome

http://jonrimmer.github.io/are-we-componentized-yet

Use Polyfill to get web components work in all modern browsers

Custom Elements <my-navigation>

Registering custom elements

1. Create a prototype

let slickTabs = Object.create(HTMLElement.prototype);
let slickButton = Object.create(HTMLButtonElement.prototype);

- 2. Register the new element via registerElement document.registerElement('slick-tabs');
- Use it by adding to DOM or using tag on page document.appendChild(new SlickTabs());
- 4. Extend a registered element

var xFooProto = Object.create(HTMLElement.prototype);

var xFooExtended = document.registerElement('x-foo-extended',
{ prototype: xFooProto, extends: 'x-foo']);

4 ways to instantiate the web component

- Markup
   my-component />
- 2. new Operator

```
var myNewComponent = new myComponent();
3. createElement
var myNewComponent = document.createElement('my-component');
4. innerHTML
el.innerHTML = '<my-component />';
Example:
<script>
var myComponentProto = Object.create(HTMLElement.prototype);
myComponentProto.createdCallback = function() {
 this.innerHTML = '<div> Hi </div>'
}
var myComponentEl = document.registerElement('my-component', {
  prototype: myComponentProto
})
</script>
Extending custom elements
Example:
<button is="my-button"/>
<script>
var myButtonProto = Object.create(HTMLButtonElement.prototype);
myButtonProto.createdCallback = function() {
 this.innerHTML = 'Hello';
 this.value = "Default Value";
 this.style.color = 'blue';
}
var myButtonProtoEl = document.registerElement('my-button', {
  prototype: myButtonProto,
  extends: 'button'
});
</script>
Lifecycle Callback Methods
createdCallback - called when instance is create
attachedCallback - called when instance inserted into DOM
detachedCallback - called when instance removed from DOM
attributeChangedCallback - called when attributes are added, removed or updated.
Naming approaches
1. X as a prefix
<x-gravatar>
2. Polyfill name
<polymer-gravtar>
```

Check component kitchen's library for existing web components and their naming conventions used

**Shadow DOM fundamentals** 

Scoping needs to be implemented

- to avoid accidental styling other parts of the page
- to avoid accidental styling of the web component by others
- to hide markup from accidental manipulation

Light DOM vs Shadow DOM (DOM - Document Object Model)
Logical DOM - Consists of both Light and Shadow
Shadow DOM - hides away the complexity of the page
Light DOM - DOM which we currently see

Shadow DOM encapsulates DOM Subtrees and styles
Existing elements
<iframe>
Clunky to read
Undescriptive
Excessive encapsulation
No clean API

<canvas>
Accessibility issues
SEO issues
cant easily compose
cant extend existing elements

Create Shadow DOM

- 1. Select shadow host
- 2. Create a shadow root